

International US & possessions

Including micro-exhibits of

Philippines Canal Zone Hawaii

I suggest reading the AR book (http://www.rfrajola.com/dh2019/1ar.pdf) first, for a general description of worldwide AR.

The other exhibits, mini- & micro-, are also downloadable from Richard Frajola's exhibit site, http://www.rfrajola.com/exhibits.htm

Higher resolution pdfs are possible but require a DVD; please contact me if interested.

Comments, suggestions, contributions welcomed.

This is version 1.1 of international Us, an update of the international Us exhibit, now including a few possessions. Puerto Rico will be done later (maybe); Danish West Indies is included in the Generalized Scandinavia exhibit. The domestic Us exhibit has also been updated, but is a separate file.

Among the improvements to this exhibit were Barry Jablon's pre-UPUAR cover (the fifth), a lot more AR cards, including some weird ones returned by air, a second AR card for an international insured (not registered) item, many more AR covers (especially airmail), an international money package,

The images for the incoming réclamation forms are now visible (no one seems to have commented on this), and the numerous typos and errors have been replaced by better ones. Comments were gratefully received from Tony Wawrukiewicz.

The Hawaii micro-exhibit shows the thus far unique Hawaiian AR form. A pre-GPU Spanish colonial period Philippines AR cover is courtesy of Geoff Lewis, RDP. George Campbell kindly supplied several images for the Canal Zone micro-exhibit; one appears here, but others may appear in the future, as I expand the scope.

David Handelman rochelle2@sympatico.ca April 2020

Version 1.2 (June 2023) A number of covering envelopes have been added, courtesy of Les Lanphear, and generally, many more covers are included. Domestic AR (RRR) can be found at http://www.rfrajola.com/DH2019/3ar.pdf

United States (international) AR service

OUNDING member of the GPU/UPU, it established compulsory return receipt (the US term for AR) service on registered domestic mail in 1863. The only evidence we have for pre-UPU international AR service comes from a postal treaty (effective 1868–69) with the North German Postal Union (NGU), which also seems to apply to Switzerland.

USAR service became a free option on registered mail with the NGU and Switzerland; it remained such when the GPU was formed (with AR becoming available between the founding 21 members), and when the Treaty of Bern applied, requiring AR service to be offered between all UPU-members. It remained free until 1925, and the US is one of very few to have had free AR service.

It also became available on non-registered international parcel post between some countries in the 1920s, but no examples have been seen of this use (although two corresponding A R cards are known).

- A R forms are pink sheets to be returned under cover
- A R covering envelopes are legal size envelopes
- when applicable, payment of AR fee in stamps is on the registered/insured item, not on the form or card For the purposes of the US (only), AR refers to the *international* service, while RRR (return receipt requested) refers to *domestic* service.

I would like to thank Les Lanphear for numerous images (noted as LL), especially of very early AR covering envelopes, from his penalty envelope collection.

Basic US rates

$dates \rightarrow$	63/7/1	69/1/1	74/1/1	75/7/1	83/10/1	85/7/1	93/1/1	09/11/1
domestic first class*	3/h	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	2/h	2	\rightarrow	\rightarrow
reg'n (domestic)	20	15	8	10	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	8	10
R R R fee	С	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow
restricted delivery	?	?	?	?	FO	\longrightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow
showing address	NA	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow
int'l first class* **	var	var	var	5/h	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	3/+2
reg'n (international)	var	var	var	10	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	8	10
A R fee	NA	NA/FO	FO	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow

	10/7/11	17/11/2	19/7/1	25/4/15	32/7/6	44/3/26
domestic first class*	2	3	2	\rightarrow	3	\rightarrow
reg'n (domestic)	10	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	15	\rightarrow	20
R R R fee	FO	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	3	\rightarrow	4
restricted delivery	FO	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	10***	20
showing address	NA	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	20***	27
int'l first class* **	3/+2	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\rightarrow
reg'n (international)	10	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	15****	\rightarrow	20****
A R fee	FO	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	5	\rightarrow	\rightarrow

Rates mostly compiled from [WB] & [BW]; some errors from there have been corrected, and undoubtedly some have been introduced. Dating system is year/month/day. All rates are in cents (¢). Airmail, drop, printed matter, extra indemnity, special delivery, after-the-fact, card returned by air, . . . not included.

^{* /}h per half ounce; otherwise per ounce in the domestic and international rows. Registration and RRR/AR fees are flat (independent of weight).

^{** 3/ + 2} is 3¢ per ounce plus 2¢, that is, 5¢ for the first ounce and 3¢ for each additional—this is the UPU rate; many countries (such as those in the Postal Union of the Americas and Spain, PUAS) had treaties with the US, resulting in domestic rate to them.

***Postricted delivery changed from free option to 10¢ of July 1034; showing address

^{***}Restricted delivery changed from free option to 10¢, 9 July 1934; showing address became available (20¢) on 18 March 1931; both required R R R.

^{****}International registration became 15¢ on 1 December 1925, about six months after

the corresponding rate change for domestic registration. This happened again when the domestic registration increased to 20¢ on 26 March 1944, but this increase only occurred for international registration on 1 February 1945.

C = compulsory, but no extra charge; NA = service not available; var = depends on destination; FO = free option on registered mail, & on insured from 1913.

International AR service

AR timeline

1868-69

Treaty with NGU; bilingual English-German AR forms to be used by all participants; AR is a free option from the US; sender is to endorse the envelope *return receipt demanded*; eventually replaced by *return receipt requested*, but many other terms are used

1875

Treaty of Bern; GPU formed; mutual AR service with all the founding members (in addition to any covered by treaty); AR still a free option

1 April 1879

From this date on, all entities, as they join the UPU, are to offer AR service with all other UPU members

late 1914

Domestic USRRR cards may be used to Canada, under some circumstances

circa 1922

AR forms replaced by AR cards, although the former can still be used

early 1920s

Insured parcels can be sent outside North America with AR to some places; no examples have been seen, although two corresponding AR cards exist

1925

AR becomes chargeable (5¢); the precise date, although given in various sources, is unclear, because there seems to have been confusion among postal clerks (as exemplified by covers in the exhibit)

late 1930s-early 1940s

Return of AR cards by air becomes possible, with payment of air mail rate (to destination of registered letter) on the card

Notes & Observations

- Just as (domestic) RRR service is extremely popular in the US, so is its international AR service; for most periods, it is the country for which international AR material is the most commonly seen.
- Normally senders would endorse the registered item with any of return receipt demanded/wanted/desired/required/requested,

the last one becoming more or less standard by the 1920s. On arrival at the port of exit from the Us (typically New York), covers were to be handstamped AR (if they weren't already), although this did not always occur.





USAR handstamp, one of many different styles. Wood with rubber stamp. At 120%.

International US AR: exhibit synopsis

HE US initiated domestic RR R service in 1863, and before 1874, had negotiated treaties with Germany and Switzerland for AR service between them. As a founding member of the UPU, the US was required to offer AR service within the initial UPU membership (1875), and from 1879, it was required to be available to all current UPU members. The earliest known international AR item to or from the US in the UPU period is an 1882 German AR form (shown here).

We begin with A R forms and covering envelopes, then A R cards, the early A R covers, with many destinations shown. Then the section showing combination of early airmail with A R, for which calculating the rates becomes a nightmare. Then, as with the domestic section, we have weird combinations: returned for fraudulent activities, postage due A R (much shorter than the domestic section), and two of the four known international wreck A R covers (the other two are not U S-related). We conclude with the one known U S international inquiry form.

International AR service was available (as a free option on registered mail) from at least as early as 1869; but in the UP Uperiod, the earliest incoming item in the is dated 1882, and the earliest outgoing is 1883. In 1892, the Treaty of Vienna required that AR forms be prepared in the country of *destination* (as opposed to what it had been, the origin). This changed the way things were done. It was reversed by the Treaty of Washington. We present examples to illustrate the consequences of these treaties, and in fact, they give direction to the study of early AR.

Around 1923 (a year later than most other countries), the US replaced AR forms by AR cards. It was one of a minority of countries that normally had no stamps on either its AR forms or its AR cards (exceptions arose for the later cards they were returned by air or were after-the-fact). In 1925, a fee of 5¢ was initiated for AR service (RRR was 3¢); this caused confusion for some months. There were no extra services, such as restricted delivery (or showing address), available on international AR covers, but this didn't stop senders from so endorsing the covers.

Organization of the international section: Forms & covering envelopes. We begin with an 1874 German A R form to the U S, one of four known pre-G P U/U P U incoming A R forms to the U S (all from Germany) and the discovery example; no outgoing forms are known. This is followed by the earliest incoming A R form in the G P U/U P U period (1878), also from Germany. It shows payment of the A R fee on the form, which was typical of most countries in that period. This is followed by an 1892 (pre-Vienna) improper use of a domestic R R R card returned from Mexico. There are several important pre-Vienna items courtesy of Les Lanphear, including the earliest U S A R form and the earliest U S A R covering envelope, and an 1880 inquiry noting that an A R form had not been returned from Montreal.

When the Treaty of Vienna applies (1892), we see USAR forms prepared for incoming registered letters and foreign AR forms returned to the US (in foreign covering envelopes) for registered letters from the US. In particular, the form and covering envelope combination is difficult to find, but we show one. Then one of the half dozen or so USAR forms for a registered cover to Canada in the Vienna period suggesting that there was an agreement between Canada and the US to reverse the Vienna rules for mail between them.

The Treaty of Washington (1899) altered procedures, and we show a German AR form returned in a US covering envelope. From 1899, if an AR form accompanying a registered letter were lost or damaged, the destination office was required to make up a replacement. Examples are rare, but we have one, a Chilean AR form, for a registered letter from the US to Chile (1903).

Three AR forms in the 1910s are known with watermarks; we show two, for a registered letter to China mailed from the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and a form with its original registered cover, that was held by the British for three years. Finally, in this section a last year of use AR form, considerably smaller than its predecessors.

Then we present many pages of AR cards, beginning with a very early (April 1923) example returned from Poland with Polish stamps erroneously applied, paying the Polish AR fee (in Poland, and most other countries at this time, the AR fee was paid on the card). We show examples to China, Guatemala, St Helena, Vatican City, Laurenço Marques, and Tuva.

Domestic RRR cards were permitted for use (but seldom seen) on registered letters to Canada (with some conditions), and we show several examples. Then we show unauthorized uses of domestic RRR cards to Newfoundland and New Zealand, and a particularly weird one returned from the Netherlands, with a stamp applied unnecessarily.

US AR cards returned by airmail are rare. We show two examples, violating the rules (by having stamps applied to pay the air mail fee), and a couple of others, which have weirdness indices of 10.

The two known US examples of an international AR card on an insured parcel (rather than a registered item) are shown.

A R covers Four pre-U P U U SA R covers are known (possible only to Germany or Switzerland); we present the 1871 example; this possibility was previously unreported. Barry Jablon has kindly contributed images of his 1869—70 example. Four or five A R covers from the US are known in 1883 (the earliest in the U P U period), and we show two of them. The earliest known A R cover to the US is also in 1883, and is remarkable in other respects (addressed to a prisoner at Fort Leavenworth who escaped and the cover returned to sender). Still in the pre-Vienna period, we have A R covers to Denmark, Paris, and the earliest non-Hechler A R cover to Canada (from anywhere).

In the Vienna period (1892–98), we have an AR cover to Guernsey, the earliest AR cover to the British Isles; also to Netherlands and Finland. The treatment of AR changed in this period; the AR fee now had to be prepaid on the cover (formerly, from the German states, the AR fee would have been paid on the form, as on the 1878 example). We also have a transiting example, Nicaragua to Mexico, via the exchange point at Eagle Pass (TX) with its scarce registration etiquette.

In 1899 (Treaty of Washington and beyond), the rules changed again. An AR cover to Hungary, and a very heavy (octodectuple rate) to Australia are shown. The only example I know of for printed matter with RRR next appears, followed by a remailed cover, originally domestic, then remailed to UK. An unusual official AR cover to Canada (postage paying only the registration fee) exemplifies a Canada-US treaty matter governing free mail. A couple of other treaty rates covers are shown, to Mexico, and a much travelled cover to a dead Canadian soldier in UK.

We also see AR cover from New York to Samara (Russia) arriving during the October (1917) revolution, eventually returned to sender.

A run-down A R cover form the American office in Shanghai, transitting New York, to UK is exhibited. Among other things, the British endorsement on reverse shows that the accompanying A R form went missing and so a replacement would have to have been prepared.

When AR became chargeable (April 1925), there was confusion among clerks, and we show examples in August–October, the first with correct postage, the other three missing various fees (including AR).

Then there are several AR covers to Africa (one via South America!).

AR with airmail We show a few early airmail & RRR combinations, including to French West Africa (1927). In 1939, transatlantic airmail became an expensive option, and a several examples are shown.

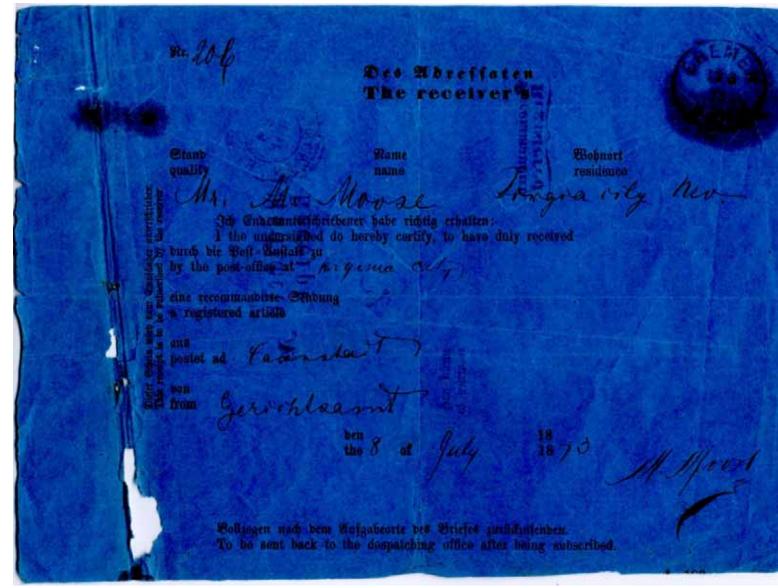
Postage due A R One shortpaid, one incoming from Mexico during their civil war, during the brief period when the US did not recognize the validity of any Mexican stamps, and a more or less normal due cover charged for poste restante in China.

Wreck AR One of the two known US-involved wrecked international AR covers is presented; to England in 1917, recovered from a torpedoed steamer.

Inquiry The one known international inquiry form from the US (1914) appears. The weird provisional inquiry with two 1900 German AR forms concludes the exhibit.

AR forms & covering envelopes

Earliest AR form to US. An 1868 treaty, effective 1869, between the US and North German Union implemented AR service and required bilingual (German-English) AR forms. Somewhat primitive English on this form. No pre-UPU US international AR forms are known.



German AR form, Cannstatt (now part of Stuttgart in Württemberg) to Virginia City (NV), 1873. Properly signed; addressed to Mr M Moose, but signed M Moost. Although there are US marks on reverse, form likely returned under cover. Via Bremen and New York (red double circle registered handstamp on reverse). Germany did charge a fee for AR, but evidently it was applied to the registered letter at this time.

Incoming AR form to the US in the pre-UPU period

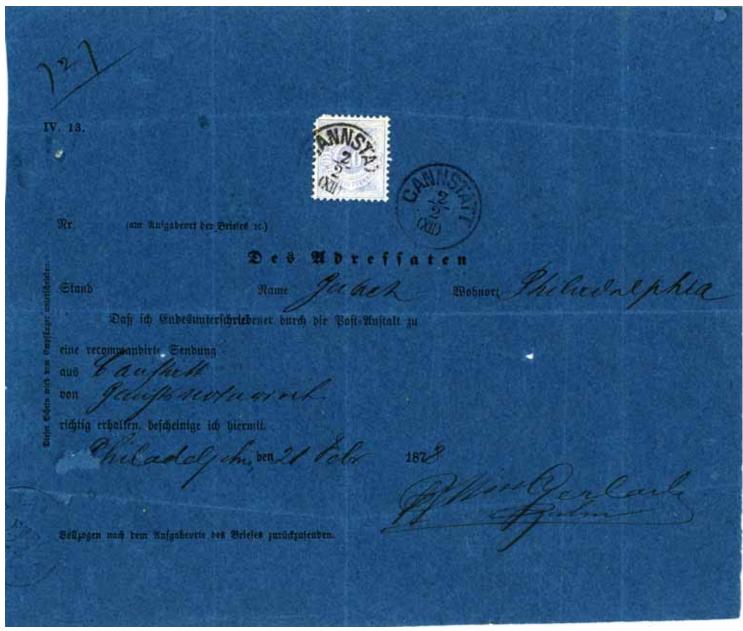
Four examples reported of AR forms to the US in the pre-UPU period. Similar, but not identical, to the 1873 example.

100 07 25.36.	
як. 91.	
Des Abressaten	
The receiver's	
Stand Mr. Allbythmet J. Lies Bohnort residence	Stone Pa)
3dy Endesunterichriebener habe richtig erhalten: 1 the undersigned do hereby certify, to have duly received by burch die Post-Office at Concerned 1 the post-office at	
e gene recommandirte Sendung	
as and Canno La Harias	
ge from Jerich no harries	
ben 29 Lecember 187 4	
Bollzogen nach dem Aufgabeorte des Briefes zurückzusenden.	28.
To be sent back to the despatching office after being subscribed.	A. 109.

German AR form, Cannstatt to Altoona (PA), 1874. Properly signed. This and the previous form were bilingual (although sesquilingual is more accurate), in accordance with the 1868 treaty between the US and German states.

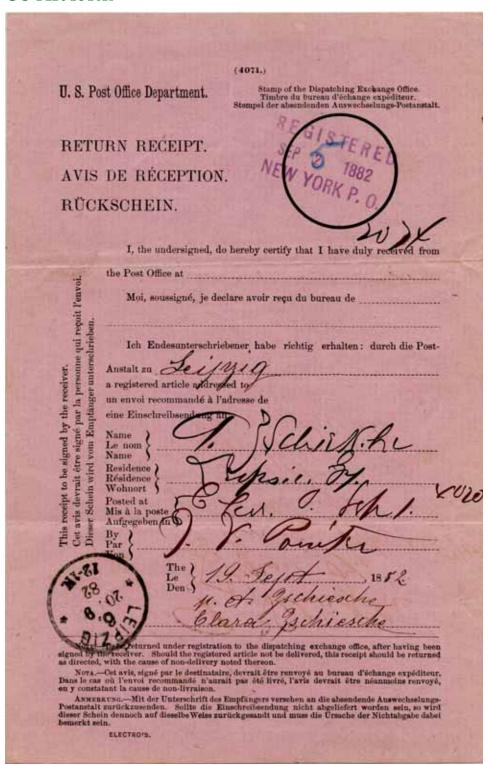
Incoming AR form in UPU period

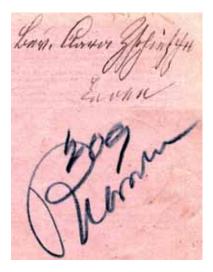
Earliest recorded to the US in the UPU period. Also from Cannstatt, this time with unilingual German AR form (intended for German-speaking countries; known used domestically and to Switzerland); possibly returned as folded letter sheet.



German AR form, Cannstatt to Philadelphia, 1878. Properly signed. German AR fee paid by 20 Pf stamp.

Rüdschein No	
desgurnd nach	← On reverse, manipulated to remove the blue background.
Recommandirt. Hurttemberg	



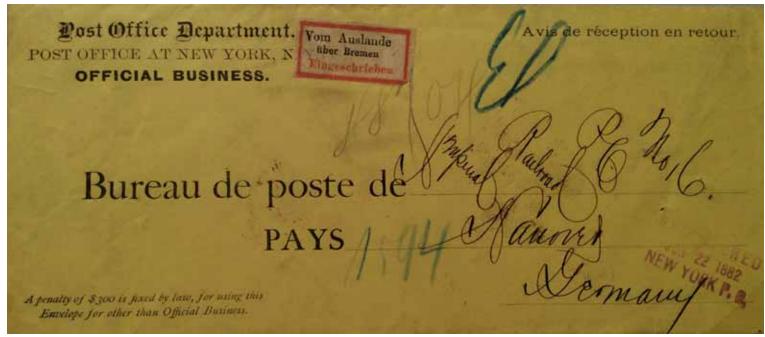


Leipzig—New York, 1882. US AR form, originally accompanying a registered letter from Cleveland to Germany (form prepared at port of exit, New York), now returned (under cover) signed, to sender of registered letter. Earliest known US AR form.

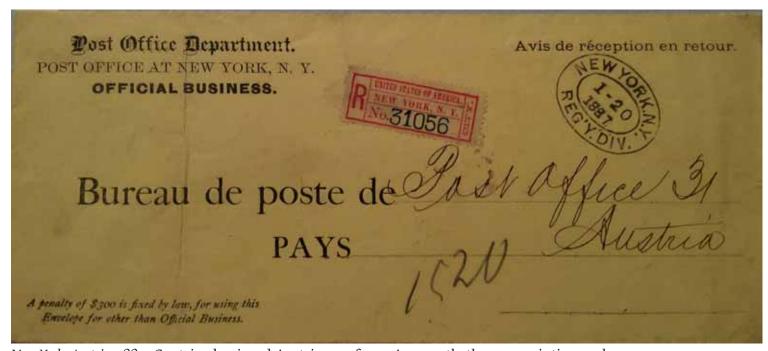


A R forms were returned to the post office of origin, in this case, Cleveland. From there, the form was put in a penalty cover addressed to the sender.

Courtesy of Les Lanphear (LL)



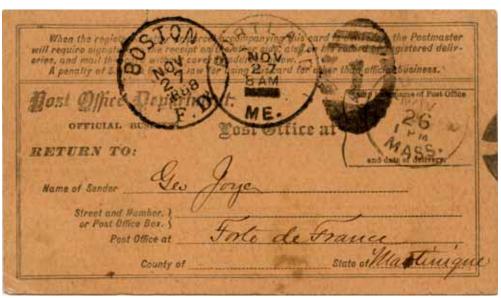
New York—Imperial Railroad PO No 6, Hanover (Germany), 1882. Contained a signed German AR form back to the sender of a registered letter from Germany to US. Printed **Avis de réception en retour**. Earliest known US AR covering envelope.



New York—Austria, 1887. Contained a signed Austrian AR form. Apparently the same printing as above.

Domestic R R R card returned to sender abroad

For a domestic registered letter mailed from Portland (Maine) to Gloucester (Massachussetts). The sender knew he would be in Fort de France, Martinique.



US domestic RRR card returned to sender in Martinique, 1888. Properly signed.

REGISTRY RETURN RECE	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 I	No 24	, 18 88
Reg. No. 1614 from P	ost Office at In	Claud "	tue
	Ele	uceeler	Hear
After obtaining receipt below and without;	, the Postmaster will ostage, to midress o	Il mail this Card, w	thout cover
RECEIVED THE ABOVE		Charles and the second	7.
(ARRESTS WANT OF STREET STOR.)		The state of the s	
	E Will		121
Sign on dotted lines	E Words		121

Improper use of domestic RRR card for international AR

Use of domestic cards for international AR was expressly forbidden, with the exception of mail to Canada, and the latter only permitted from 1915.

REGIST	TRY RETU	JRN REC	EIPT sent	the	7		. 1892
Reg. I	to. 2	from	Post Office		cutt		
Rep. 1	Addres	sed to	Guston	e Sch xico	cibe	Box:	3.44
ang, eur	OH S		Me	xica	Leity.		
				Will Will			
			The same of	ED REGIST	1 to 1	ETTER.	114
CHESTIN	IN'S MANK ON	MINE SUPER	6/6	X	enes		
	on dotted l	nes /	1 4	Kun	neg		
When di	drenty is made	and touth	(H		-0		
William Co.		+ 100000	letter or mired	according to visi	els by market		

US domestic RR R card used for a registered letter to Mexico, April 1892. Mailed from Orcutt (CA), a small town (unincorporated to this day) in San Diego County. Mexico City **C** (certificado) registration rectangle. Properly signed. Only known example of this type of improper use prior to 1915.

When the registered letter or parcel accompanying this card is will require signature to the receipt on the other side, also on his reries, and mail this card without cover to address below. A penalty of \$300 is fixed by law for using this card for other	
Post Office Department. OFFICIAL BUSINESS. Post Office at	Stamp here name of Post Office
RETURN TO: Name of Sender Charles & Orc	and date of delivery.
Street and Number, to Post Office Box. S	
county of Lan Diege s	tate of Cal

The sender, Charles Russell Orcutt (1864–1929), was a noted naturalist, collecting plants and molluscs. He married a few months after this was sent.

Inquiry concerning return receipt not returned from Canada

From the Bristol (MA) postmaster to the Boston PM about not having received the return receipt on a registered letter to Montreal. Although Canada had adopted AR (March 1879), it was probably so unfamiliar that the Montreal post office didn't know what to do with it (a situation that is still true in Canada 140 years later).

12/m (3856) W15/
REGISTRY CIRCULAR OF INQUIRY.
Mount Print
Flost Office, Westfort Point
STATE, Mass.
To the Postmaster at Boston May.
SIR: Registry Bill for Registered Letter No. 15
addressed to Hamily Herald Bublishing Consent you from this office in Registered Package No. 14
on the 26 th day of Hebricary 1880.
Please state below whether you have or have not received the Regis.
tered Package with its contents as above described, and return this
circular to me immediately. The Magistry Bill was
Respectfully, from The votrent
A.H. Corry
OF Stuarter.
REFLY. O MAR E
The Rose letter referred Rick, 1880 11
towas for hoursed to TOREY P.
Montreal Jety 28/10 in Pres Eir 47 5
are no relevant bearing
from montreal - al Dobey on

Inquiry to Boston about return receipt, 17 March 1880. The return receipt for a registered letter sent to the Family Herald Publishing Company in Montreal on 26 February had not been received at the office of origin. It would have come via Boston, hence the inquiry.

The Registry Bill was received, but no receipt from Montreal.

—AH Corey
Postmaster

REPLY

The letter referred Mch [March] 17 was forwarded to Montreal Feby 28/80 in Pkg Ex 4757, and ackd. There are no return receipts from Montreal.

—ES Tobey PM

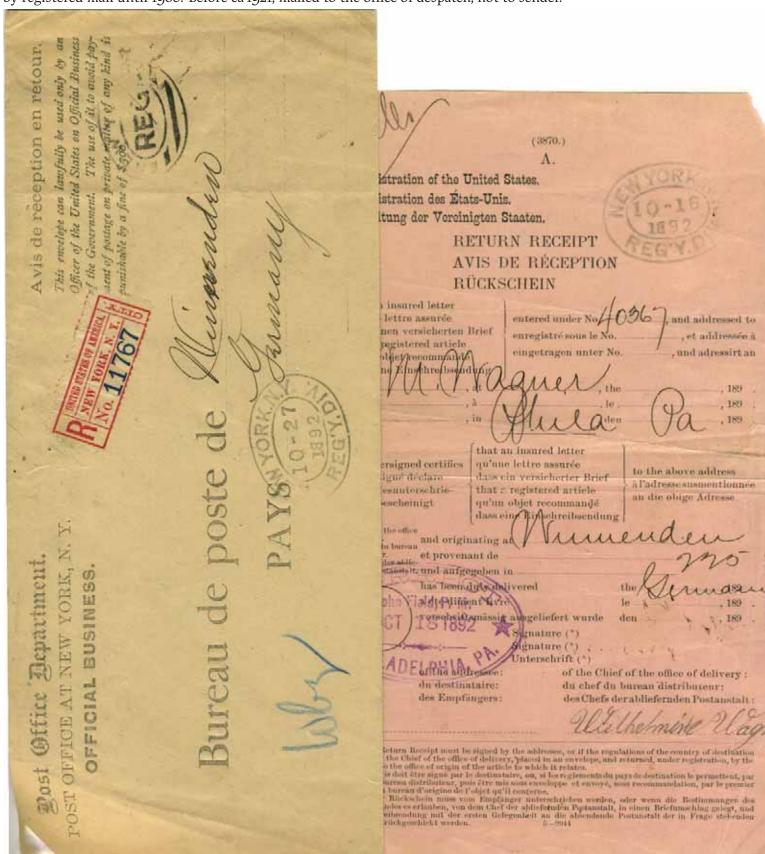
Whether the final sentence means that in general, Montreal does not return AR forms, or whether it refers to just this one instance, is unclear.

Covering envelope for the return of this inquiry, below.



Treaty of Vienna (1892–1898)

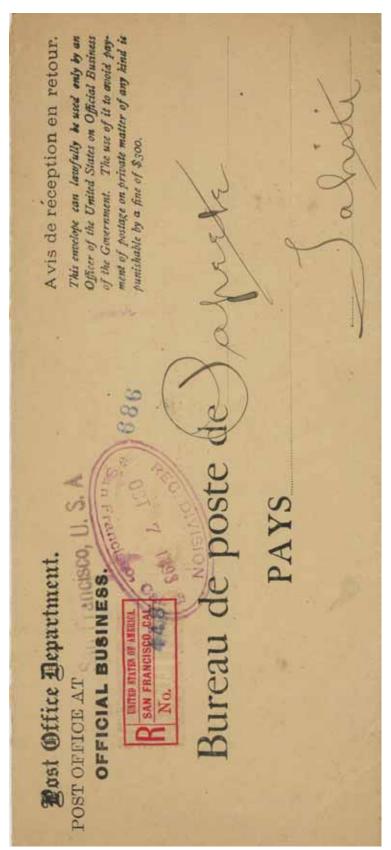
In effect 1 July 1892–31 December 1898; A R forms prepared in country of *destination* of registered letter. Forms returned by registered mail until 1908. Before ca 1921, mailed to the office of despatch, not to sender.



US AR form & covering envelope for registered letter Germany—US, 16 October 1892. The registered letter was addressed to Philadelphia, but the form was prepared at New York (en route to P), and on the way back was placed in the covering envelope for mailing to Germany.

The accent on the first e of réception is wrong.

Covering envelope to Tahiti (Vienna period)



San Francisco to Papeete, 1893. Accent on réception has been corrected. San Francisco registration label.



181	
N° 514. (Ont. 1895Ecu 151.) RÉPUBLIQUE FRANÇAISE.	
ADMINISTRATION DES POSTES ET DES TÉLÉGRAPHES.	
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION AVIS DE RÉCEPTION	
Le soussigné déclare qu'un propriée déclarée provenant de la Solution Ches	
ADMINISTRATION DES POSTES DE FRANC	E. / //
ENVOLA L'ÉTRANGER: D'UN AN ON MICEPTION OU DE PAYEMENT, f'uns demands le streit de correspondance ou de payement, out d'un objet revêtu de timbres poste présume fauduleur.	
(i) Lettre, boite, olijel. (a) Date da dépôt d'après le (b) Date da dépôt d'après le (c) Nors. — Cet avis doit être envoyé d'aix le re recomme d'aix d'arigin d'aix le re recomme d'aix le recomme d'ai	Lon
and the second of the	82

French AR form & covering envelope for registered letter, Dayton—Paris, 1897. Both refer to 181.

Covering envelopes (semi-provisional)

All-purpose penalty covers were used



Covering envelope for British AR form returned to Glasgow (misspelled), 1893. Handstamped A.R.

Post Office Department.

Post Office At Philadelphia Pa.

Official Business.

Contains Return Receipt.

POSTMASTER,

Mossach

COUNTY,

No. 36615

REG. Business.

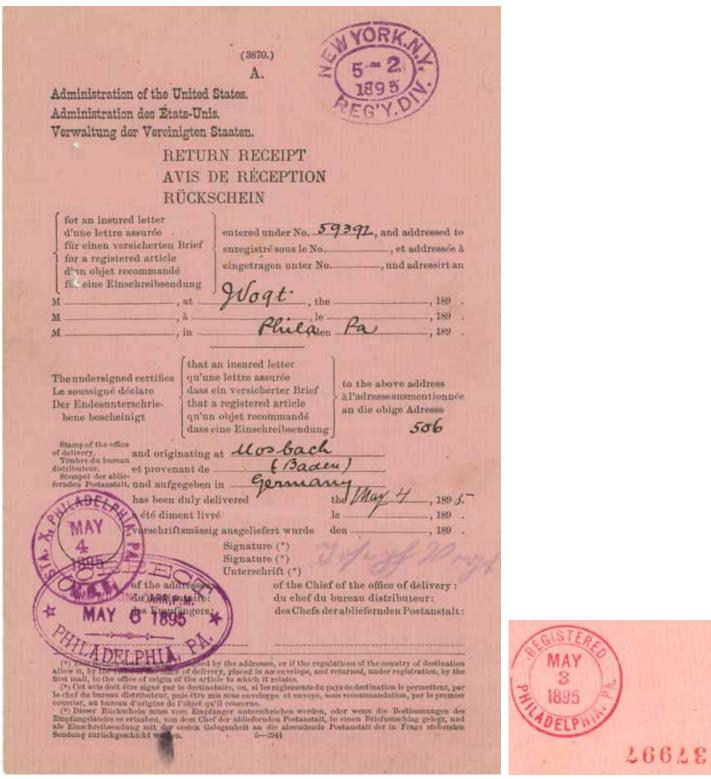
This envelope can locate with the medical only by an Officer of the United State in Official state in Officer of the United State in Officer of the

Covering envelope for German AR form, 1897. Handstamped Contains Return Receipt. and REGISTRY DIVISION.

TT

Treaty of Vienna period, form for letter to US

Form prepared at port of entry, New York.



US AR form, 1895. Refers to letter from Mossbach (Baden, Germany) to Philadelphia. Postmarked at New York 2 May 1895, then at Philadelphia the next day, then signed and postmarked on the following day (4 May), and the Philadelphia PM applied the Correct datestamp on the return trip to New York, where it would have been enclosed in a covering envelope addressed to the office of origin.

Treaty of Vienna period, form for letter to US

Form prepared at port of entry, New York.

115
200
3870.
A. ORACA
Administration of the United States.
Administration des États-Unis.
Verwaltung der Vereinigten Staaten.
RETURN RECEIPT
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION
RÜCKSCHEIN
for an insured letter
d'une lettre assurée entered under No. , and addressed to
für einen versicherten Brief anverdetré sons le Na
for a registered axiele d'un objet recommandé eingetragen unter No. , und adressirt an
für eine Einschreibsendung
M Currica Henre, 189.
M , à , le , 180 .
M , in
- the cay),
The undersigned certifies qu'une lettre assurée
Le soussigné déclare dass ein versicherter Brief to the above address
Der Endesunterschrie- that a registered article an die obige Adresse
bene bescheinigt qu'un objet recommandé dasseine Einschreibsendung
Stamp of the office 3
of delivery. And originating at the vertical control of the bureau
Stempel der ablie a e t
has been duly delivered the CT 12 , 189
a été dûment livré le 1, 189
vorschriftsmässig ausgeliefert wurde den 2180 .
Signature (*)
Signature (*) Unterschrift (*)
of the addressee: of the Chief of the office of delivery:
du destinataire: du chef du bureau distributeur
des Empfängers: des Chefs der abliefernden Postanstalt:
Min Emma Benz.
(*) THE LOTTING SEASONALLY Strong Strate of the regulations of the country of destination
(*) The heturn the office of the united by the still story of the regulations of the country of destination allow it, by the Chief of the utilice of delivery, placed in an envelope, and returned, under registration, by the first mail, to the office of origin of the article to which it relates.
le chef du bureau distributeur, suis etre mis sous enveloppe et enveyé, sous recommandation nar le premitre.
courrier, au bureau d'origine de l'objet qu'il concerne. (*) Dieser Rückschein muss vom Empflinger unterschrieben werden, oder wenn die Bestimmungen des Empflangelandes ex erhanben, von dem Chef der abliefernden Postanstalt, in einem Briefumschlag gelegt, und als Kingeleinen mit des ersten Gelegenheit.
als Einschreibsendung mit der ersten Gelegenheit an die absendende Postanstalt der in Frage alehenden Sendung zuruckgeschickt werden, 5-2944

US AR form, 1898. Refers to letter from Trossingen (Germany) to Pierce City (OH).

Treaty of Vienna period; registered letter from US to Canada

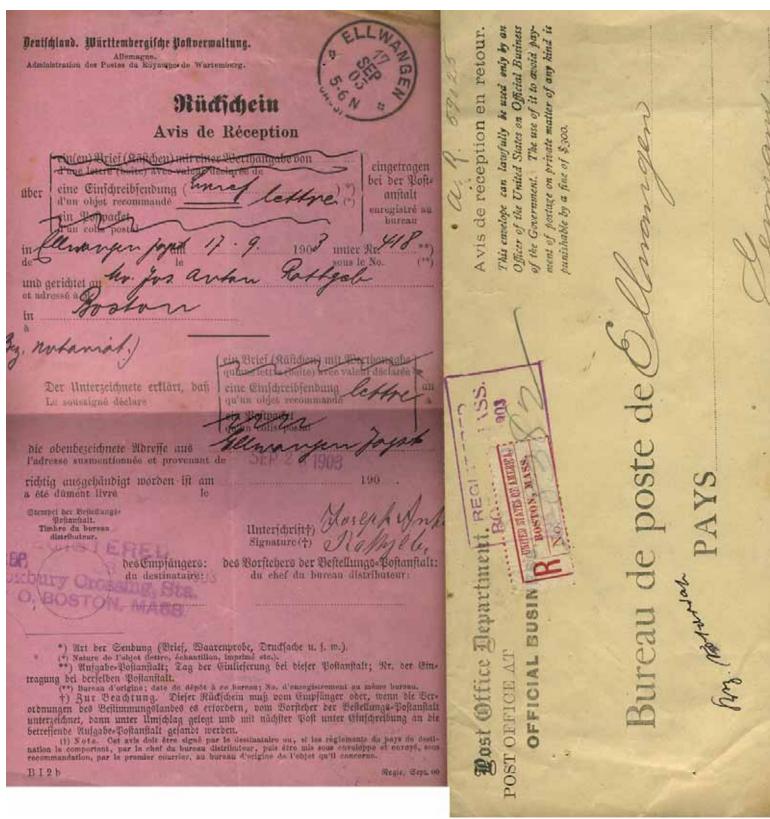
Canadian AR form required by treaty; however, evidence (about seven other US—Canada AR forms, and one Canada—US AR form in the Vienna period) suggests there was an agreement between Canada & US to prepare the forms in the country of origin. This one was prepared at the exchange point.

/3870.) A ^{Ma}	
U. S. Post Office Department.	
RETURN RECEIPT	
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION	er er
RÜCKSCHEIN 1047	This space is reserved on counterpart for particulars connected with dispatch of registered piece.
for a registered article entered under No, and addressed to	of registered piece.
d'un objet recommandé enregistré sous le No. , et addressé à	
für eine Zinschreibsendung No, an	
M (athour, a Dupply, and or 18	
M, le	nak Ro
M Jin Vancourver - Blas	2 dress
- Canada	A Salar To
Stamp of the offices of origin. The undersigned certifies that a registered article to the above address	is all os
Timbre du bareau Le soussigné déclare qu'un objet recommandé à l'adresse susmen-	8 COMP S
Der Endesunterschriebene bescheinigt dass eine Einschreibsendung an die obige Adresse	6 DEN DE
and originating at ay on , has been duly	36 38 6
Deprovenant de 1/7 - An # 134 , a été dûment	0 600
wurde vorschrifts müssig	5 4 70
Stamp of the office delivered the	
of delivery. Timbre du burnea livré le, 18	a la
Stampel der abs. Gernden Frankritisch abgedie ferte den , 18	9 7 2 7 8 3
SIAN Signature (*) Laurence Kep	
Signature (*) Unterschrift (*)	12 y 3 - 3
of the office of delivery:	14000000000000000000000000000000000000
du destinataire: du chef du bureau distributeur: des Chefs der abliefernden Postan-	1
Tradition state:	
(*) This Beturn Receipt must be signed by the addresses, or if the regulations of the country of destination	
allow it, by the Chief of the office of delivery, placed in an envelope, and returned under registration by the first mail. (*) Oct avis delt être signé par le destinataire ou, el les règlements du pays de destination le permettent, par	
courrier. (6) Dissaw Riicheshein mans von Empfenger unterschrieben werden oder were Mr. Resissance in	
Empfangslandes es erlauben von dem Chaf der abliefernden Postanstalt, in einen Briefumechlag gelegt, und als Einschreibsendung mit der senten Gelegenbalt zurück geschickt werden.	

US AR form & receipt for registered letter, US to Canada, 1897. Dayton (OH) to Vancouver (BC). Unusually, Customs Canada oval applied. Form prepared at St Paul (MN), obviously the border-crossing point. Form and receipt both refer to original #134. Properly signed and returned.

Treaty of Washington and beyond (1899–)

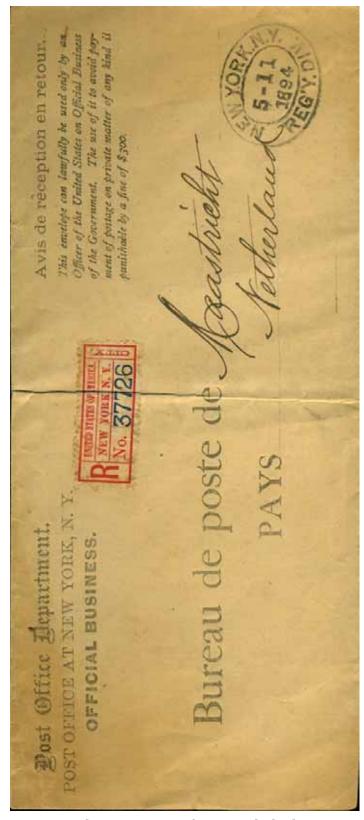
AR service was treated as before the Vienna period—forms prepared at office of *origin* of registered letter.



German AR form & US covering envelope for registered letter Germany—US, 1903. The registered letter was addressed to Boston, mailed with German AR form from Ellwangen. Accent on réception (on the covering envelope) has been corrected. Boston foreign registration etiquette.

Covering envelopes

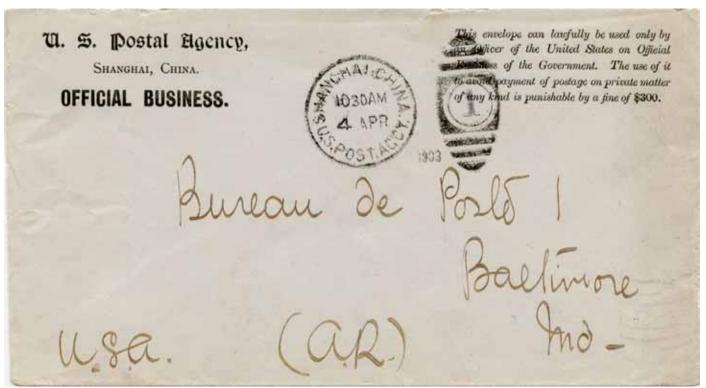
Left, in the Vienna period, returned a US AR form to the sender (of the registered item) in the Netherlands; right, after the Treaty of Washington was implemented, returned a German AR form to the sender.





Covering envelopes returning AR forms to Netherlands & Germany, 1894 & 1906. Accent on réception is wrong at left, corrected at right. Printed text differs considerably.

Semi-provisional covering envelope returned from US office in Shanghai



US post office in Shanghai to Baltimore, 1903. With ms (A.R.). Not returned as registered matter, which is very unsual for covering envelopes in this period. Only reported AR covering envelope of a US office in China.

—LL



Replacement form

In the post-Vienna period (that is, 1899 or later), AR forms were normally sent attached to the registered letter. If the form were lost or damaged, a replacement had to be prepared. In this case, a registered letter from Philadelphia was mailed to Santiago (Chile) on 14 March. Since the form is Chilean, *not* American (as would have accompanied the registered letter), it must be a replacement. Normal Chilean AR material would have the AR fee paid on the form, but there is no fee in this case, as it was a replacement.

Replacement AR forms are very rare; perhaps fewer than 10 are known worldwide for international AR.

de una carta con vi	AVISO leur déclarée de	enregistré au bures	NII IA
de Jula del pina de	m L A.	Maigo 1972 190 sous le	N.º 160-42842 (2)
et adressé à M	helm Wolme	h of en	Linela
	Le soussigné déclare	qu'une lettre avec valeur décl	arée à l'adresse arado a la direccion
Timbre du Bureau dis	El que avacribe declara tributeur	qu'en objet recommandé qu'an objeto certificado	susmentionnée arriba indicada
Timbre de la Oficina des			a été dûment ha sido debidamente
WSANTA I	livré le 17	de Ahil 1902	A 199.
600		Signature (3) Firma	
THE STATE OF THE S	du destinat del destinat	Hohas e del jefo de la	reau distributeur oficina destinataria
1) Nature de l'objet (le	ttre, échantillon, imprimé, etc.)	alakatah lalat 💛 — samu manyana	

Replacement AR form for registered letter to Chile, 1902. Properly signed and returned under cover to the sender of the registered letter in Philadelphia.

Forwarded AR form

AR forms were sent from the destination office to the post office of origin; the latter was required to send it to the sender of the registered item. In this case, the sender had moved to Mexico, so the form was forwarded in a US penalty envelope.

1) 11 of 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Administration of the United States. B.
RETURN RECEIPT. AVIS DE RÉCEPTION.
d 09371 Proc
for a registered article (1) (1) entered at the office of d'un objet recommandé (1) enregistré au bureau de
Salveston Lette 5-1-03 under No. 4262 (2),
et adressed to M. Aprenger at Berlin Genny
Stamp of the office of delivery. Timbre da bureau distributeur. The undersigned certifies that a registered letter to the above address and originating at Le soussigné déclare qu'un objet recommandé à l'adresse susmentionnée et provenant de
has been duly delivered the 190 n été dûment livré le 190 SIGNATURE (3)
of the addressee: du destinataire: du chef du bureau destinataire:
(1) Nature of the anticle (letter, sample, print, etc.) (1) Nature de l'objet (letter, échantillon, imprimé, etc.) (2) Office of origin; date of mailing at that office; No. of entry at said office. (2) Bureau d'origine; date dépôt à ce bureau; No. l'enregistrement au nouvelle de l'entre de l'entr
par le chef du bureau distributeur, puis être mis sous enveloppe et envoyé, sous recommandation, par le premier courrier, au bureau d'origine de l'objet qu'il concerne.
Post Office Department. A genully of \$300 is fixed by law for using
POST OFFICE, GALVESTON, TEX
OFFICIAL BUSANESSION. TEX. OFFICIAL BUSANESSION. TEX.
(No. 1-A.)
No18"
~ Cawabe
Monterey
Hotel Baron mex

AR form to Canada

These are remarkably scarce, considering the amount of mail between the two countries. This particular one was mailed by the $u\,s$ Dead Letter Office.

Form 3	870. Sump of dispatching office.
Administration of United States of America.	Timbre da bungan expéditour.
Administration des États-Unis d'Amérique.	C 3 cm
RETURN	PECEIPT SP O
AVIS DE RÉ	11/100 / 4/
	The state of the s
for a letter with declared value of	A A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT
d'une lettre avec valeur déclarée de	
d'un objet recommandé (
ofthe	
mailed by M Hammelmon	Dead Lectu Office
expédiée par M	
and addressed to MMW A. & Duan	exercise annakis
	Justic Canada
(complete address)	
The undersigned declares that a letter w	ith declared value / to the above mostloyed address and
that a register of that a register	ith declared value to the above-mentioned address, and ed article ttre avec valeur déclarée à l'adresse susmentionnée, et et recommandé
Examp of delivering office. Timbre de barean distributed, originating at	
Timbre de barela distributed, originating at provenant de Ala Carlo	was dan Mi a été dûment
delivered the	, 190
Hvré le	Septembre 190
Signature (3) of the addresses; Signature (5) of the addresses;	Signature (3) of the postal official of the office of delivery: Signature (3) de l'ogent de mirroan distributour:
100 This a Sur ackens	rush MTM
	allyvolan
(1) Nature of the article (letter, sample, print, etc.). (1) Nature de l'objet (lettre, échantillon, imprimé, etc.).	aux/
(1) Nature de l'objet (lettre, échantillon, imprimé, etc.). (2) Office of origin; date of mailing at that office; registration No. of that off (2) Surrous d'origine; date de dépôt à ce burron; No. d'enregistrement au m	ion bureau.
(5) Nove—This receipt must be signed by the addresses or, if the regulation delivery, then placed in an envelope and sent by the first mail to the office of origing (3) Nove—Cet axis doi: être signé par le destinataire ou, si les régionnents :	in pays de destination le comportent, pur l'agent du bureau distributeur, puis
étre mis sous enveloppe et envoyé par le premier courrier, en buruau d'origine de	Pobjet qu'il concerne. 5—4172

Washington—Abenakis Springs (a popular resort in Quebec), 1908. Six days for the return trip.



Form 2870. Stamp of dispatching office. Timbre du bureau expéditeur.
Administration of United States of America.
Administration des États-Unis d'Amérique.
D NIV
RETURN RECEIPT
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION
for a letter with declared value of
d'une lettre avec valeur déclarée de entered at the office
for a registered article (
d'un objet recommandé () (1)
of Slatian A, Wordsler, Mathe NOV 13 1911 , 190 , under No. 12. 84 (2)
mailed by M The Washburn Shops. , 190 : For In 190 (2) expédiée par M and addressed to M Schuchardt & Schutter St. Peters burg
mailed by M 'The Frashburn Shops. W. T. J.
expédiée par M P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P
and addressed to M Ochsich aroll & Ochullat St. Peters burg
et adressé à M Russiq!
(complete address)
(adresse complète)
The undersigned declares } that a letter with declared value { to the above-mentioned address, and
Le soussigné déclare qu'une lettre avec valeur déclarée à l'adresse susmentionnée, et
Stamp of delivering office. Timbre du bureau distributeur. originating at has been duly
provenant de pro gol. not. a été dûment delivered the pro gol. not.
pivré le Jahon 190
Signature (3) of the addresses: Signature (3) of other postal official of the office of delivery:
Bignatus 19) de l'agent du bureau distributeur:
(1) Nature of fortunities (letter, sample, print, etc.). (1) Nature de l'objet (lettre, échantilion, imprimé, etc.).
(2) Office of origin; date of maling at that office; registration No. of that office. (2) Bureau d'origine, date de dépôt à co tureau; No. d'enregistrement au même bureau.
delivery they placed in a cavelone and sent by the shifteness of it the regulations of the country of destination permit it, by the postal official of the effice of delivery they placed in a cavelone and sent by the delivery of colors of the country of the state of the country of destination permit it, by the postal official of the effice of
(7) Nora.—Cet aris dott étre signs par le destinataire ou, si les règlements du gays de destination le comportent, par l'agent du bureau distributeur, pais etre mis some enveloppe et envoyé par le premier courrier, au bureau d'origine de l'objet qu'il concerne.
5—4172

Worcester (MA)—St Petersburg, 1911. Six days for the return trip.





From Russia with watermark

One of three known examples of USAR forms printed on watermarked paper; outline italic *ROLLE* (continues beyond edge of form).

Form 3870. Stamp of dispatching office. Timbre du bureau expéditour.
Administration of United States of America.
Administration des États-Unis d'Amerique.
RETURN RECEIPT
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION
for a letter with declared value of
d'une lettre avec valeur déclarée de entered at the office
for a registered article () (1) enregistre du bureau
d'un objet recommandé () (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (3) (2) (4)
omegiled by M A DO at a solo life (2)
ornédiée day M
and addressed to M & Masa Gregoriansu
et adressé à M. C. a. M. A. C. A. C.
(complete address)
(adresse complète)
The undersigned declares } that a letter with declared value { to the above-mentioned address, and
To conssigné déclare (qu'une lettre avec valeur déclarée)
Stamp of delivering office. (41 dir object 12 ommande
the the the the the the the the
delivered the
Hvré le 15 Cetty 18
Signature (3) of the addressee: Signature (3) du destinitairer Signature (3) of the postal official of the office of delivery:
Signature (3) de l'agent du bureau distributeur:
(1) Nature of the article (letter, sample, print, etc.).
(1) Nature of the article (letter, sample, print, etc.). (1) Nature de l'objet (lettre, échantillon, imprimé, etc.). (2) Office of origin; date of mailing at that office; registration No. of that office. (2) Bureau d'origine; date de dépût à ce bureau; No. d'enregistrement au même bureau.
(2) Bureau d'origine; date de depôt à ce bureau; No. d'enregistrement au même bureau. (3) Norz.—This receipt must be signed by the addressee or, if the regulations of the country of destination permit it, by the postal official of the office of delivery, then placed in an envelope and sent by the first mall to the office of origin of the article to which it relates.
(3) Nora.—Cet avia doit être signé par le destinatire ou, si les règlements du pays de destination le comportent, par l'agent du hurenn distributeur, puis être mis sous enveloppe et envoyé par le premier courrier, au bureau d'origine de l'objet qu'il concerns.
5—1172

AR form for registered letter to Riga, 1912. Riga was then part of Russia. Italicized and bilingualized Administration of . . . (top left).

Returned from Newfoundland

All non-philatelic AR material from Newfoundland is extremely difficult to find.

Form 2870.	Stamp of dispatching office. Timbre du bureau expéditour.
Administration of United States of America.	
Administration des États-Unis d'Amérique.	636
	1
RETURN RECEIPT	EX PERIOD I
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION	田(かか)。
for a letter with declared value of	
d'une lettre avec valeur déclarée de	entered at the office
for a registered article ()	(1) enregistré au bureau
d'un objet recommandé ()	(1)
	under No. 4367 (2)
	sous le No(2)
mailed by M 1 41 22014 1922 Co. 6 1-1	(
expédiée par M	0
and addressed to M Nubert Channing, at It	ours nuo founds
et adressé à M	
(complete address)	
(adresse complète)	A COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PA
The undersigned declares that a letter with declared value to	the above-mentioned address, and
Le soussigné déclare qu'une lettre avec valeur décla qu'un objet recommandé	rée A l'adresse susmentionnée, et
Stamp of delivering office. Timber du bureau distributeur. originating at	, has been duly
provenant de	n été dûment
delivered the 15 7 and	9 ,19/
livré le	, 19
Signature (3) of the addressed Signature (3) du destinataire: Signature (3) of the pound afficial of the office of delivery:
Organities	(a) no tracessita parena anterioricale
Mas Phaning	Whiteastering
(1) Nature of the article (letter, sample, print, etc.).	
(1) Nature de l'objet (lettre, échantillen, imprimé, etc.). (2) Office of origin; date of mailing at that office; registration No. of that office. (2) Bureau d'origine; date de depôt a ce bureau; No. d'enregistrement au même bureau.	
(2) Furrant a original state to appet a on barron; No. a correlatement an access bursts of the country of destination and respect to the regarding of the country of destinational to the origin of the article to which it relativery, then placed in an envelope and sent by the first mail to the office of origin of the article to which it relatively.	on permit it, by the postal official of the office of
(3) Nora.—Cet avis doit être signe par le destinataire ou, et les règlements du pays de destination le comp être mis sous en relioppe et enveyé par le premier courrier, en bureau d'origine de l'objet qu'il concerns.	portent, par l'agent du burons distributeur, pais
	5-4172
the same of the sa	attended to the second

A R form for registered letter to Newfoundland, 1915. Faint purple ST. JOHN'S registered oval at lower left.



Mailed from Panama Pacific International Exhibition (PPIE)

Second reported strike of Model Post Office; only known AR form mailed from PPIE.

Model	Division
Form 3870.	Stamp of dispatching office.
Administration of United States of America.	Imbrodu hurrau expediteur.
10110	
Administration des États-Unis d'Amerique.	9461
RETURN RECEIPT	4/SG
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION	33 (3)
for a letter with declared value of	10100
	ed at the office
A 1650 W. N. V.	istré au bureau
	2318
d'un objet recommandé (3 3 k (2)
de le le le le le No.	(2)
mailed by M Dev of Leon Theolet	
expédiée par M	N Towns to
and addressed to My minutes of finance	
et adresse a M / /	
(complete address) (adresse complète)	No respectively and the second
The understoned declared that a letter with declared values bothe above me	ntioned address, and
The undersigned declares that a letter with declared values bethe above-me that a registered article that a registered article qu'une lettre avec valeur déclare qu'un objet recommande à l'adres qu'un objet recommande qu'un objet q	so susmentionnée et
Stame adelivering office.	so susmentionnee, ec
provenant de	has been duly
delivered the	
llyré le	19
Signature (3) of the Andrewson: Signature (3) du Carinataire: Signature (5) de l'agrent du be	icial edestes when of delivery:
Clare Johnson - Land Signature (3) de l'agent du be	read digributeuri
- The of Dinners	12.42
(1) Nature of the retislay factor, solvable, print sir.)	
(1) Nature de l'objet (lettre, eshantillon, imprime, etc.). (2) Office of origin; date of mailing at that office; registration No. of that office.	
(1) Nature of the article (nates, salapic, print, etc.) (2) Nature de l'objet (lettre, éphantillon imprimé, etc.) (3) Nature de l'objet (lettre, éphantillon imprimé, etc.) (4) Office de origin; date of mailing at that office; registration No. of that office. (5) Barvan d'origine; date de dépot A ce bureau; No. d'ourregistrate au noime bureau. (6) Nora.—This receipt must be signed by the natiresses or, if the regulations of the country of destination permit it, by the delivery, then placed in un cuvelope and sent by the first mail to the office of origin of the article to which it relates, delivery, then placed in un cuvelope and sent by the first mail to the office of origin of the article to which it relates.	postal official of the office of
delivery, then placed in an envelope and sent by the first man to too once or organ of the arrival of the comportent, par l'agen (3) Nova.—Cet avis doit être signé par le destination on, si les réglements du pays de destination le comportent, par l'agen être mis sous enveloppe et envoyé par le premier courrier, su bureau d'origine de l'objet qu'il concerne.	The state of the s
Gree wine and otherwhile or entols has an home of example in an analysis of the same of th	5-4172

Watermarked AR form from PPIE, returned from China, 1915. Pink CDS at upper right reads San Francisco Sta (Model Post Office). Via Seattle, Moukden (Manchuria), and Peking. For a registered letter from the Division of Coins & Medals of the PPIE to the Chinese Minister of Finance, possibly containing medals awarded to exhibits.

Watermark shows the seal of the United States, about 8 cm in diameter.

Held by British military

Form still attached to cover (to Germany, 1916); held by British until 1919. Not signed for; form apparently ignored by Berlin clerk. Form is watermarked (third of three known) with US seal.

		7.
	Form 3870,	Stamp of disputching office.
Administration	on of United States of America.	Stamp of disputching office. Timbre de bureau expéditeur.
	on des États-Unis d'Amérique.	STUL 3
Haministratio		(20)
	RETURN RECEIPT	1916
	AVIS DE RÉCEPTION	(G. 05)
	ith declared value of	
	vec valeur déclarée de	entered at the office
for a registere d'un objet reco		enregistré au bureau
of		nder No. 6 2 X8 (2)
de		ous le No. (2)
mailed by M	12 20 0	1 - 02
expédiée par M		Migo St.
and addressed	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
et adressé à M (complete add		61. marin
(adresse comp		e office of
(1000 0000 0000 0000	the state of the s	e above-mentioned address, and
	To sound declare) qu'une lettre avec valeur déclares	à l'adresse susmentionnée, et
Stamp of delivering : Timbre de bereau distr	effice.	, has been duly
	provenant de	n été dûment
	delivered the	,19
	livré lo	, 19
	Bignature (3) du destinabiles Signature (3) d Bignature (3) d	f the postal official of the office of delivery; e l'agent du bureau distributeur;
	/	
5874	5874	
0011	0012	the postal official of the office of
Programme and the second secon		rue bourst peacers at rue outcu or
11.19	Pad-Not assessment to the Note of Street of	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
usa	6248	
usa	6248	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
usa	6248	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
usa	325	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
usa I	325 1 325	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
m. m	1325 woller,	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
m. m	1325 woller,	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
m. m	1325 Coollery Lack Back British Mily N. Maria Maria	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
Min Mr. W. Post	1. Guoller J. Gaes British British Maria	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
Min Mr. W. Post	1. Guoller J. Gaes British British Maria	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
Minim More Post	1. Gwoller, Wawes, wawes,	ent du bureau distributeur, puis
Min Mr. W. Post	1. Guoller J. Gaes British British Maria	ent du bureau distributeur, puis

AR cover & form, held until end of first World War, 1916–19. **Rated** 10¢ registration fee and 5¢ UPU rate to Germany, paid by single stamp. Both form and cover refer to registration number 6248.

Last year of use

A R cards for international use were introduced ca 1923, replacing the forms. The dimensions have shrunk considerably.

ADMINISTRATION OF UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. Stamp of dispatching office. Timbre du burgan expéditure.
ADMINISTRATION DES ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE
RETURN RECEIPT C 28
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION C 1922
for a letter with declared value of d'une lettre avec valeur déclarée de
for a registered article d'un objet recommandé letter (1) entered at the office enregistré au bureau
Marsity Station , afril 181922No. 1144 (2)
mailed by M expédiée par M . Vertrees
et adressé à M fullayson [at] Possis, trans
complete address 1 Rue Talvielle.
The undersigned declares that a { letter with declared value } to the above
Le soussigné déclare qu'une lettre avec valeur déclarée à l'addresse qu'un objet recommandé Stamp et destrering effice. Timbre du bureau distributeur. address, and originating at
susmentionnée, et provenant de
has been duly delivered the 2 219
Signature (*) of the addressee; Signature (*) of the postal efficial of the office of delivery; Signature (*) du l'agent du bureau distributeur:
The state of the s
(1) (Nature of the lettick (letter, sample, print, etc.), (Nature de life jet (letter, sample, imprime, etc.),
(2) Norm,—This specifit must be signed by the addresses or, if the regulations of the country of desti-
(1) (Nature of the leftice detter, sample, print, etc.). (2) (Nature de life) de texte, échantillen, imprimé, etc.). (3) (Office of bright; diste of milling at that office; registration No. of that office. (4) Bureau d'origine; deste de dépot à ce bureau; No. d'enregistrement au même bureau. (5) Norte.—This recipit must be signed by the addresses or, if the regulations of the country of destination permit it, by the postal official of the office of delivery, then placed in an envelope and sent by the first mail to the office of origin of the article to which it relates. (7) Norte.—Cet avis doit êtro signé par le destinataire ou, si los règlements du pays de destination le comportent, par l'agent die bureau distributeur, puis être mis sous enveloppe et envoyé par le premier courrier, au bureau d'origine de l'objet qu'il concerne. Pour a 850.
Form 3870.

From Paris, April 1922. Small French carrier mark (lower right).

International AR cards

The Us began using AR cards (postcard size and sent without a covering envelope) for international AR in late 1922 or early 1923—about a year after most UPU members had changed from AR forms. They travelled free through the mail, and even when the US charged for AR service (beginning 1925), postage stamps were not normally applied to the cards.



Early card to Poland, stamps applied in error, April 1923. Warsaw clerk, unused to AR cards without stamps (AR fee paid with stamps on card in most countries), mistakenly applied stamps totalling 1000 marks (AR fee—not the postcard rate—from Poland, December 1922—June 1923). Properly signed and returned to sender.

		DE RECEPTION.
and addressed to M ot salvesse A M	, 192 . No rane 313 # 75 d arce Cornelah (a) amplete address dresse complete) he undersigned declares that e soussigné déclare { qu'am lette qu'am shiet	Server any Dispatching office. [Inter with declared value to the above address.
E ?7N .)	and originating at } provenant de as duly delivered sté dument liere	Superior State of State State of State

Early card to Germany, December 1923. Shows reverse.



Card to China, 1925. From Wassau (WI) to Tsinan. Seal.

More AR cards (1920s)

	To A
ADMINISTRATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—RETURN RECEIPT. ADMINISTRATION DES ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE—AVIS DE RÉCEPTION.	10 A
for a latter with declared value of	
d'une lettre avec valour déclarée de sentered at the office enregistré au hurana d'un objet recommanué	
192 No. 192	
mailed by MY) Welliam manle to Forlan	
and addressed to M) foward (at Brisbari GEFATCHOS OFFICE BUREAU MOREOUTEUR.	
TIMBRE DU complete address Doc 609	
The undersigned declares that a {letter with declared value} to the above edded. Le soundered déclare {qu'une letter déclares } à l'adresse summentionnée,	
and originating at at provenant de	
was duly delivered a fully 1921 . 192	
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DESIGNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE	.
ADMINISTRATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—RETURN RECEIPT. ADMINISTRATION DES ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE—AVIS DE RÉCEPTION.	To C Nev
for a letter with declared value of	
d'une lettre avec valeur déclare de le contered at the office enregistre au bursau d'un objet recommandé	
+eby 11, 1928 102 No. 9/14A	
mailed by M expedie par M) We To New York by	
and addressed to M) FOOM OLOY MUSEUR BUREAU EXPERTE	
Though by a somplete paddress adress complete/ The undersigned dectares that a [faster with dectared takes] to the above address,	
Le soussigné déclare (qu'une lettre avec valeur déclarée) à l'adresse ausmentionnée,	
abd originating at }	
sunvia duly delivered 102 102 102 103 103 104 105	ľ
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ADMINISTRATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—RETURN RECEIPT. STANDAR BU ADMINISTRATION DES ÉTATS-UNES D'AMÉRIQUE—AVIS DE RÉCEPTION.	To H Kis
for a letter with declared value of Un.	in k
for a registerial article ()	mai
the objet regummands)	
smalled by M (September 201)	
and addressed to M)	1
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of the same they should be the state of the same	
19 Description of 18 miles of	j
was duly delivered to the day delivered and the delivered to the delivered	
Magyar Ropone Huspest Nisfalusy-U. 93	
Totaliportoton Toleron: 149	
1930 P/0 C/790 Has Je x	0

To Australia, 1924. SF-Brisbane.

To Cuba, 1928. New York–Havana.

To Hungary, 1929. New York—Kispest. Received and signed in Kispest 6 January 1930, and mailed back to New York.

More AR cards (1920s)

ADMINISTRATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—RETURN RECEIPT STAMP OF ADMINISTRATION DES ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE—AVIS DE RÉCEPTION.
for a letter with declared value of d'une lettre avec valeur déclarée de le critered at the office envegistre au bureau
Seattle Um. 12-6 m 3.60866 m
espedié par M Miriam M Bohen DISPATEMENT OFFICE DISPATEMENT OFFICE DISPATEMENT OFFICE DISPATEMENT OF COMPRETE Address Rodi DISPATEMENT OFFICE DISPATEMENT OF COMPRETE Address Rodi DISPATEMENT OFFICE DISPATEMENT OF COMPRETE ADDRESS OF THE DISPATEMENT OF COMPRETE ADDRESS OF THE DISPATEMENT OF
The undersigned declares that a {letter with declared value } to the above address. RAGUStone declare { qu'une lattre avec valuer déclarée } à l'adresse susmentionnée,
ort projection of at land of the projection of the state
belivering office. 271 1 271 (271)
STOREGISTERS STATE

To Italy, 1923. Seattle–Rodi.



To South Africa, 1925. Syracuse—Pretoria.

(1) { Nature of the article detter, sample Nature of the article detter, sample Nature of a bijet detter, jeckantiff of the origin date of mailing at Bureau of unquint date of mailing at Hegistration No. of that office. No. of enregistrament au même but 10 Nova.—Cet avis doit être sizas por, if the remainment of the origin of the mail of the same as a loss rightnessed to pay de dastination by the postmaster at office of address and par l'agent du bureau distributeur, et ren the first mail directly to the address indicate the premier courties, directment à l'adresse de premier courties, directment à l'adresse de la comme de	le, print, etc.), m. imprimé, etc.), m. imprimé, etc.), that office; re bursau; resu. des Étz resu. de Étz resu. in le comportent, then returned by voye enemie, par sted on this side.	United Catch O Original State Control of Catch C	POSTMARK OF TIMBRE DAY
*	Return to Renvoyez Street ad P. O. Ba Rue et N Baile Pos Pust Offic Bureau d	a) m dress or c No. 230 //	Chumung Adon Ve
Form 3870,	State Etat de)	UNITED STATES États-Units d'Améri	OF AMERICA.

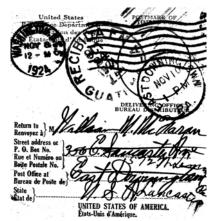
To Transvaal, 1928. Oakland–Nylstrom.

	a) Maleol Strights ress or control on Machet No. tale No. Calely and
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More AR cards (1920s)

ADMINISTRATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—RETURN RECEIPT ADMINISTRATION DES ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE—AVIS DE RÉCEPTION. TIMBRE DU
for a letter with declared value of d'entered at the office for a registered article }
malled by M Mars M. My Frager C. Dry Sorry Day
and addressed to M College Handel C. Ja Dispatching, office at adverse policy address pacago dual tender C. La House
The undersigned declares that a (latter with declared value) to the above address. OCT a semantique declare agains letter are valuer declared a l'adpress summentionnée.
and originating at the standard of the standar
DELIVERING OFFICE NOV 1 1924 STREET (1) 4c Paper de bures d'arthurent BOWEAU DISTRIBUTEUR. NOV 1 1924 COVO (0) {Contrate of treat COVO (0) {Contrate o

To Zacapa, Guatemala, 1924. Originally mailed from East Downingtown (PA), but sender moved to Lancaster, and card was forwarded there.



To Hong Kong, 1926.

ADE IN HATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—RET ADMINISTRATION DES ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE—AVIS DE 1	URN RECEIPT. PTAMP OF TIMBRE DU
for a latter with declared value of una lettre avec valeur scharce de entered for a registered article letter () entered enregistre d'un objet recommandé () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	at the office au bureau C
mailed by M Ring Sing Sing and addressed to M Sutthmating	of Bank and
	rena Arresse complete enter with declared when the special bove addresse, regulared article and a l'outre and mannentionnée, immandé
was duly delivered a sté dument livré le Squates (?) et de adresser Squates (?) ée dufinitaire. } DELIVERING OFFICE HUREAU DISTRIBUTEUR.	Signature (*) of the nexts of saint of the affice of delivery.) Signature (*) delignation have a distribution: (*), (*), (*) { fine nation on front.) (*), (*), (*) { Voir nation on recent.}

To St Helena, 1929.

Post Office Department, United States of America Administration des Postes des États-Unite D'Amérique	Return Receipt	Stamp of office returning this receipt Timbre du bureau dietributeur
Registered article Envoi recommande All ne Appeten del		HELEZ A
milled at (depose on bursen de poste de)	the same	29
M and addressed to (et ladressed a)	Return to 1.4	Maushael
is a pany	Renvoyer d N. Street Address or Rue et Numéro ou	21 & Rosens
Nature of article, if registered detter, print, Nature del encol, se recommande detter, imprime, ste.) If article is insured, cross out the word	P. O. Box No. Botte Postale No. Post Office at	
fe.). S'ill s'agif d'un verei mes solens declarte, biffer 'Reglatered'' und insert "Insured' after the word a met "Recommunial" et insérez "mec solens de- 'artièle.' haris' après le mot "Envol."	State Etat de }	Angeles Cali
Form 3870 54383	UNITED STA	ATES OF AMERICA

st Office Department, United States of America	Return Receipt Stamp of office and Parket
ministration des Puetes des Étate Unis D'Amérique cistered article moi recommandé) Call. mailed at (deposé au bureau de poste de) Tak Jacoba under No. (Mus te No.) tak Jacoba Milles adjes des des des des des des des des des d	Return to Renvoyez a Street Address or
Nature of article, if registered theter, print, Nature de Fenni, et rennmannté (lettre, imprime, if article le insured, cross out the word 5-11 s'ogit d'un envi over releur déclarée, bijfez sistered "and insert "Insured" after the word ich "foccommande" et inseréz "avec énieur de- irle." et après le mot "Enrot." 21 3570 5—4181	Rue et Numéro ou P. O. Box No. Boite Postale No. Pest Office at Bureau de Poste de State Etal de UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Etats-Unis d'Amérique
Post Office Department, United States of A	merica Return Receipt Stamp of utilize returning this receipt
mailed at (depose an burion de poste de nn (le) under No. (smas Me and addressed to (et adressé à) at at a la l	Return to Renvoyez a Miss a. a. a. a. a. d. t. Street Address or Rue et Numéro ou P. O. Box No. Boile Postale No. Post Office at Bureau de Poste de Bureau de Poste de Bureau de Poste de Pos
Receipt for Registered Article No. 815	7.4-1
Fee paid	MAILING OFFICE) In office, juis, this is hiden should write the name Preserve and a deaft this receipt in case of

To Denmark, 1929. Fresno-Sanderho.

To Luxemburg, with registration receipt, 1929. Both refer to registration number 815741.

More AR cards (1930s)

Post Office Department, United States of America Administration des Postes des États-Units D'Amérique	Return Receipt	Stamp of affice returning this receipt
Registered article Envoirecommunde) Letter (1)		
mulled at (deposé ou bureau de puete de) Our 22/16/2 14/2 7 on (te) L quedes No. (sous el No.)		(3)
MM2 all Chelines	Return to . M. A.	Leonbruni
M Deruralen Patestine	Street Address or Rus et Numéro ou P. O. Bex No.	Delano Fruit Co
1. Nature of article, if registered fletter, print. Kature & Penus, it recommands fletter, imprime, etc.). If article is insured, cross out the word etc.). S'it s'agit d'un costs aget raieur declares, biffer "Registered" and insert "Insured" after the word	Boite Postale No. Post Office at Bureau de Poste de }-	DELANO, CALIF.
le und "Recommande" et instrez "ence roleur di- "nrifele." eure" après le mot "Euroi," 3 Form 2865	Etat de]	ATES OF AMERICA

To Palestine, 1932. Delano (CA)—Jerusalem.

Return Receipt	Stamp al office requesting this receipt Timbre, an outcas explaineur de l'aris
(eH)	THE STATE OF THE S
1 3 17	FRED
Resum to Tab	Rarles Pertuer
Street Address or Ruo et Numéro ou P. O. Box No.	If tel Hargione
Boste Postale No. Post Office at Burecau de Foste de	112 W mad &
State de UNITED E	MY OF AMERICA
	Reserve to Rever to Street Address or Rue et Numéro ou P. O. Box No. Botte Postale No. Post Office at Bureau de Florie de State

To Tuva, 1936. Empire State Station—Kizil, capital of Tuva. Erroneous Reg'n hs, struck through.

Signed two days after receipt in Kizil.



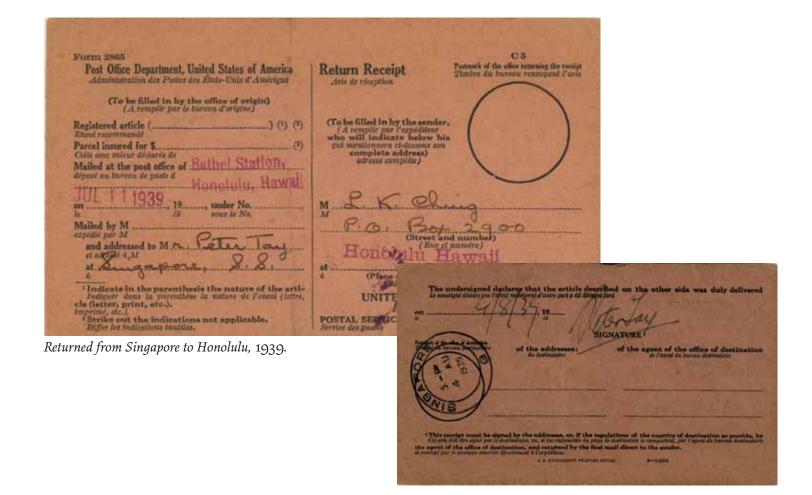
To Laurenço Marques, Mozambique, 1940. From New York.

	IL FOR SIGNA	TUKE:	-
of the ade		f the agent of the	office of destination
100	The same	100	18/3
ata	Recent	108	13/1
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	5	The state of the s	12191)
200		The state of the s	13/
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on alarmed by the notices	uses, or, if the regulation	one of the country of	destination to provide b
	of the ade	of the addressees of the destruction of the addressees of the addr	of the addresses of the agent of the

More AR cards (1930s)	
The undersigned declares that the article described on the other st Le soussigné déclars que l'encoi mentionné d'autre part a de douent nero on 19 SIGNATURE 1	To France, stamps erroneously added, 1935. The postage pays the international postcard rate from France, not the French AR fee.
Pestant of the office of destination Transfer du burreau destinataire of the addressee: of the agent of the office of destination	
de l'agent du bureau destinataire	
1 / 4/1/wortes	
BRICARD	
Société Anonymo	
Ancienne Malace STERLIN 1 This receipt must be signed by the addresses, or if the regulations of the country of destination so provide, by Cet axis doit fire signe per le de Significa Machinetica, 35 de destination le comportent, per l'apent du bureau destinatoire	
the agent of the office of destination, and cotuned by the first mail direct to the sender.	
B. S. COVERBETAT PRINTING OFFICE: 1834 2-11654	
The undersigned declares that the article described on the other side was duly delivered Le sossaigné déclare que l'essoi puestionné d'autre part a été d'âment lieré	<i>To Bulgaria,</i> 1935. Detroit—Okolia, via Sophia.
15 / VIII 103-	
on the state of th	
SIGNATURE!	
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E VI III WA	
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	
CITING TO THE STATE OF THE STAT	
This receipt must be denot by the addressee, or, if the regulations of the country of destination so provide, by Cetaris doit fire signified to be destination, on a particular do post de descipcion to the country of destination and bureau destinations the agent of the office of destination, and bureau by the first small direct by the center.	
the agent of the office of destination, and sourced by the first ends direct acting cender. et renruyé pur le premier contrier direction at a contributor sunting arrive total. Destination of the office of the contributor	
9 8 8 minutes	
7nn e	
	To Bermuda, 1937.
The undersigned declares that the article described on the other side was duly delivered	New York–Paget.
Le soussigné déclare que l'enrot mentionné d'autre part a été dument tieré	
on, 19	
SIGNATURE 1	
Pestmark of the effice of destination Timbre du bureau destination of the addressee: of the agent of the office of destination	
du destinatatre: de l'apent du Oureuu destinataire	
(GEN 10) OUT DO	
(P) Marelloughtown	
Wout Royal	
1 actions	
This receipt must be signed by the addressee, or, if the regulations of the country of destination to provide, by Cet aris dult fire signs per is destination; mu, at les regisments du pups de destination le comportent, pur l'agent du buyeau destinature	
the agent of the office of destination, and returned by the first mail direct to the sender.	
E. S. SOVERSMENT PRINTING OPPICE 1904 S-11054	

More AR cards (1930s)

Porm 2865 Post Office Department, United States of America Administration des Postes des Ente-United Americas (To be filled la br. viv office of ferigin) (A remplie par le barron ferigin)	Return Receipt	Partners of the office retorates the receipt Timbre du bureau rentopant l'arts	
Registered article Action (1) (1) Encot recommand: Parcel insured for \$ Colis area valeur declares de Mailed at the post office of Jartford, Co. deposé au bureou de poste d Col 14 126 - 1 1 1 88 46	(To be filled in by the sende (A remplir per Cerpéditeur who will indicate below h pui mentionnero ci-desous or complete address)	1 5 00 00 15	
Mailed by M. far Each No. Surden expedite par M and addressed to Wai Tack Jon of et adjust a M indicate in the payenthesis the nature of the arti- findiguer days to payenthesis the nature of the arti- findiguer days to payenthesis to nature de Peneo (lettre.	(Place on UNIT		rihed on the other side was duly delivered
Returned to Hartford parenCO from Hong Kong, 19	POSTAL SERVI Syrtier des postes 936.	of the addresser of the addresser of the addresser.	of the agent of the office of destination de Papel de baren destination 支算 复以 galations of the country of destination we provide, by
	This seam that ever the seamer of the transport of the example part of the example part of	pt name he algored by the addressee, or, if the re- duction per is destination; on, at recognizers do per to affice of destination, and returned by the fir- prones course devicenced & Expedition. 1. A RESERVED.	



Returned from Poland, 1935.



the agent of the office of destin et renroyé par le premier courrier dire

Returned from Bergen (Norway) to Honolulu, 1939.

To Ecuador, 1941. New York to Guyaquil. The undersigned declares that the article described on the other side was duly delivered. SIGNATURE I of the addressee: of the agent of the office of destination ¹This receipt must be signed by the addressee, or, if the regulations of the country of destination so provide, by Cd aris dolt fire signit par is destination, on, at less replements du pays de destination is comportent, par l'agent du bursau destinatairs the agent of the office of destination, and returned by the first mail direct to the sender.

At remosé par le premier courrier directement à l'expéditeur. U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE To Sweden, 1944. Denver–Svartorp. Form 2865 Post Office Department, United States of America Tiny boxed handstamp Return Receipt Administration des Postes des Etate-Unis d'Amérique Apia de réception PASSED BY (To be filled in by the office of origin) 2410 U.S. CENSOR (To be filled in by the sender, (A remplir per l'expéditeur who will indicate below his qui mentionneru ci-dessous son Registered article Parcel insured for \$ nentionnera ci-denou complete address) Mailed at the post office (Place of destination, in (arge characters) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA cle (letter, print, etc.). États-Unis d' Amérique Strike out the indications not applicable.

Hister les indications inutiles. POSTAL SERVICE 8-11004 To British Guiana, 1948. Mobile–Georgetown. Form 2865 Pastmark of the office returning the receipt Timbre du bureau renroyaux Carte Return Receipt Post Office Department, United States of America Administration des Postes des États-Unis d'Amérique Avia de réception (To be filled in by the office of origin)
(A compile par is by roun d'arigine) (To be filled in by the sender, Registered article who will indicate below his sentionnero ci-densous complete address) ou of destination, in large characters) Indicate in the garentheals the nature of the arti-Indicate done to percuthèse in nature de l'envoi (lettre, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA cle (letter, print, etc.). États-Unie d' Amérique POSTAL SERVICE Strike out the indications not applicable.
Inger les indications inutiles.

5-11854

More AR cards (1940s)

	Chicago to Czech Army in
Post Office Department, United States of America Administration des Postes des Etats-Units d'Amérique Avis de réception Return Receipt Avis de réception	exile, London, 1942.
(To be filled in by the office of origin) (A remplir par le bureau d'urgine)	
Registered article (3 3 7 3 6) (1) (7) (To be filled in by the sender, (A remplir par Perpéditeur who will indicate below his	Postmark of the office of destination Timbra du oureen destinataire
Parcel insured for \$ (7) qui mentionnera ci-dessous son complete addresa (adresa) adresa complete (addresa) adresa complete)	CHEMORA
Mailed at the post office of dipost au bureau de poste d	\$ 13 M
of 0/23/42 19 under No. M James Halivoda	The state of the s
Mailed by M sous te No. M 2507 1 Hasding 6	9 HOV 1942
expense por M (Street and number) and addressed to M Oslicky H & long (Street and number)	19
Pato Ning London El 1 at Phrage Del	
1 Indicate in the particular Me tradere of the arti-	AL ELECTION
Indicate in the parter of the artificial finding of the artificial finding of the artificial finding of the parter of the artification of the arti	
Strike out the indications not applicable. Biffer les indications inutiles. POSTAL SERVICE Service des postes 5—1054	
	Spicy, 1946. To Cayenne,
	French Guiana (transit
The undersigned declares that the article described on the other side was duly delivered Le roussigné déclare que l'envoi mentionné d'autre part a été d'ament litré	mark, Paramaribo), from New York.
an Gareans 4 alogs.	
Postmark of the office of destination SIGNATURE 1	
Timbre du buses destinataire of the addressee: of the agent of the office of destination du destinataire:	
P > 1 Common Joint	
Man - Suttainature	
¹ This receipt must be signed by the addressee, or, if the regulations of the country of destination so provide, by Cet and dod fire signe parte destination, on, of learengements du page de destination le compartent, par l'agent du bureau destination the agent of the office of destination, and returned by the first mail direct to the sender.	
et renevyé par le premier courrier directement à l'expéditeur. 5—11654	
	Honolulu–Macau, 1948.
The undersigned declares that the article described on the other side was duly delivered	
Le soussigné déclare que l'envoi mentionné d'avitre part a été dament lteré	2
on 12 -7 1978 Will 96 9921	
SIGNATURE!	
Pasimark of the office of destination Timbre du bureum destinature of the addressee: of the agent of the office of destination	
du destinataire: de l'agent du bureau destinataire	1
If the state of th	
(12-14-48,10-1) - 12-12-13	•
甘油	
MEAL	

¹This receipt must be signed by the addresses, or; if the regulations of the country of destination so provide, by Cz aris soit the again par le destination, or, if terrestement du pars de destination (e comportent, per l'agent du bureau destinatione the agent of the office of destination, and returned by the first mail direct to the sender.

If the receipt must be signed by the addresses, or, if the regulations of the country of destination and returned by the first mail direct to the sender.

U.S. SOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

More AR cards (1940s)

	Post Office Department, United States of America Administration des Postes des Exets-Units d'Amérique (To bie filled in by the office of origin) (A rempile par le burget d'origins) Registèred article ((A remplie po who will indi- gui mentionner complete	by the sender, by the sender of the s	717/	
Retur	ned to New York from Poland, 1947.		¹ This receipt reuse be sign of the sign	ned by the addressee, or, if the	Multiple of the country of destination so penside, by page of destination is competent, per legest do heren destination for first mail direct to the sender.
			et rennigé par le premier concrier e	Bretlement & L'expéditeur.	0-1564

Form 2565 Post Office Department, United States of America Administration due Postes des Exate-Unix d'Amérique (To be filled in by the office of origin) (A recipier par le bureau d'orgine) Registered article (Inner recommonal Parcel insured for \$ (2) Collèges toing affecte de Mailed at the post office of depost on bureau de poste d on 19 , under No. 1999 le 10 sous le No. Mailed by M expédié par M and addressed to MA: Balouse d i Indicate de the parenthesis the nature de l'envoi (lettre, ladiquer dans pourratable la nature de l'envoi (lettre, ele (letter, print), etc.). Imprised, de A 2 Strike out the indications not applicable.	Return Receipt Artis de réception Complete addressor All July 472 Manual receipt Timbre du luneaux contemplate l'acte All July 472 Manual receipt Timbre du luneaux contemplate de luneaux contemplate addressor autresse compléte addressor autresse compléte and rumber) (Euc et numéro) at Clare of destination in large characters (L'en de destination, on gros caracters) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Elats-Unit d' Amérique POSTAL SERVICE The undersigned declares that the article described on the other side was duty delivered.
¹ Strike out the indications not applicable. Bifer les indications invilles.	POSTAL SERVICE Service des pades The undersigned declares that the article described on the other side was duly delivered Le sounged declares part a mi diment and on 16-11-1194
Returned from Buenos Aires to Chicago, 1947.	Permet of the effect of declination Theire de learness constants of the addresseer of the addresseer of the agent of the office of declination of the addresseer of the agent of the office of declination of the addresseer of the agent of the office of declination of the agent of the office of declination of the agent of the office of declination of the country of declination so provide, by Col and del fire agent par is declinable to an agent of the country of declination so provide, by

Post Office Department, United States of America	Return Receipt Postmark of the securing the receipt Timbre of purplin performant l'arts
(To be filled in by the office of origin)	Avis de réception
(A remplir par le bureau d'origine)	7 7 W 51 A
Registered article (To be filled in by the sender, (A remplir par l'expéditeur who will indicate below his
Parcel insured for \$	gui mentionnera ci-dessous son complete address)
Mailed at the post office of	adresse complète)
IN05500	0.0 0 000
on	M Man graduale
Mailed by M	" 3829 h. Kully
and addressed to M Pe M. General	(Street and number)
at Rabarel new gines	chicago 41, QI
ll all all all all all all all all all	d (Place of destination, in large characters) (Lieu de argunation, en gros caracterss)
Indicate in the parenthesis the nature of the arti- Indiquer dans la parenthèse la nature de l'encoi (lettre, cle (letter, print, etc.).	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
imprimé, étc.). Strike out the indications not applicable.	Etats-Unis d' Amérique POSTAL SERVICE
Biffer les indications inutiles.	1 Service des postes 5-11664
TO WE SEE THE WAY	
Port 2865	Dataman Danains Pestmark of the office returning the receipt
Post Office Department, United States of America Administration des Postes des États-Unite d'Amérique	Return Receipt Postmark of the after returning the receipt Timbre du bureau remoupant l'avis
(To be filled in by the office of origin) (A remptir party buriety of origins)	PAPE
Registered article (Challed in by the sander * Cal
Enroi recommandé	(To be filled in by the sendor, (A remplir par l'expéditeur who will indicate below his
Parcel insured for \$	qui mentionnera ci-dessous son (954)
Mailed at the post office of depost au bureou de postal IZABETH, Me Je	ouresse complète)
on DEC 2 1954 sunder No. 7868	De allAlle
Mailed by M. D. C. Chapterine	M Xouy To
and addressed to Meses Elloper M	1: 286 N. 12 HOOV A
et adresse a theman Illacat	(Street and number) (Rue et numéro)
" To see I gard Joseph	SUZABETH, N. J.
Undicate to the same disposed by a state of the sail	(Place of destination, in large characters) (Lieu de destination, en gros caractères)
Indicate in the cap or he is the nature of the arti- Indiquer dans la primitéee la nature de l'encoi (lettre, cle (letter, print, all.).	
imprime, de, 1. Strike out the indications not applicable. Biffer les indications implies	Etats-Unis d' Amérique POSTAL SERVICE
pageice John	Service des postes 10-64720-1
The second secon	
Form 2865	CS
Post Office Department, United States of America	Return Receipt Pertuark of the office returning the receipt
	Aris de réception
(To be filled in by the office of origin) (A remple par le burcas d'origine)	
Registered article ((To be filled in by
Parcel insured for \$	who will indicate qui mentiquara completelar
Mailed at the post office of FOTT HUFON	ondrough MARKE
Michigentu S.A.	BAHN
on May 1 , 1956 , under No. 3955	M SCHLER, MOINTOSH & SIMPSON
Mailed by Fire Lee Mointonhasimpson	201-5 PEOPLES BANK BLDG.
and addressed to Mismneth B. LoGalley	(Street and number) (Eue et numéro)
	Company of the Compan
at Aumli Hospital, Bahrain,	PORT HURON, MICHIGAN U.S.A.
* Avali Hospital, Bahrain, * Persian Gulf, ARABIA	at PORT HURON, MICHAGAN U.S.A. 6 (Place of destination, in large characters) (Lieu de destination, en gros countires)
et abresi à M at Aire La Hounital, Bahrain, 6 Forsian Cull, ARABTA 1 Indicate in the parenthesis the nature of the arti- Indiquer dans le purenthèse le nature de l'enroi (lettre, le (letter, print, etc.). Strike out the indications not applicable. Rôter les indications instilles.	d (Place of destination, in large characters)

To Papua-New Guinea, 1951. Chicago to Rabaul.

To Tahiti, 1954. Elizabeth (NJ)–Papeete.

To Bahrain, with stamp uniecessarily added, 1956. From Port Huron (мі).

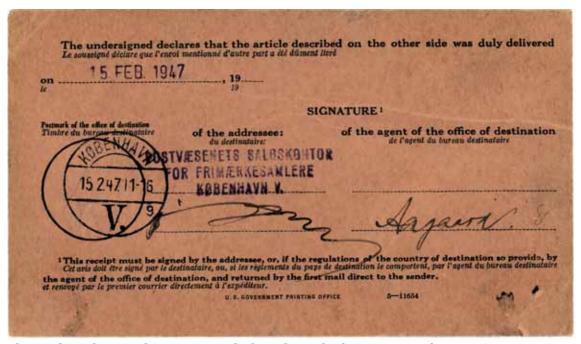
6-11654

Return of AR card by air

From about 1938, the UPU permitted international AR cards to be returned by airmail, provided the original registered item was sent by air, and the fee was typically the airmail rate (later, for the US, of an airmail postcard) to the destination of the registered/insured item (later, for the US, of an airmail postcard). The rules stated that stamps were not to be applied to the card, when return by air was requested, despite stamps being applied (to pay the air mail fee) on domestic cards returned by air. Nonetheless, the two following examples violate this.



To Denmark, 1947. Albany–Copenhagen. With 15¢ in stamps applied, paying the airmail rate to Europe (initiated November 1946). Stamp not cancelled in Us. Violation of the rules.



The sender, John Hutchinson, was a dealer, who make frequent use of AR service.

Return of AR card by air

On this card, the airmail rate to China was 25¢, but only 20¢ was applied. Violation of the rules concerning payment of the return by air fee, in that stamps were applied.



To China, 1949. Jackson (MI)—Shanghai. With 20¢ in stamps applied, almost paying the airmail rate to China. Stamps cancelled at office of origin.



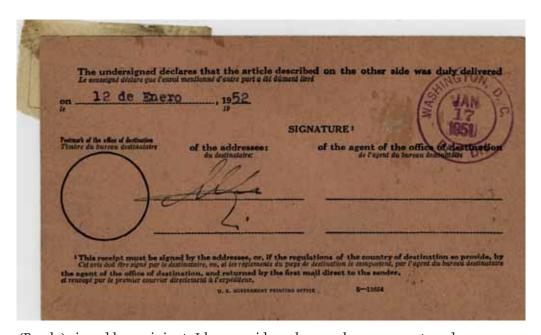
Even by air, it still took over a month for the card to return; or more likely, it was returned by surface.

Registered AR card, returned by air

AR cards were not supposed to be returned as registered mail. Not only was this one registered in Buenos Aires, but the clerk applied airmail stamps, presumably for return by air. Postage paying the return air mail fee was to have been applied by the sender on the cover (not the card), and it may be that the Buenos Aires clerk, not seeing any stamps on the card, applied the air mail postage.



Returned from Buenos Aires to Washington, 1952. (The Washington dater on reverse—applied on its return—reads 1951, but this is an error.) Remarkably, the original registered letter with card was mailed on 9 January 1952, and had returned to Washington eight days later.



(Barely) signed by recipient. I have no idea who or why someone typed 12 de Enero 1952 (12 January) upper left.

Return of AR card by air

This is a weirdo. The card and registered letter were mailed from Guam, and the card was stamped VIA AIRMAIL, but without the proper postage stamps (to pay the return airmail fee). On its return, the Manila post office added the airmail fee. This may have arisen because Us rules required the return by air fee applied to the registered cover, not the card; the Manilla clerk, applied the air mail postage to ensure it goes by air.

Moreover, the Aguana (Guam) post office did not apply any postmarks at all. On top of this, the registered letter was mailed 9 May 1953, but it did not arrive in Manila until almost a month letter (the fact that the card was to be returned by air entails that the original was sent by air).

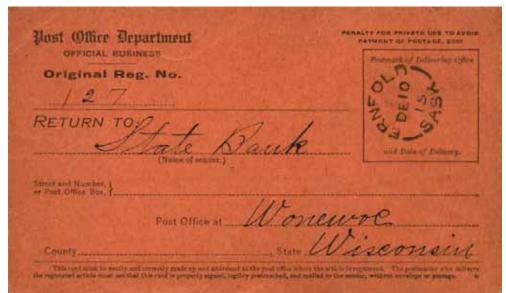
(To be filled in by the office of origin) (A rempia particle of origin) (A rempia particle origin) (B remoi recommends Registered article (Cally) (Particle origin) (Particle	Complete address on complete and number) (Street and number) (Street and number) (Me of number) (Me of street) (Me of street) (Mis de st
	and the second s

Aguana (Guam)—Philippines, returned by air, 1953. With Philippine stamps (30 centavos).



Domestic RRR cards used to Canada

US regulations (1915—on from PL&R, found by Mike Ludeman, and from late 1914 in a postal guide supplement, found by Daniel Pagter) permitted offices to attach *domestic* RRR cards to registered letters addressed to Canada, provided the letter would not go through an office that had access to the international forms or cards. [In the latter case, the appropriate international form or card would be attached at the cross-border point.]



To Ernfold, Saskatchewan, 1915.
From Wonewohe (WI). Earliest reported domestic USRRR card to Canada.

Post Office Department Official Business	PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE TO AVO PAYMENT OF POSTAGE, 8000
Original Reg. No.	Protocort Children Ope
GETURN TO: Walworth	Kety CNT.
(Same of sonder.) Struct and Number, R	J. D m 2
County Here at UES	t Wufield

Clinton (ON), 1917. From West Winfield (NY).

Hust Office Dep		PENALTY FOR FRIVATE USE TO AVOID PAYMENT OF POSTAGE, 6800
REGISTERED A	213096	POTTMANK ST HELIVERTING
NoINSURED PAI		3 4AY 31 5
No.		CONTAND T
Return to Q	EO. H. BURR, CONRAID	SO SAND BATE OF DELEVERY
Street and Number, or Past Office Box,	PORTLAND, ORLGON	3-/- 1
	PORTLAND,	252
		OREGON.

Provincial House of Assembly (Toronto), 1926. From Portland (OR).

1000	RETU	RNR	ECEIP	+
	on the Pentrauter o on the Joer of t		or Innured Arti	the the artifical number
THE REAL PROPERTY.	Know	Du	rouse	a
100	¥	lex	14 Char	deg
Outr of delivery From max	May	31.	177 /	

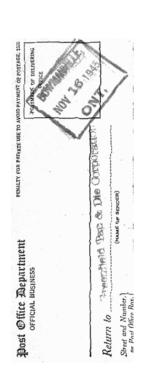
Domestic RRR cards used to Canada

OFFI	fice Department	PENALTY FOR PIUVA	POSTMARX OF DELUGARIES OF DELUGARIES
No. /	986 RED PARCEL		AND DATE OF TERMINA
Return to	n.B.S	Johns	m
Street and No or Post Offi	mber. # 60B	Bucking	gham Hotel
	Post Office at	MINNE	IDOL -
Rev. 3-24	-8-6116	State	ULIS, MINN

Prince George, British Columbia, 1929. From Minneapolis.

Rov. 1-4-4	RETURN RECEIPT
	cived from the Postmaster the Registered or Insured Article, the original function which appears on the face of this Card.
1.	anie nu war
2.	(Signature of addressoc's agent—Agent should enter addressoc's name on line ONE above)
	delivery Non 16 1945.

Bowmanville, Ontario, 1945. From Greenfield (MA).



Unauthorized use of domestic RRR cards to foreign destinations

No authority has been found for the use of RRR cards to countries other than Canada

RET	URN RECEIPT.	
	ster the Registered or Insured Article, th	
of which appears on the face of		14
MAR 18 1919	(Signature of amme of addressee.)	U
Word with	(Signature of addressee's agent.)	
Date of delivery,	, 191	********

Newfoundland, 1918. Signed at St John's. Newfoundland AR material is extremely difficult to find.

Post Office Department	To a second
REGISTERED ARTICLE	
No. 2055 33	
INSURED PARCEL	The KNEWSHAMD C. S.
No	10.00 00 00 A 17 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Return tobrisulate Jene	ral Mic Helierland
Street and Number. Jelle + 2	mot Bldg
СН	IICAGO,
	ILLINOIS.
	建筑市的工作。在1998年

Netherlands, Dutch stamp unnecessarily applied, 1921. 12½¢ pays postcard rate to US, not A R fee.

Post Office Department Property and containing to appropriate asset
OFFICIAL PUSINESS TO THE POSITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE
The state of the s
- WZ
Return to Cal Walter Stawnagewski
or Post Office Box } Sup Dety Sec One, Camp Sibert, ala
REGISTERED ARTICLE No. 2321 Post Office
INSURED PARCEL State
No

New Zealand, 1945. Alabama military base, properly signed & returned from Christchurch.

Unusually, with NZ registration handstamp (it is unlikely that the card was sent by registered mail).

Duplicate AR card

If an AR card has not been returned, the sender of the registered item may request a *duplicate* AR card. There is no additional charge. This is not the same as subsequent (or after-the-fact) AR. This is the only duplicate USAR card that I am aware of pre-1945. Duplicate AR cards may also be issued in the destination country, if the card were missing or damaged (and then called replacement cards).

DUPLICATE ADVICE OF DELIVERY

DUPLICATE ADVICE OF DELI	TRY	The second of the
Post Office Department, United States of America Administration des Postes des Entre-Unite D'Amerique	Return Receipt	Stamp of office requesting this receipt Timbre du bureun expéditeur de l'una
Registered article Envoi recommands Wash.	1000	
mailed at (depend an burness de poste de) 12-17-39-1337 on (le) under No. (sous le No.) M	0	
M. Postmaster M. Postmaster Dand addressed to (ct gatered d) at Pale cete Fachite	Return to Renvoyez à Street Address or Rus et Numéro ou P. O. Box No.	1106- Pracha
Nature of article, if registered (letter, print, Nature de l'ensel, si recommande (letter, imprine, etc.). If article is insured, cross out the word etc.). S'il s'agit d'un caro use ruleur decurée, biffet "Registered" and insert "Insured" before the word le mot "recommande" et matter "dree euleur dé-	Boite Postale No. Post Office at Bureau de Posta de State	lie, Wash.
"article." ciarée" après le mot "Envol." 54183	Etat de J UNITED ST États-Unit d	FATES OF AMERICA

Seattle—Tahiti, 1934—1935. The original registered letter with card was mailed 17 December 1934; there is no way of determining the date that this duplicate card was sent out (from DC), although early March 1935 is plausible.

The undersigned declares that the registered or insured (declared value) article described on other side was duly Le soussigné déclare que l'envoi recommandé (ou avec valeur déclarée) mentionné d'autre part a été dûment delivered on livré le

Stamp of delivering office
Timbre du bureau destinataire

SIGNATURE 1

of the addressee (du destinature)

of the postmaster of the delivering office (de l'agent du bureau destinataire)

1 This receipt must be signed by the addressee or, if the postal regulations of the country of destination so provide, Cet avis doit être signé par le destinataire ou, si les règlements postaux du pays de destination le comportent, par l'agent by the postmaster of the delivering office, and then returned by first mail direct to the address on reverse side. du bureau distributeur, et être renvoyé ensuite, par le premier courrier, directement à l'adresse au revers.

Indicates that the registered letter was delivered 29 December 1934 (twelve days after the original registered letter was mailed), and this card was signed 16 March 1935.

AR on insured parcels abroad

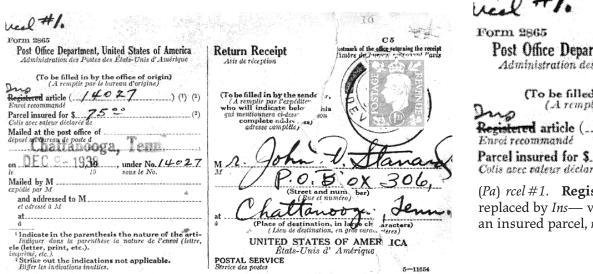
Insured (rather than registered) mail admitted AR service; however, very little insured mail to foreign destinations is known (available to UK from 1924 to the outbreak of WW II), and aside from this and the next AR card, there are no recorded examples showing US international insured AR service. It is also remarkable in other respects.



To Lundy for an insured parcel, mishandled by two postmasters on its return, 1938–39. Referring to parcel #1 and with the text, Registered article struck through and replaced by Ins (insured), this AR card was for a parcel with \$75 insurance (likely containing covers sent to Lundy for servicing by the PM; Stanard was a stamp dealer).

It arrived torn, so was repaired with selvedge by Gade (Lundy PM), who mistakenly applied two Lundy stamps (halfpuffin = half-penny and a half-penny stamp) covering the postcard rate. The Devon PM applied the equivalent in real postage (again, unnecessarily), 1d, the UK international postcard rate [not the AR fee, which was 2½ d].

Confusion likely resulted because for British AR cards, the fee is paid in stamps on the card (rather than on the cover).



Post Office Department, United St. Administration des Postes des États-t

(To be filled in by the office (A remplir par le bureau d'e Registered article (14027 Parcel insured for \$_ Colis avec valeur déclarée de

(Pa) rcel #1. Registered struck through & replaced by *Ins*— verifying that this was for an insured parcel, *not* for a registered letter.

AR card for an insured parcel abroad



To Colombia, insured parcel, 1940. From West Virginia. Second of two known international US AR cards for insured parcels pre-1945.



Reverse.

AR covers (international)

AR service was available between US, Switzerland, and Germany from mid-1868, and between US & the rest of the GPU/UPU from July 1875. Four international US AR covers are recorded in the pre-UPU period (1869, 1871, & January 1875), and earliest non-Seebeck in the UPU period are dated 1883.

This is surprising, as there was no additional charge for AR service (until 1925) from the US; it simply required an endorsement, preferably *return receipt demanded*. Practically no other entity had this policy (AR fees typically equalled either half or all of the registration fee).



Comfort (TX) to Switzerland, 1871. One of four international USAR covers in the pre-UPU period. Should have been rated 8¢ registration to Switzerland and 10¢ postage to Switzerland, seemingly underpaid 2¢.

Ms Return receipt demanded (in the same handwriting as Reg letter No. 2, hence of the accepting clerk) and Retour rschein verlangt (originally, I had thought the second word was Recepisse; but the correct reading was given in [M]); while the first two words of the latter were standard in the Austrian Empire, the last is known only on covers from the Us. Swiss boxed **CHARGÉE** (registered).



Blue crayon 2 on reverse (applied in NY) might refer to amount shortpaid (2¢) rather than original registration number.

Pre-GPU cover

An earlier one, of the four known



Milwaukee to Switzerland, December 1869. Ms Return Receipt Demanded. Rated double 15¢ rate to Switzerland plus 8¢ registration fee; A R was a free option on international mail.

Courtesy of Barry Jablon





Almost earliest in the UPU period

Two of the four recorded US AR covers abroad dated 1883 (the next earliest known uses).



Philadelphia—Italy, double rate, 1883. Rated 10¢ registration fee and double 5¢ UPU rate (per half ounce). Ms return receipt demanded.



Pittsburg—Germany, double rate, 1883. **Rated** as above. Bilingual handstamp (likely prepared by the sender) with the more polite wording Registered return receipt requested in English. In German, *Einschreiben, Rueckschein erbeten.*



Washington to Edinburgh, 1886. Rated 10¢ registration plus 5¢ UPU rate. Purple handstamp Return receipt demanded.



To Denmark and France (pre-Treaty of Vienna)



New York-Copenhagen, triple rate, 1888.

Rated 10¢ reg'n & triple 5¢ UPU (per half ounce), paid the hard way.

Two-line handstamp

RETURN RECEIPT

REQUESTED

applied at same time as

REGISTERED.

Unusual destination in this period.



Philly-Paris, 1885. Single rate. Endorsed Return receipt required.

To Canada and Germany



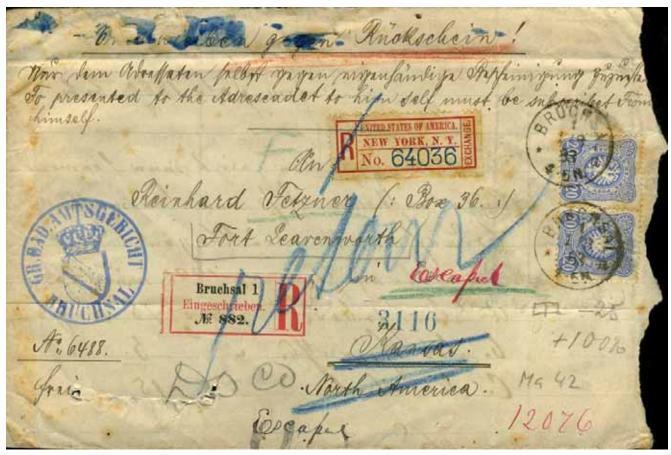
Michigan—Montreal, officially sealed, 1890. Rated reg'n 10¢, double 2¢ per ounce to Canada. Officially sealed stamp (1889) and two strikes of (received in) Bad Order on reverse. From l'Anse (bay) via Detroit (os applied) & Windsor. Earliest known non-Hechler AR cover to Canada.



Philadelphia—Germany, returned to sender, 2 February 1892. **Rated** 10¢ registration plus 5¢ single PU rate. Handstamped **R.R.D.**, and ms *Request*. Blue crayon ms *Züruck* 15/2; at lower left, DLO handstamp.

Escaped!

Earliest recorded AR cover to the US (1883)



From German tribunal to military prisoner who had escaped, 1883. Twice endorsed (same hand, different colours) *Escaped.* Addressed to Fort Leavenworth, location of a military prison (1875–95).

At top, *Einschreiben gegen Rückschein*; below that, in German and bad English, a request for what amounts to restricted delivery. This became moot, as the addressee had escaped, and the letter returned to sender.

Rated 20Pfennig for each of registration and first weight UPU rates; the AR fee would have been paid in stamps on the accompanying AR form.



Mailed 11 August 1883; arrived in New York 18 August, departed Fort Leavenworth 18 September, arriving at the DLO 24 September, and returned to point of origin, Bruchsal, 18 October.

AR covers in the Treaty of Vienna period

1 July 1892–31 December 1898. Forms now prepared in *destination* country, and AR fee (if any) applied to registered letter, not to AR form.



New York—Guernsey, triple rate, 16 May 1893. Rated 8¢ registration plus triple 5¢ per half ounce UPU rate. Sender endorsed Return receipt requested, and New York office applied nonserif A.R. handstamp.



Washington—Basel, double rate, 1894. Rated 8¢ registration plus double 5¢ per half ounce UPU rate. Washington hs RETURN RECEIPT DEMANDED, different AR handstamp applied at New York.

More Vienna period AR covers



Chicago—Germany, 1893. **Rated** 8¢ registration plus single 5¢ UPU rate. Sender endorsed Return receipt demanded & nonstandard German Rück(schein) Quittung verlangt; New York office applied nonserif A.R. Standard crayon ms Rückschein applied on incoming AR covers to Germany.



St Louis—Netherlands, returned to sender, 1893–4. **Rated** as above. Sender endorsed *avis de réception.* Bold nonserif A.R. likely applied in New York. (The 5¢ stationery really is wider than the 1¢!)

More Vienna period AR covers

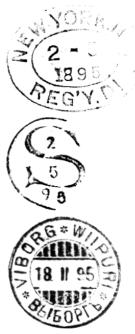


Orono (ME)—Leipzig, 1893. Rated 8¢ registration plus single 5¢ UPU rate. Sender-endorsed Return receipt requested. New York office applied nonserif A.R.



To Finland

Washington—Wiborg, 1895. **Rated** single. Straight-line applied at Washington, Return Receipt Demanded & small oval nonserif AR (New York).



Trilingual (Swedish, Finnish, Russian) post-mark.

Incoming (Vienna period)

In this period, AR fee is paid on the cover not the form; during pre- and post-Vienna for Württemberg and the rest of Germany, the fee was paid on the accompanying form.



Württemberg—New York, returned to sender, 1896. Rated 20 Pfennig for each of registration, UP Urate, and AR fee. Originally addressed to Bay Beach, changed to Bath Beach. On reverse, handstamps reading, Rec'd in bad condition and Open when received at Dead Letter Office. Three officially sealed stamps. Mailed 6 October, returned 22 December.

At lower left, standard German endorsement (in use from 1830s!), *Einschreiben gegen Rückschein*, and just above it, crayon *A R*.





Transiting US

From Nicaragua to Mexico, via US.

Grenada—Durango, via Eagle Pass (TX), quintuple rate, 1897.

Rated registration and A R fees, *each* 10 centavos, plus five times U P U rate of 10 cvo per 15 gm (marked weight, 69 gm).

Sent to New Orleans, and blank registered etiquette with handstamp applied at Eagle Pass (fewer than five examples known), the cross-border point.

Interesting A R handstamp with city and country incorporated.







To Hungary

Pittsburg—Nagy-Bittse, double rate, 1902.

Rated 8¢ registration & double UPU, 5¢ per half ounce.

RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED. RETOUR RECEIPS VERLANGT.

Second line reads RETOUR RECEPISS VERLANGT. (an interesting misspelling of Retour Recepisse Verlangt)



Lower New York dater is bright pink.



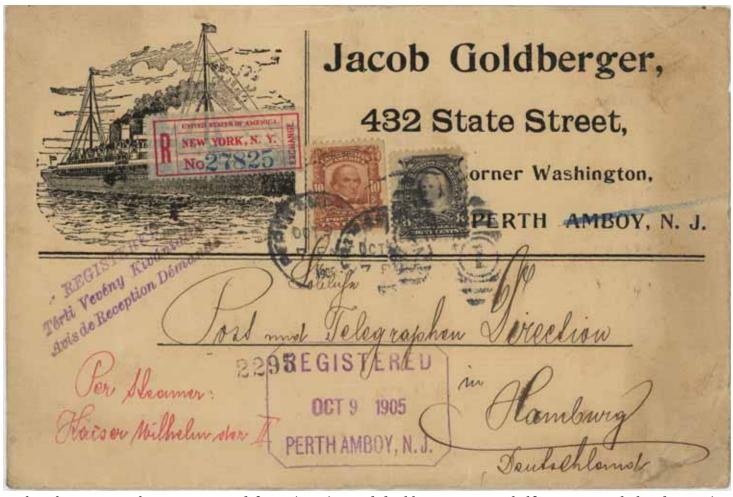
To Hungary, again

Also with the RECEPISS VERLANGT handstamp, also from Pittsburg.

Pittsburg—Hungary, double rate, 1910.

Rated 10¢ registration & double UPU, 5¢ for the first ounce, 3¢ for the second.





Perth Amboy (NJ)—Hamburg, 1905. Rated 8¢ registration and double UPU, 5¢ per half ounce. Purple handstamp in English, Hungarian, and misspelled nonstandard French.

REGISTERED Térti Vevény Kivántatik Avis de Reception Démande

The second and third lines indicate A R: both roughly translate to *return receipt desired*. This is likely a private handstamp.



Printed matter, samples, or commercial papers

Although handstamped THIRD CLASS MATTER, the latter did not exist for international mail from the U S; instead it was covered by the categories in the title.

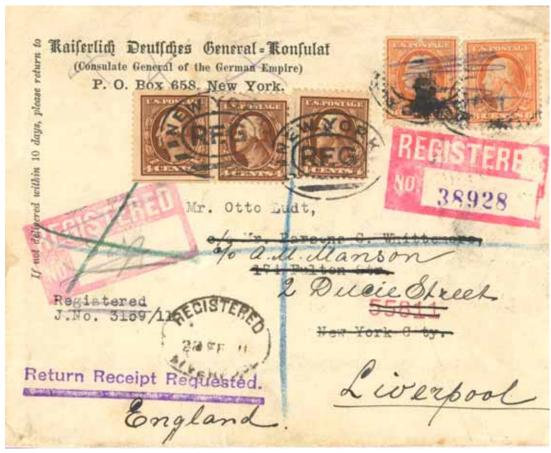


Printed matter to Hamburg, 1903. [very large piece] Rated 8¢ registration plus sextuple 1¢ per two ounces(!).

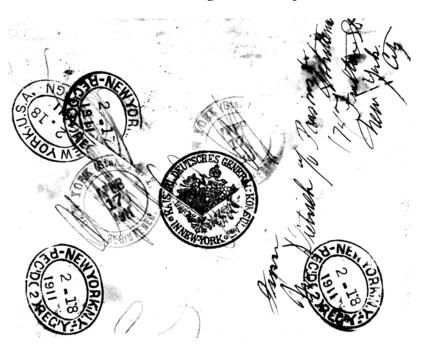


Printed matter to Leipziq, 1915. Rated 10¢ registration plus triple 1¢ per two ounces.

Remailed



Originally sent to New York, then remailed to Liverpool, 1911. Sent as domestic Return Receipt Requested from the German Consulate General in New York to Otto Ludt within the city; remailed (c/o) to Liverpool; should have been stamped AR. Rated 12¢ each time: 10¢ registration fee plus domestic and treaty rate to UK (2¢).



Octodectuple rate to Australia



Timber Valley (WA) to Brisbane, 66¢ postage, 1910. **Rated** 18× UPU rate (5¢ first ounce, 3¢ each additional) plus 10¢ registration.

No paper envelope could take such a weight; it must have been attached to a larger parcel, attached by the flap. After being detached, the envelope was sealed, covering a bit of the Brisbane backstamp.

San Francisco registration etiquette. Timber Valley post office open only 11 years.



Free mail abroad

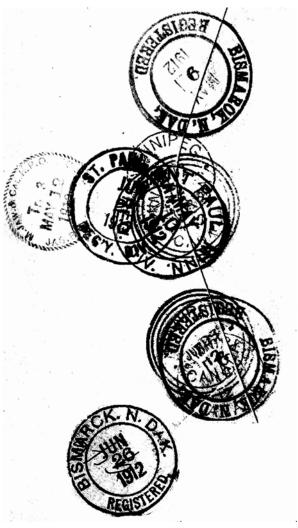
An 1888 treaty between Canada and the US permitted mail that travelled free within the US to continue without additional charge in Canada, and vice versa.



Bismarck (ND)—dinky Alberta town, returned to sender, 1912. Rated 10¢ registration and no postage (mailed from a government office). Standard (for the Department of the Interior) handstamp Receipt demanded.

Addressed to Elkwater, forwarded to Thelma (another tiny place), stayed there for the requisite thirty days, and sent to Winnipeg (three-ring orb) on its way back to sender.

Faint turquoise corrugated Moose Jaw & Calgary clerk RPO.



Treaty rates (Canada & Cuba)

US rates to some countries were the same as domestic: Canada from 1887, Cuba from 1901.



Philadelphia—Halifax, September 1909. Rated 8¢ registration (increased to 10¢ in November) and 2¢ to Canada. Earliest reported US—Canada cover with an AR handstamp. Halifax registration marking (in purple with sideways date) is scarce.



Illinois—Havana, 1911. Registration had increased to 10¢.



More treaty rates

Domestic rate to Mexico initiated 1887, to UK 1908



El Paso (TX)—Mexico, 1910. Rated 10¢ registration and 2¢ treaty rate. At left, small purple straightline Return Receipt Demanded.



To dead Canadian soldier in UK, multiply forwarded, 1918. Rated 10¢ registration and 3¢ domestic rate (1917–19) to UK (earliest British postmark is at Liverpool, at left on reverse). From Billings (MN) to a Canadian soldier in UK via several British FPOs to the Canadian Contingent, to a hospital, finally endorsed *Died of wounds 2/10/16* (in blue, lower right), and letter returned to sender.

Treaty rate to Germany

1 January 1909–5 February 1915, direct closed bag rate to Germany was 2¢; via the UK, it remained 5¢.

The covers below bracket the registration fee change (from 8¢ to 10¢ on 1 December 1909), and the policy implemented 1 January 1911 of putting U s datestamps on registered covers *only* on reverse. The latter was not always strictly followed.





Denver–Saxony, May 1909. Rated 8¢ registration and special 2¢ rate; this combined rate was only possible for ten months.





After the registration rate changed, 1911. **Rated** 10¢ registration and special 2¢ rate.

Registration stamp (F1) on AR covers abroad

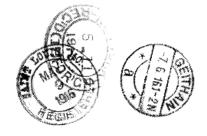
Issued 1911–13 but never demonetized. It could be used only to pay the registration fee.



To UK, ret'd to sender, March 1914. Rated 10¢ reg'n & 2¢ treaty rate to UK. Crude New York AR hs.



To Germany, British censor, 1916. **Rated** 10¢ registration and 5¢ UPU rate. A portion of the censor tape has been folded back to reveal the registration stamp. German handstamp (*Freigegeben*) indicates no duty.



With foreign special delivery

Foreign stamps were required for prepayment of special delivery in the early days; this changed in the 1920s (the actual dates depending on destination).



Cincinnati—Osnabrück (Germany), December 1912. **Rated** 10¢ registration and 5¢ UPU rate; 25 Pfennig pays the German special delivery (Eilbrief!).



World War I



New York–Kristiania (Oslo), British censor, 1916. Rated 10¢ reg'n, double UPU (5¢ first ounce, 3¢ each add'l).





Evanston (IL)—Denmark, US censor, 1917. Single UPU rate. Forwarded within Denmark.

World War I



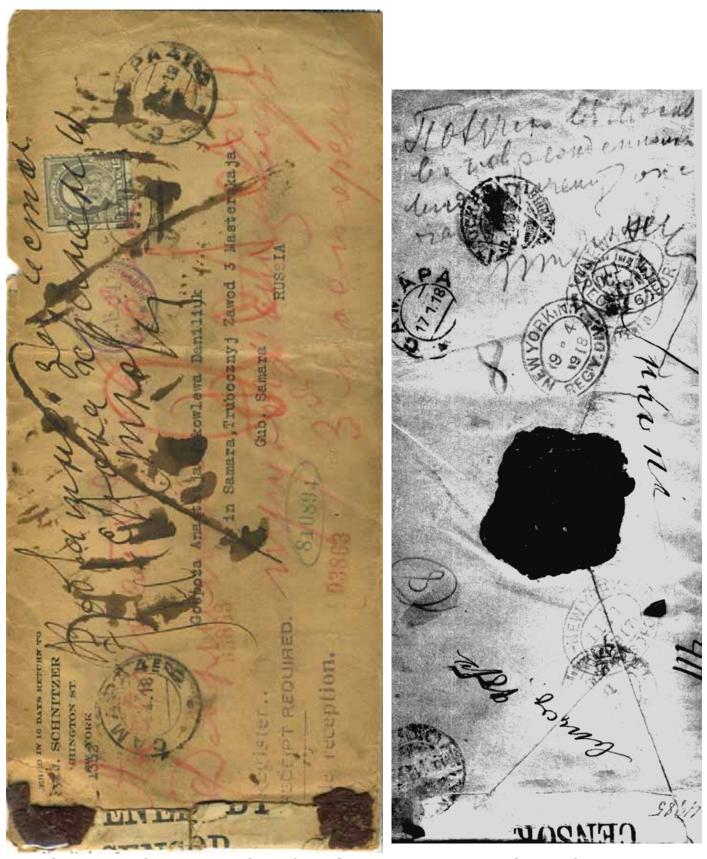


New York—Malmo (Sweden), sextuple rate, no censor, October 1914. **Rated** 10¢ registration, sextuple UPU (5¢ first ounce, 3¢ each additional). Unusually, a datestamp appears on the front of the cover.

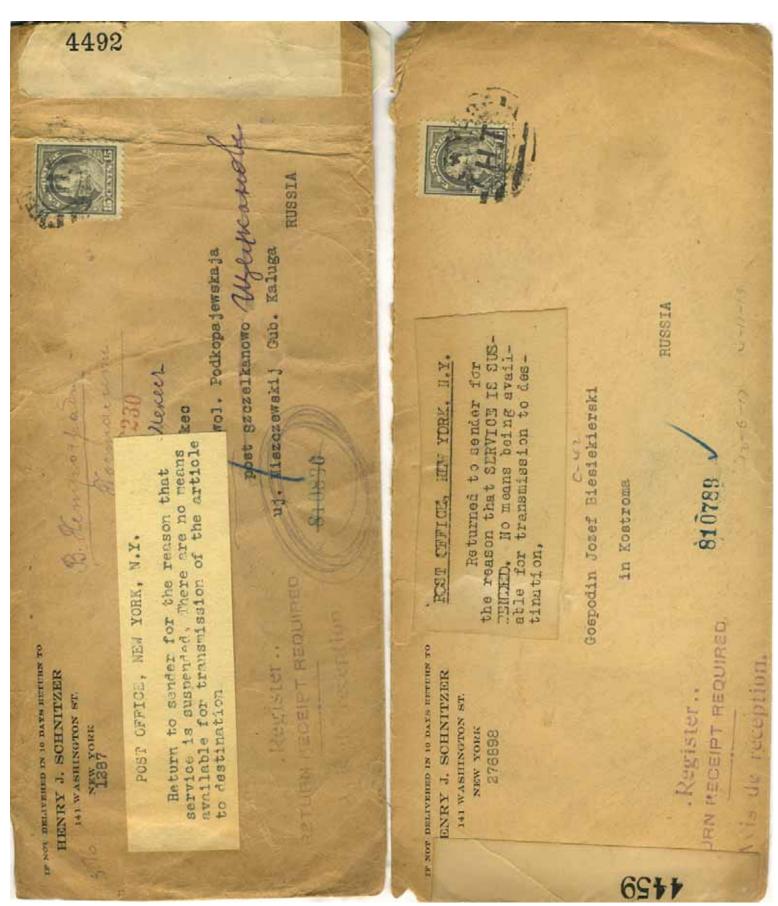


Denver—Hilversum (Netherlands), triple rate, underpaid, 1916. **Rated** 10¢ registration, triple UPU (5¢ first ounce, 3¢ each additional), short paid 1¢; alternatively, double rate was mistakenly charged at 5¢ per ounce.

To Russia during the October revolution



New York—Samara, October 1917—September 1918. Rated 10¢ reg'n, 5¢ u p u. Censored New York, Moscow (No. 24). Grey Russian endorsement: letter around too long so is returned to sender; in red crayon, the address transliterated to Cyrillic. Pencil on reverse: received damaged & resealed (Moscow). Purple military seal.



Returned to sender two years later, Nov'r, Dec'r 1917. **Rated** as previous. Same sender, different addresses. One made it to Russia (backstamps) & forwarded, but returned. Later one held in U.S. Different NY stickers.

To Central America



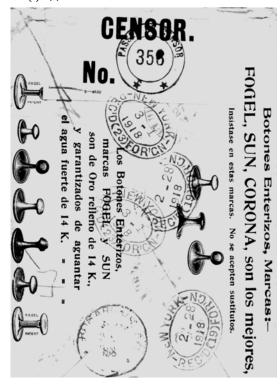
To South America

Arra Clab of America 297 Madison Avenue New York CITY



New York—Bolivia, returned to sender, April 1917. Neutral country censorship (61) after US entered the war. Registration number 1 at New York. From the Aero Club of America to its purported counterpart (which didn't exist) in Bolivia.

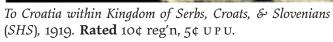
New York—Argentina, 1918. From a manufacturer of markers and buttons(!). $\downarrow\downarrow$





Post-War

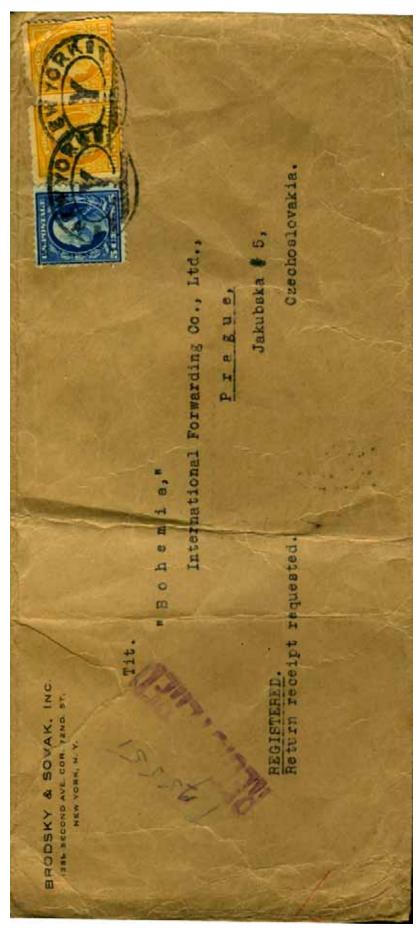








To Croatia, 1921. Rated as at left.



To Czechoslovakia, quadruple, 1921. Rated 10¢ reg'n & UPU 5¢ first weight, 3¢ each add'l, overpaid 1¢.

To Argentina, with restricted delivery request

It is extremely doubtful that Argentina offered restricted delivery (addressee only) service.



San Francisco to Buenos Aires, via New York, 1920. Rated 10¢ registration and 5¢ UPU (US did not join the South American Postal Union until 1921).

Handstamped

RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Deliver to Addressee only

the latter making the request for restricted delivery official. But not only is there no evidence for restricted delivery in Argentina, there is no evidence that the Us offered international restricted delivery at this time.



American office in Shanghai, transiting New York

Endorsed on reverse AR form not received in UK; duplicate AR form would thus have to be prepared.



US office Shanghai to UK, via New York, quintuple, 1920. **Rated** 10¢ registration and UPU rate 5¢ first half ounce, 3¢ each additional (cloth envelope). Unoverprinted stamps tied by indistinct oval **US Postal Agency Shanghai China RD**, on reverse dated 3 July (date ship sailed).

Via CPR ship Empress of Russia, arrived Vancouver 19 July, New York 26 July, London 7 August. Ex-Unwin.



AR form not received (signature illegible) in UK (rare). A duplicate form would have had to have been prepared there.

To Germany



New York-Stuttgart, 1923. Rated 10¢ registration, and 5¢ UPU.



AR becomes chargeable (1925)

[WB] gives domestic rate changes on 15 April 1925 for reg'n (10¢ \mapsto 15¢), and for AR (RRR) (0¢ \mapsto 3¢). The July 1925 PL & R (p 118, item 80) gives the AR fee to foreign destinations as 5¢, effective from April. International registration is given as 10¢ (op. cit., p 80, item 35), the old rate; thus the foreign registration fee was less than that of domestic registration (a very odd situation), until the former was increased to 15¢ on 1 December 1925. Clerks often seemed to be confused.



New York—Prague, correctly rated, 15 April 1925—first day of rate change. Rated 10¢ reg'n, 5¢ UPU, and 5¢ AR fee.





North Portal & Moose Jaw RPO.

Philly—Canada, October 1925. **Rated** 10¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and 2¢ to Canada. Restricted delivery (Deliver to addressee only) not available to Canada, but moot; letter returned.

Incorrect rates



To Germany, overcharged 5¢, August 1925. **Rated** 10¢ international registration, 5¢ AR (presumably began same date as RRR fee), & 5¢ UPU, overpaid 5¢. Cannot be double UPU rate as the former was 8¢, not 10¢.



To Vienna, missing AR fee, undercharged 5¢, December 1925. By this time, the international registration fee was 15¢, so the cover was undercharged 5¢. No Austrian backstamps either.

To Palestine, September 1925

Mailed on the same day. One correctly charged, the other undercharged.



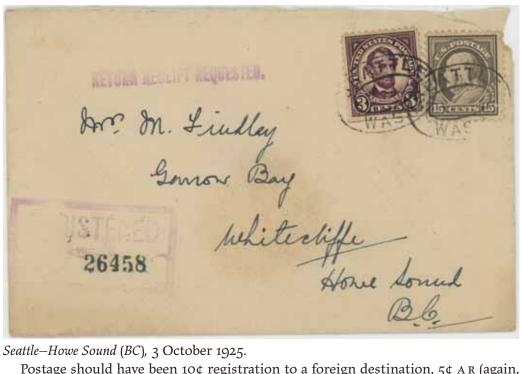
Los Angeles—Jerusalem, correctly rated, 9 September 1925.



Brooklyn-Jerusalem, old rates, 9 September 1925.

Rated 10¢ registration & 5¢ UPU, with no AR fee—these were the old rates prior to the changes.

More incorrect rates



Seattle-Howe Sound (BC), 3 October 1925.

Postage should have been 10¢ registration to a foreign destination, 5¢ AR (again, internationally), & 2¢ to Canada. Overpaid 1¢.



Germany and Norway



LA—Berlin, 5 August 1925. Correctly charged 10¢ foreign registration, 5¢ UPU, and 5¢ AR. Unusual and partially obscured (likely held at an angle) Return receipt handstamp.



Minneapolis—Oslo, 28 September 1925. Correctly rated, as above. Handstamp for domestic R R R has been overwritten to reflect the different international A R fee.

Spain and Colombia

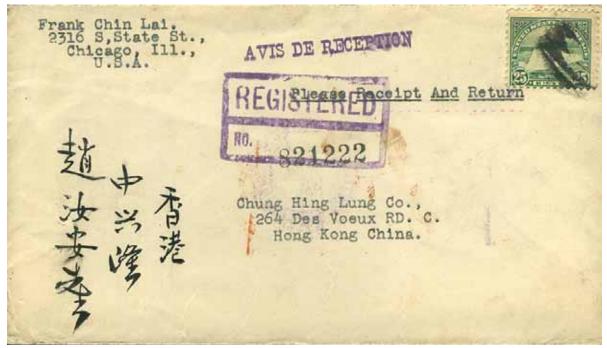


Cleveland—Barcelona, misrated, 1928. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR fee, and UPU rate 5¢; however, Spain was part of PUAS, and the letter should have been charged treaty rate, 2¢ per ounce, rather than UPU 5¢.



Greensburg (PA)—Zagreb (Croatia in Jugoslavia), 1933. Rated 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR fee, and UPU rate 5¢.

Hong Kong & China



Chicago—Hong Kong, 1928. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and UPU rate 5¢.



Boston-Canton, 1930. Rated as above. Sunchong datestamp.

Colombia



Wellesley Hills (MA) to Bogota, PUAS, 1935. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 2¢ (domestic) PUAS to Colombia. Stamps are perforated BR.



Bahamas and Venezuela



Atlanta—Bahamas, 1927. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ A R fee, and double treaty rate, 2¢.



St Louis—Venezuela, forwarded to Germany, 1938.

Rated 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR, & UPU 5¢. As addressed, it would have been eligible for the PUAS rate (2¢ rather than that of UPU).

To Finland and Estonia



Dayton (OH)—Helsinki, 1930. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and UPU rate 5¢.



Berkeley-Talinin, 1940. Rated as above. Weird mixed English/Spanish AVIS DE RECEPCION handstamp.

To Hungary and Switzerland



Washington (DC)—Budapest, 1930. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and UPU rate 5¢.



Pepperwood (CA)—Switzerland, 1935. Rated 45¢: 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR; first class UPU was 5¢ for the first ounce, and 3¢ additional, which is impossible with the postage applied; instead, it is possible that the clerk mistakenly charged 5¢ per ounce, quintuple rate. Anomalously with datestamp on front.

Quadruple to Czechoslovakia



Chicago to Berlin, forwarded to Beyrouth (Germany), then to Prague, 1935. Rated $4\times$ UPU rate (5¢ first ounce, 3¢ each additional), 15¢ registration, and 5¢ AR fee.



Domestic, forwarded abroad

If fully prepaid, there was no additional charge, even though the AR and UPU fees exceeded the RRR and domestic rates, respectively. This was apparently addressed to a seaman, in the pre-War period.



Jacob's Creek (PA) to San Francisco, forwarded to Manila, via the USS Nitro and USS Black Hawk, 17 March—30 June 1941. **Rated** double domestic rate (3¢ per ounce), 15¢ registration, and 3¢ (domestic) A R fee.





Houston-Gloppen, 1936. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and UPU rate 5¢.



Glendale (CA)-Gruda, 1936. Rated as above.

To Turkey



Honolulu—Istanbul, via New York, 1933. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, and double UPU rate (at 5¢ for the first ounce and 3¢ for the second).





Medford (MA)—Cairo, 1931. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and UPU rate 5¢, overpaid 1¢. With (by now) old-fashioned Return receipt demanded handstamp.



Pittsburgh—Cameroun, forwarded twice, 1936. **Rated** as above. 42 days transit to Kribi, via New York, Sangmelima, & Lolodorf.

To US possessions

For non-airmail items, domestic US rates applied.



San Francisco to Canal Zone, via New York, 1911. **Rated** 10¢ registration plus 2¢ domestic.



To US possessions

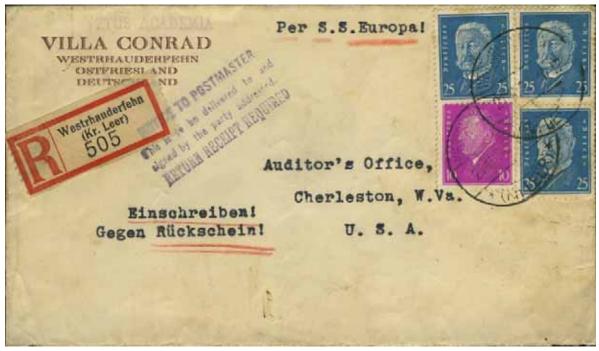
Despite the Philippines being a US possession, it appears that the AR fee to it was the international 5¢ fee, rather than the domestic 3¢ fee.



New York to Manila, 1938. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 3¢ domestic per ounce; the only way to make up the rate (exactly) is with a 5¢ A R fee.



AR card missing?



Westrhauderfehn (Lower Saxony) to Charleston (VA), 1932. With Gegen Rückschein! and US rubber handstamp,

NOTICE TO POSTMASTER

This is to be delivered to and
signed by the party addressed.

RETURN RECEIPT REQUIRED.

The handstamp was not applied routinely to incoming AR mail to the US (of which there was an enormous amount); this is the only example that I've seen. It must therefore represent an unusual situation. I suggest that the card that would have been attached to this registered letter was missing or damaged. The clerk at the incoming port noticed the Rückschein typescript, recognized that it meant AR, and applied the handstamp. This would mean that the resulting return receipt card (to be prepared at the destination, Charleston), would be a replacement AR card.

Rated 25 Pf U P U single letter rate (1925-48), and 30 Pf for each of registration and A R fees (1924-48).

Delivery forbidden



New Jersey—Amsterdam, 1937. Handstamped

Return to sender Delivery forbidden by judicial sentence.

Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and UPU rate 5¢.

Service suspended (surface)



Virginia-Hong Kong, the day after Pearl Harbor. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and double surface at 5¢ per ounce.

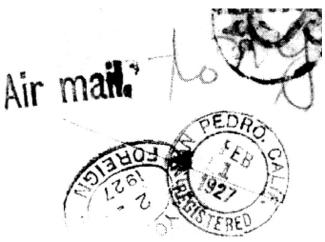
AR with airmail

Early international airmail rates were complicated, and very often confused clerks (not to mention later philatelists). Rates given in this section are not guaranteed to be correct!



Sesqui-rated to Jugoslavia, partially flown, first day of rate, 1 February 1927. Ms AR at left, and consistent with rates. The letter weighed between one-half and one ounce.

Rated 15¢ registration & 5¢ A R; remaining 23¢ made up as double 10¢ per half ounce airmail within U s: Air Mail [San Pedro (CA)] to NY—plus 3¢ per ounce to non-treaty entities for the remaining portion of the trip by surface (this combination rate scheme began on the day of mailing).



Vertical mark to the left of 1 in San Pedro dater is an artefact of the canceller. Date of New York double oval, 2–4, i.e., 4 February, confirms date of mailing.



Two weeks from New York to Ljubljana, and four more days to destination.

Early airmail?



Brockton (MA) to Havana, November 1924. Apparently rated 10¢ registration and 2¢ treaty rate to Cuba (no AR fee at the time), ignoring the AIRPLANE MAIL handstamp. There was no airmail to Cuba at the time, but it was possible to send nonregistered mail by air domestically.



Very early airmail

Domestic airmail, surface the rest of the way.



San Francisco—Tangiers (Morocco), domestic airmail, December 1925. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ A R; the airmail fee for letters to foreign destinations was 22¢ for three zones (San Francisco—New York) plus 5¢; the special delivery fee is 10¢ but whether this was available to Morocco is unclear. This comes to 57¢, which is 3¢ short of what was applied; a possible explanation is that the three-zone air mail rate for domestic letters was 24¢, which was mistakenly applied, instead of the correct 22 + 5¢ for domestic air carriage on foreign-destination covers.



Early airmail



Los Angeles—Dresden, air at both ends, August 1926. Straightline RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED. Double airmail London to Germany, at 6¢ per half ounce (purple London transit mark on reverse); three-zone airmail LA—NY, 22¢ per ounce; and 2¢ supplement for transatlantic surface to non-treaty destinations (references usually give 3¢, so this may be 1¢ underpaid), 15¢ registration, and 5¢ AR fee, yield the postage applied, 56¢.

More early airmail



Cincinnati—Bavaria, flown in Europe, February 1927. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 6¢ for airmail by closed bag (from 31 July 1926), and 2¢ for surface to UK (special rate combination).





NY—Budapest, flown in Europe, officially sealed, August 1927. **Rated** as above. The letter was received in BAD Condition, repaired, and a signed 0 s stamp applied.

Early airmail to Africa



Chicago—French West Africa, airmail at both ends, July—August 1927. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 20¢ special delivery (international rate), 10¢ per half ounce domestic airmail (Chicago—New York), 2¢ surface supplement (per ounce) to UK, & 24¢ (per ounce) air London—Dakar (French Guinea), presumably via Toulouse as printed on the cover (listed in [WB] as available from 2 September 1927). Weighed one-half to one ounce.



NIGHT AIR MAIL refers to the extra (nightly) flight Chicago—New York; after 1 February, no additional charge. Carried on the Cunard *Aquitania*—sister ship of the *Lusitania*—to UK; departed New York 9 July, eventually arrived at Conakry (French Guinea) 29 July, and the destination, Seguiri, 7 August.

Early airmail to Dutch East Indies



Philadelphia—Sumatra, US *airmail only*, January 1928. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, triple 10¢ per half ounce domestic air plus double 3¢ per ounce surface to destination; this comes to 56¢, so overpaid 1¢.



Airmail within Europe



More airmail within Europe

The Hague airmail conference of 1927, effective 1 February 1928, established the US rate on domestic airmail sent internationally, 4¢ per half ounce plus surface rate (usually 5¢, so the total was generically 9¢) to the destination country. For airmail abroad only, rates were more complicated.



California-Germany, air at both ends, 1930. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 9¢ (as above), and 4¢ air rate, London to Germany.



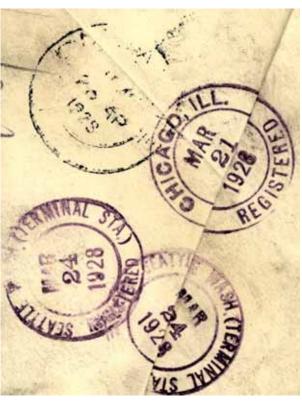
Newark-Poland, air in Europe, not in US, December 1931. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, double surface UPU rate 5¢ first ounce and 3¢ second ounce, and quadruple 4¢ per half ounce Paris-Berlin (note two strikes of Berlin airmail handstamp, and on reverse, a Paris handstamp), overpaid by 1¢.



Early airmail to East Asia

Chicago—Singapore, Us airmail only, March 1928.

Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, sextuple 4¢ per half-ounce domestic airmail (Chicago to Seattle), 5+3+3¢ surface supplement (triple) to Singapore (sextuple half-ounce implies triple surface rate); so is overpaid 2¢.



Still more airmail



California—Vienna, misrated, December 1930. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 20¢ international special delivery, 4¢ airmail supplement (from 1 August 1928) and 5¢ UPU rate—this was intended to apply to air in US only. (Cover was flown Paris—Vienna.) Two-line bilingual AR handstamp, and the interesting Dispatched by train to avoid delay.





New York—Buenos Aires, all by air, 1930. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, and 55¢ (per half ounce) to Argentina by air throughout (rate began 1 January 1930). Via Atlantic City, Miami, and Cristobal (cz). Addressed to a surgeon aboard the ss Western World.

Air to Chile



New York—Chile, returned to sender, February 1930. Rated \$1.60, made up from 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and quadruple 35¢ per half ounce air all the way to Chile.





California—Denmark, 1931. Rated 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR fee, double 8¢ per ounce airmail within US, and quadruple 4¢ continental airmail per half ounce (to Berlin).

New Jersey—Persia, 1931. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR; UP U rate up to two ounces (8¢), London—Teheran air quadruple at 10¢ per half ounce, underpaid by 5¢, likely AR fee omitted.

Air to Germany



Washington—Berlin, air at both ends, 1929. **Rated** 32¢, made up from 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 8¢ domestic air, and 4¢ airmail London—Germany.



Airmail to Germany



Philadelphia—Germany, air at both ends, 1930. Ms *Return Receipt Requested* and unclear **AR** handstamp at left. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 8¢ domestic air, and 4¢ airmail rate to London—Germany.



Brooklyn to Germany, air in Europe only, 1931. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 5¢ surface UPU rate, and 4¢ per half ounce airmail London–Germany.

Airmail rate changes

6 July 1932, airmail to US exchange office (on mail abroad) became 10¢ first ounce & 15¢ each additional; included surface fees to destination but air abroad additional. Became 8¢ per ounce 23 November 1934.



Los Angeles—Copenhagen, air at both ends, August 1934. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR, 10¢ domestic airmail and 3¢ airmail within Europe (began 1 July 1932 from Paris; previously from London).



Los Angeles—France, air in US only, double, 1935. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, double 8¢ combined domestic airmail and surface abroad.

Airmail to Sweden



Alameda (CA)—Sweden, air in US and Europe, 26 March 1932. This is just before the rate change (6 July). **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR, 4¢ per half ounce domestic airmail, 5¢ UPU, and 6¢ per ounce airmail London—Sweden.



Beverly Hills—Sweden, air in U s only, 9 November 1934. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ A R, and 10¢ domestic airmail (includes surface abroad); rate changed two weeks later.

Airmail to Argentina



New York to passenger on board USS Commack in Buenos Aires, returned to sender, 1933. Via Miami and Cristobal (CZ). Postage applied amounts to \$1.35; with 15¢ registration and 5¢ AR, there remains \$1.15. Airmail to Argentina was 55¢ per half-ounce, thus double rate overpaid 5¢. Perhaps an arithmetic error, since there is a 2¢ stamp on reverse.



Unreported rate and route to Saigon, 1934

Mailed August 1934 from Albany (NY) to Saigon, air to San Francisco, surface to Hong Kong, and air(?) to Saigon. Only routes from France (for letters from the US) are listed in [WB].



Air at both ends, 1934. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ A R; remaining 40¢ made up of 10¢ by air to U s exchange office (effective 6 July 1932) and presumably a very expensive 30¢ for the combined surface to Hong Kong and apparently slow airmail to Saigon. (Alternatively, 25¢ two-ounce rate by air to exchange office, and some way to make up 15¢ double rate to Hong Kong and Saigon.)

Datestamped at Albany 20 August 1934, at Cleveland same day, at San Francisco next day, at Hong Kong over two weeks later, and at Saigon a further week later.





Heavy packet to Chile

Milwaukee to Santiago, air all the way, triple and double, 1935. **Rated** \$1.87 (overpaying by 1¢ the marked charges at top).

Foreign



Air to Chile was 50¢ per half ounce (FAM via Miami), registration 15¢, AR fee 5¢, leaving 16¢ (as marked in pencil) unaccounted for.

This is double the 8¢ per ounce supplemental fee for domestic air mail from the office of origin to the exchange office (Miami), in effect 1934–1938). Usually, this applied to items sent by surface (for example, transatlantic) from the exchange office, but in this case, it was sent from Miami by air.



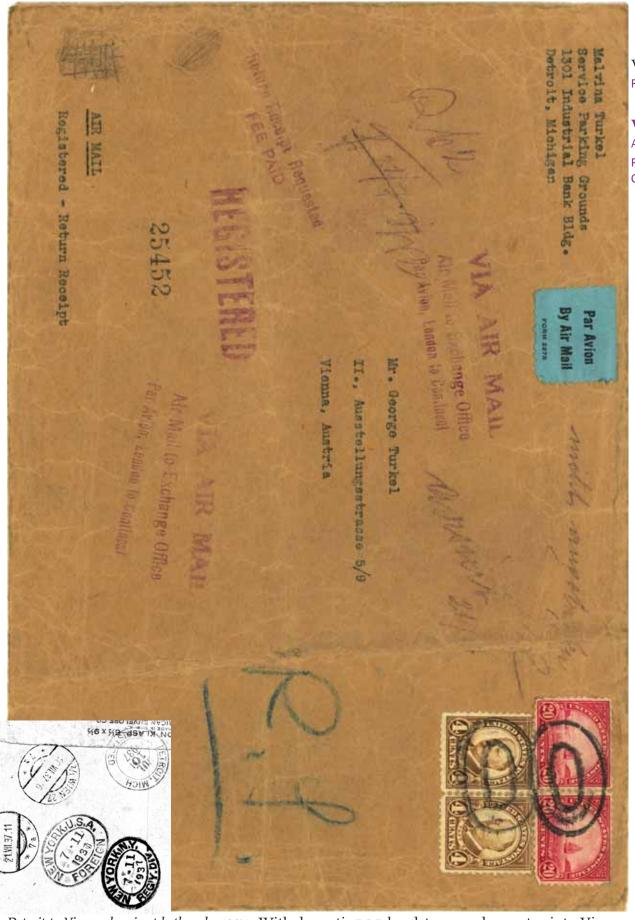
To British East Africa



Air from London, 1937. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, 5¢ UPU, and 20¢ airmail from London. From the Eastern Mennonite Board of Charities in Intercourse, Pennsylvania.



Airmail to Austria



Various handstamps
Return Receipt Requested
FEE PAID

VIA AIR MAIL

Air mail to Exchange Office Par Avion, London to Continent

Detroit to Vienna, by air at both ends, 1937. With domestic RRR handstamp, and on entry into Vienna, ms crayon R.S., standard Austrian abbreviation for $R\ddot{u}ckschein$. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, combined US airmail to exchange point and surface rate, 8¢ per ounce, and airmail from London, 3¢ per half ounce; double the first, and quadruple the second, so the letter weighed $1\frac{1}{2}^+$ –2 ounces.

Printed matter air mail



New York to the Hague, by air in Europe, 1937. Airmail refers only to within Europe. At this time, airmail printed matter required the full airmail charge for first class mail. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, triple surface at 5¢ per for the first ounce & 3¢ for each additional, plus quintuple 3¢ per half ounce airmail from France.

AR Air to Canada, 1942

Surprisingly little exists



St Louis to Hamilton (Ont), 1943. Both RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED and AVIS DE RECEPTION handstamps, the former applied initially, and the latter applied later. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and 6¢ airmail with Canada for the first ounce (effective 1934–43). Stamps are perfinned C St L.



Cincinnati—Cristobal, air all the way, then Cristobal—Colon—Cristobal, July 1939. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR, & 15¢ combined air mail to Panama (in effect 1 December 1937), via Miami—Cristobal.



Air to Bermuda



Flushing (NY)—Bermuda, airmail all the way, June 1938. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, & 10¢ air rate to Bermuda (from February 1938).





New York-Hamilton, airmail all the way, October 1938. Rated as above.

Air to South America



New Jersey-British Guiana, July 1935. Rated 30¢ air (half-ounce, 1930-45), 15¢ reg'n, & 5¢ AR.



California-Brazil, July 1940. Rated 40¢ air (half-ounce), 15¢ reg'n, & 5¢ AR.

Air to South America



New York-Buenos Aires, June 1940. Rated 40¢ air (1937-45), 15¢ reg'n, & 5¢ AR.

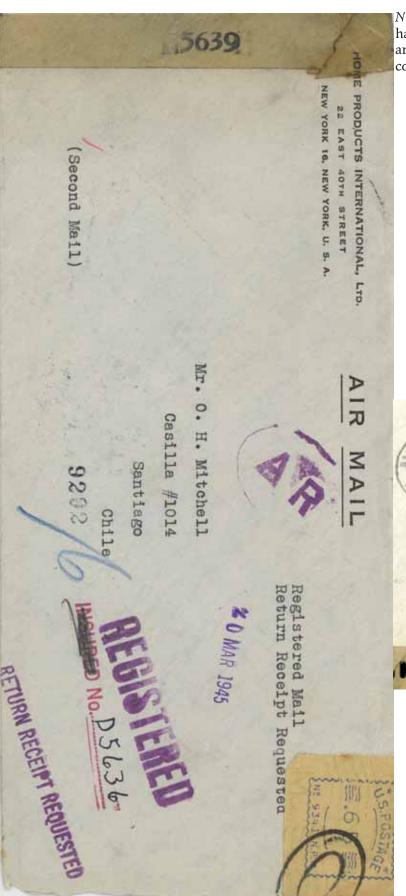
Air to South America



Indianapolis—Chile, July 1943. **Rated** triple [per half-ounce] air 40¢, 15¢ reg'n, and 5¢ AR, overpaid 1¢. US censorship.



New York-Peru, August 1944. Rated [per half-ounce] air 30¢, 15¢ reg'n, and 5¢ AR. US censorship.



NY-Santiago, March 1945. **Rated** air to Chile 40¢ (per half ounce); registration 20¢ (as of 1 February 1945), and AR fee 5¢. Us censorship. Unusually for an AR cover, paid by meter.



Transatlantic airmail (1939)

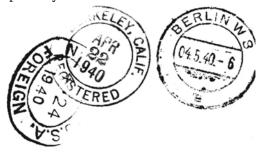
Transatlantic airmail became available, and the all-inclusive fee was 30¢ per half ounce, initiated 23 May 1939. As a result, a single weight airmail registered cover with AR to Europe cost exactly 50¢.



New York-Netherlands, July 1939. Rated as explained.



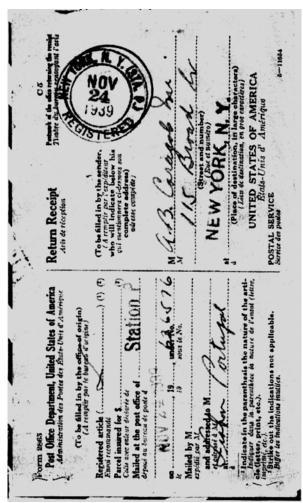
California—Germany, April 1940. Odd AVIS DE RECEPCION handstamp. **Rated** as explained. No Nazi censorship, possibly because of address.



To Portugal, returned to sender with AR card still attached



NY—Lisbon, with card & receipt, November 1939. Rated 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ A R, & 30¢ transatlantic airmail. Typescript Deliver to addressee only (restricted delivery) struck through; this service available only domestically. WWII had begun, but US & Portugal were neutral.



US (international) AR card, dull brown. Still attached to envelope by two staples.



Transatlantic to France, service suspended



California—France, October 1940—September 1941. **Rated** standard 30¢ transatlantic air, 15¢ registration, and 5¢ AR fee. Addressed to St-Junien (Vienne), it would have been forwarded to Paris, had it not been under Nazi occupation.

Ms on reverse reads destinataire parti/zone occupée/ne pouvons faire suivre (addressee has gone (to the) occupied region; (we) cannot forward). It was returned to sender, taking about seven months to get back to New York, and hanging around there for three months.



Transatlantic to Germany, held for six years



Milwaukee–Weiden (Bavaria), December 1940–August 1946. **Rated** 30¢ transatlantic air, 15¢ registration, and 5¢ AR fee. Held in Jamaica by British censor, then RELEASED, and sent off.

Sticker (applied in Germany) on reverse translates to, Held mails released by censor. Reply should comply with current regulations.



Transatlantic to Hungary, held for five years

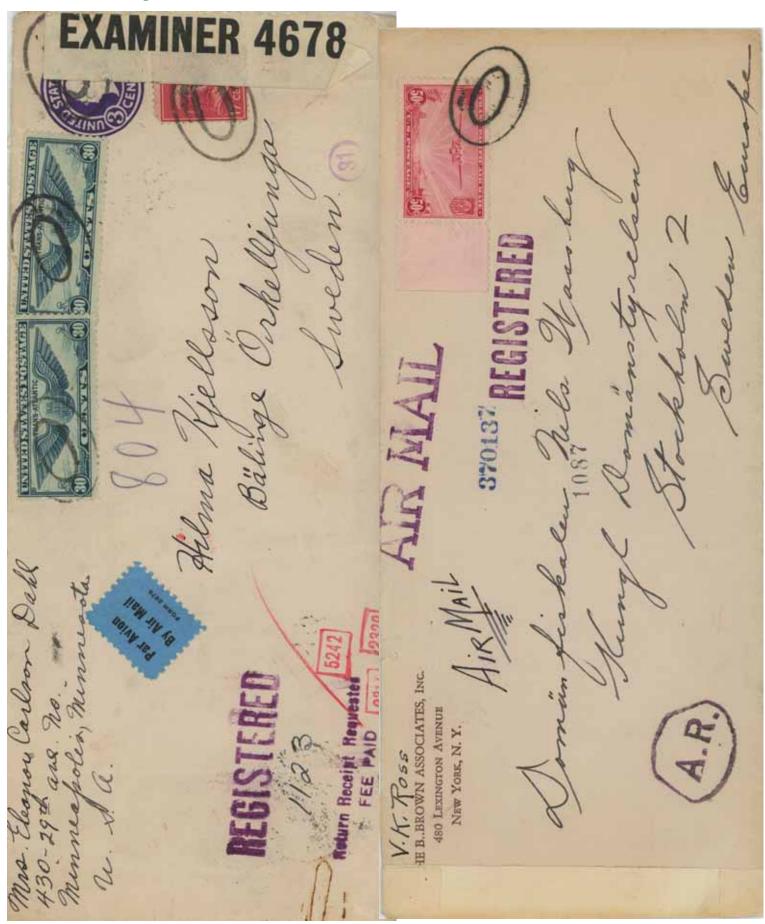


Gary (IN)—Baltakoz (Hungary), quadruple, July 1941–46. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR fee, quadruple 30¢ transatlantic rate per half ounce. Us censor. Clear Budapest datestamp reads 946 MAR 19.

Held in Jamaica by British censor, then RELEASED, and sent to Hungary.



Double and single transatlantic rate to Sweden



Minneapolis—Sweden, double, 1941. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ A R fee, double 30¢ transatlantic rate. U s censor.

New York—Sweden, 1942. **Rated** as at left, except single. Distorted New York A.R. handstamp. US censor.

Airmail to UK



Forest Grove (OR)—Edinburgh, August 1941. Via Portland (OR) and New York. Total postage is \$1.10, made up of 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, and triple transatlantic airmail at 30¢ per half ounce.

One-of-a-kind Avis-de-Reception hs.



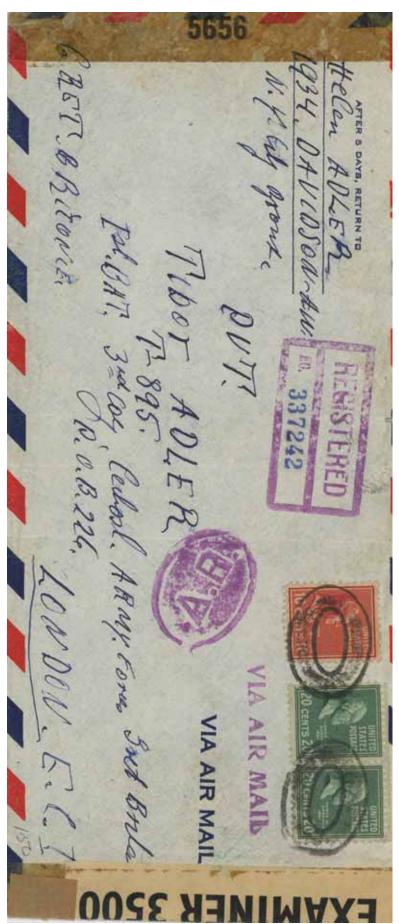
Transatlantic to Switzerland

No service available (even though Switzerland was neutral).



Washington (DC)—Geneva, returned to sender, July 1942. Rated 30¢ transatlantic air, 15¢ registration, and 5¢ AR fee. US censor. RETURN TO SENDER, NO SERVICE AVAILABLE applied in US.





NY–London, October 1943. **Rated** usual 50¢ combined transatlantic air mail rate. Us and UK censorship. To a soldier in the Czechoslovak army.



Airmail to Liechtenstein



New York-Vaduz, 1940. Rated 30¢ transatlantic air, 15¢ registration, and 5¢ AR fee.



China clipper air mail

China clipper service operated 21 April 1937–7 December 1941, San Francisco–Honolulu–Philippines–Hong Kong. The charge to China and India was 70¢ (less to the Philippines and other places).

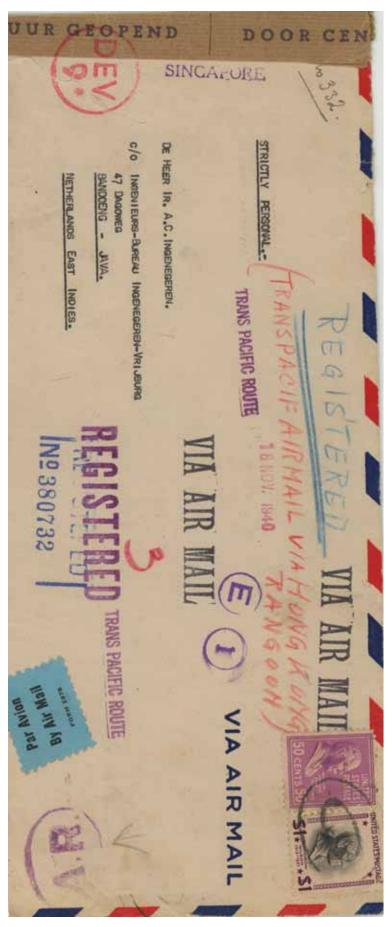


Philadelphia to Hong Kong, 1939. Rated 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR, and 70¢ clipper rate.



Chicago to Shanghai, 1939. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR, and 70¢ clipper rate. Shanghai letter carrier's mark. Likely addressed to a Jewish refugee from Nazi Germany.

Clipper to Dutch East Indies (Java)



NY–Java, double, October 1940. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, & 65¢ per half ounce trans-Pacific airmail (China clipper), via San Francisco.

Censored in Singapore and Dutch East Indies.



China clipper to India

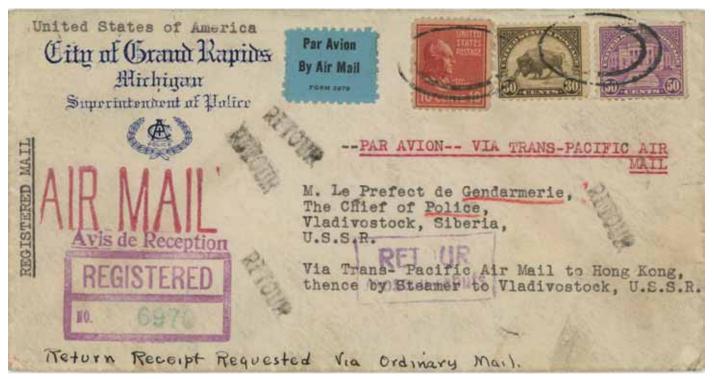


Topeka (KS) to Karachi, nonatuple, July 1941. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, & nine times 70¢ per half ounce clipper airmail. One of a handful of non-philatelic, non-parcel tag uses of the \$5 Prexy.

Censored in India.



Clipper to Russia



Grand Rapids to Vladivostok, returned to sender, March 1941. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, and 70¢ per half ounce (via China clipper).



Manuscript text reads Retour/inconnu. Gold-coloured seal of the Grand Rapids police force.

Clipper to India



Double to India, 1941. Rated 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ AR, and 70¢ per half ounce (via China clipper). Indian censorship.



To Asia and Africa

From 2 December 1941, all-inclusive air mail rate to Ethiopia and Palestine (both via Leopoldville and Cairo) was 70¢ per half ounce.



Chicago—Addis Ababa, 1942. Rated 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, and 70¢ as explained above. With British and Indian FPO hs. Addressed to Haile Selassie.



Newark–Tel Aviv, double censor, 1942. **Rated** as above. With British and Palestine censor tapes.



Los Angeles to Sydney, October 1941. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 5¢ AR, and 70¢ per half ounce, LA-New Zealand-Sydney (service and rate began 2 July 1940). Australian censor.



Los Angeles to Calcutta, returned to sender, December 1945. **Rated** as above, Via Leopoldville—Cairo (service and rate began 2 July 1940).



Chicago—Casablanca, 1942. Rated 53¢: airmail to Morocco (in this case, via neutral Spain) was 33¢ per half ounce (for the duration of the war, to 1946); plus 15¢ registration and 5¢ AR. Boyau translates to casing (as in catgut).



Air to Réunion, 1945

From 17 December 1941–1946, air mail rate to Réunion (via Madagascar) was 30¢ per half ounce. Previously, this was FAM 18 with Vichy link at Lisbon; later from Miami to Dakar (Senegal) to Madagascar to Réunion, via Free French or Sabena service.



New Orleans-Réunion, forwarded therein, 1 May 1945. Rated 85¢: double 30¢ air mail, 20¢ registration fee (commenced February 1945), and 5¢ A R.

Censor tape applied at New Orleans. Two days to Miami, 53 days to Diego Suarez (Madagascar), one day to Tananarive (Madagascar), and four to St Dénis (capital of Réunion); next day at original address, Bois-de-Nèfles—St Paul. Then readdressed to Placourt (in the town of Ste-Marie, not far from the capital), returned to St Denis, and then sent to the final destination same day.



Post-war airmail



Detroit to Naples, via air and with special delivery, May 1946. Encircled purple rubber A.R. handstamp.

Although franked with a batch of stamps, this is probably commercial mail.

Rated a total of \$1.05: 20¢ registration; A R 5¢; international special delivery 20¢; and double airmail (to Europe) at 30¢ per half ounce (in effect until November 1946).



Post-war airmail



Sextuple to Prague, 1946. Rated 20¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and 25¢ per half ounce.





Miami to Budapest, September 1946. **Rated** 20¢ registration, 5¢ A R fee, and double 30¢ airmail to Europe (until November 1946). American Hungarian relief cinderella on reverse. The large crayon *B* indicates censorship in Hungary.



Long Island to Helsinki, 1949. Rated 25¢ registration (from January 1949), 5¢ AR fee, and 15¢ airmail to Europe (from November 1946)

Air to Europe





Chicago to Cluj (Romania), double, 1948. **Rated** double 15¢ per half ounce, 20¢ registration, and 5¢ A R.

Airmail to Greece



Benton Harbor (MI) to Kykladas (Tinos Island, Greece), 1947. Rated 15¢ single half ounce airmail, 20¢ registration, and

5¢ A R.



 $\downarrow\downarrow$ Chicago to Athens, 1948. Rated as at left.

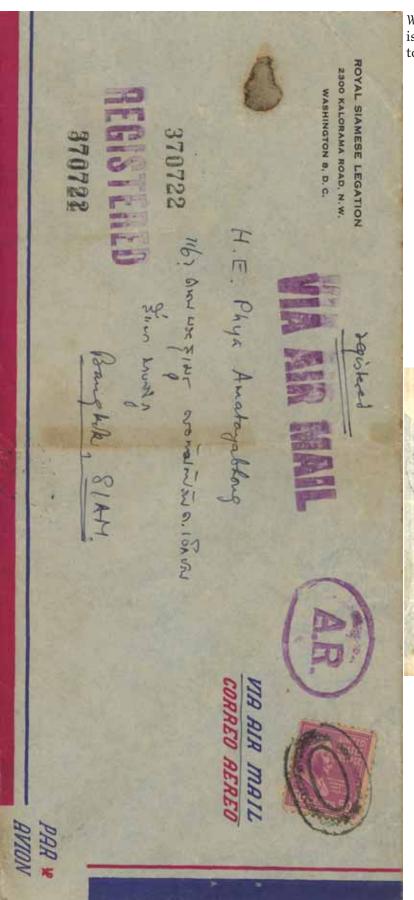


Post-war air to Central America



New York to Costa Rica, February 1947. Rated 20¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and 10¢ airmail per ounce.

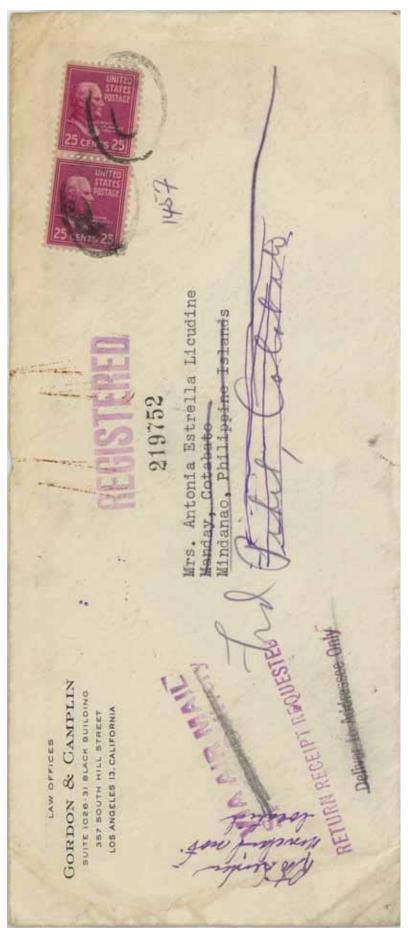
Post-war airmail, to Thailand



Washington to Bangkok, October 1947. **Rated** 20¢ registration, 5¢ AR, & 25¢ per half ounce (from 1946) to Asia.



Post-war airmail, to Philippines



Los Angeles to Midanao, forwarded, October 1948. **Rated** 20¢ registration, 5¢ AR, & 25¢ per half ounce (from 1946) to Asia.



Post-war air to Hong Kong and China



New York to Hong Kong, September 1946. Faint Return Receipt Requested/FEE PAID handstamp at right. Rated 20¢ registration, 5¢ AR fee, and double 70¢ per half ounce airmail to most of Asia (to 31 October 1946).



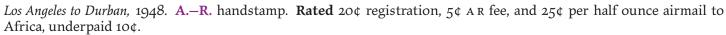
Post-war airmail to Philippines



Post-war airmail to Africa

From 1 November 1946, airmail to Africa was supposed to be 25¢ per half ounce; this cover is not consistent.







Post-war airmail to Egypt

Philadelphia to Mit Bera, forwarded, triple, 1948. Rated 20¢ registration, 5¢ AR, and triple 15¢ per ounce.



International money packages

Tags for bags of cash, typically sent between banks. These are common domestically, but rarely seen internationally. Sent domestically, they were eligible for extra indemnity; but this was not available on mail abroad.

Once in Canada, these would likely have been treated as *money packets* (a separate and much more expensive category of registered mail, also available internationally from Canada).



St Paul (MN) to Winnipeg, 1929. Handstamp Return Receipt Demanded. \$2.74 in postage. With 15¢ registration fee, 5¢ AR fee (domestic RR R fee was 3¢) and surface rate to Canada at 2¢ per ounce (same as domestic), the package must have weighed 77 ounces.





Postage due AR

International postage due AR (due to short payment) is much less frequently seen than domestic—possibly because clerks at ports of exit were more careful.



Short paid to Germany, 1923. **Rated** 10¢ reg'n; should have also paid 5¢ UPU rate, thus shortpaid by 3¢. Doubled to 6¢ and converted to 30 centimes due.



Purple handstamp, applied at New York, of the type, \dots please advise your correspondent \dots , giving u P u rate.



Postage due AR, coming & going

Sonora—US, Mexican civil war, April 1914.
10 centavos reg'n, 10 cvo A R, & 5 cvo to U s.
In U s, charged 14¢,
10¢ reg'n & double deficiency 2¢ from Mexico.

During civil war, factions issued (& stole) stamps. For a short period, US refused to recognize any Mexican stamps as valid.

Seattle—Malta, 1923.

Rated 10¢ reg'n,
5¢ UPU rate, no
AR fee, shortpaid
3¢. NYT 30 ctm
due. Hs reverse
Please advise...

California—Shanghai, poste restante fee,

1940. **Rated** 15¢ reg'n, 5¢ A R, & 5¢ U P U rate to China. Chinese poste restante fee 5¢ (of CNC\$) paid with stamp. Likely addressed to Jewish refugee.

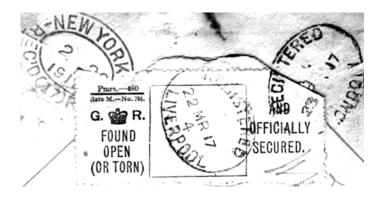
AR wreck covers

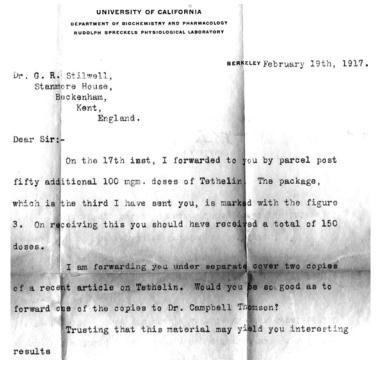
Worldwide, perhaps about ten international wreck AR covers are known; two are presented here.



California—England, 1917. The ss Norwegian (steamer owned by Leyland & Co) was torpedoed off the Irish coast on 13 March 1917. It was beached in shallow water, and fisherman salvaged the mails for months. DAMAGED BY SEA WATER applied at Liverpool, as was the official seal on reverse.

Had the stamps not floated off, the franking would have been 10¢ reg'n and 2¢ treaty rate to UK.





A real wreck

Unknown ship



Munich—California, damaged by sea water, & returned to sender, 1905. German trilingual AR handstamp. Rated 20 Pfennig (= 25 ctm = 5¢) for each of registration, AR and UPU letter rates. In Germany at this time, AR fee (20 Pf) was paid on the accompanying AR form. Mailed 28 October, returned 24 January 1906.

DAMAGED BY SEA WATER handstamp, OPEN When Received at DEAD LETTER OFFICE, and various odds and ends, such as the officially sealed stamps. These are *over* the NOTICE SENT handstamp, so it is likely that the cover was damaged by water on the return trip.



Inquiry (réclamation)

US und han

Post Office Department

MAR 2 01914

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Mashington

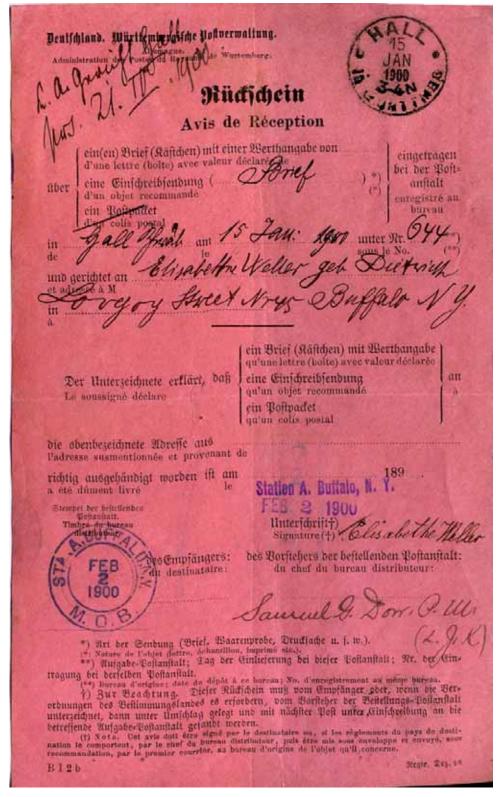
RÉCLAMATION

	INQUIRI						
-1	d'un objet recommandé l'auhage (a)						
	ou d'un envoi de valeur déclarée de)						
	or for an article of declared value of Contenant Che Prints etc (c)						
	containing) , was a						
	déposé par M de Co. Wells Loe 24, 191 5						
	sous le No. 13737 (au bureau de Morth Jahima, Wa						
di.	à l'addresse suivante:						
rigine f orig	bearing the following address: Jacunes Tive Home						
service d'origine, e country of origi	11 + 1 100 9						
coun	Tingston on (Chames, London, (a)						
s les n the	et faisant Vobjet d'une demande d'avis de réception for which a return-receipt has been requested						
r dar	DISPATCH WITHIN THE UNITED STATES						
filled	The registered article in question was dispatched, 191 , in { Jacket. I. R. S.						
A r	The registered at their in question was disputed to the registered at their in question was disputed to the registered at their in question was disputed to the registered at their in question was disputed to the registered at their in question was disputed to the registered at their in question was disputed to the registered at their in question was disputed to the registered at the registered at their in question was disputed to the registered at the regist						
-	to the exchange office of						
	L'envoi désigné ci-dessus a été expédié dans la dépêche du bureau d'échange de l'Envoi described article was comprised in the mail dispatched from the exchange office of						
m157							
ME	of f dispatch) for the exchange office of f						
-	Il a été inscrit sous le No. 373 7 (du tableau I de la feuille d'avis de la feuille d'envoi No.) It was entered under No. 1 (in Table I of the Letter Bill on detached sheet No. 1						
	Le soussigné déclare que l'envoi susmentionné a été dûment livré à l'ayant droit le						
inquin	The undersigned declars that the above-mentioned article was duly delivered to the proper						
	ry form, sent and returned from KK, March 1914. Hoolscap size (the bottom third is folded tamp of the office of delivery						
ler). Registered letter was mailed December 1913 and delivered January 1914. Signed and detamped by postmasters on route. Declared value (for customs) \$100000.							
	Le chef du Muzeau distributeur:						
on,	Chief of the office of delivery:						
ution, insti-	A. Oros ar						
e destination, y of destination	Le soussigné déclare que l'envoi es mentionné						
de d	The undersigned declares that the above-mentioned article.						

Incoming réclamation, part 1

Two German AR forms for the same item, #644; on this and following page. Both are properly signed by the recipient. The earlier, dated January 1900, was returned from Buffalo in early February, yet apparently not received until at April.

The second form was mailed in May, marked *Réclamation de l'avis de réception*, inquiring about the arrival of the same registered letter, #644, with German PO form attached on reverse. Received by Washington PO inspector in May. In August, the acting fourth assistant postmaster general's office confirmed that the item had been delivered in February.



A R form, Hall—Buffalo and reverse, January 1900. Buffalo money order business datestamp. Notation at upper left suggests received in Germany in late April.

Incoming réclamation, part 2



Subsequent A R form used as réclamation, May—August 1900. Presumably because of the very long time before the first A R form was received (late April), this was sent out, as a (provisional) inquiry, Réclamation de l'avis de réception.

AR in the Philippines, as a US territory

HE Philippines (one *l*, three *ps*) consists of a group of Pacific islands. The period covered is 1899–1945 (including the period of Japanese occupation—a moot point, since I don't have any). There is also a Spanish colonial period domestic registered cover for which the signed cover was returned as proof of delivery.

Rates are taken from PR Rodriguez, *Postage rates and conditions* 1898–1946, *first class mails—letters and postcards*, Philippine Philatelic Journal, fourth quarter 2009, 22–24. This and useful comments were kindly supplied by Geoff Lewis, RDP, who also provided the images and explanations of the Spanish period cover.

Philippines: mini-exhibit synopsis

UST covers, except for the 1911 form. Also, an 1868 (Spanish colonial period, and pre-GPU) domestic cover.

Philippines, Spanish colonial period

As part of domestic registration practise, the addressee signed the envelope and this was returned to the sender as proof of delivery. Evidently a form of return receipt. Pre-GPU.



Camarines Norte to Manila, 1868. Reverse of envelope, showing 25 centimos stamp paying registration fee, and 3½ cmo stamp paying internal postage (the latter is overprinted HABILITADO POR LA NACION, but the former is not).



Front of envelope, showing signature of addressee: to the left of the Manila datestamp, VM de Garchitorena. Upper right is the endorsement, C de Cam^s Norte (C: certificado—literally certified, but meaning registered).

Courtesy of Geoff Lewis (Australia)

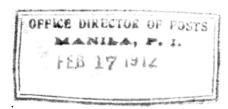
Philippines international AR service

AR form

Post-Vienna period

В.	ADMINISTRATION OF THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. (3870.)
M. Carlot	RETURN RECEIPT AVIS DE RÉCEPTION
for a registered article	(1) entered at the office of energistre an bureau de energistre au bureau de energistre en e
and addressed to ME	The undersigned certifies that a registered letter to the above address and
Stamp of the office of delivery. Timbre du bureau distributeur.	Le soussigné déclare qu'un objet recommandé à l'adresse susmentionnée et originating at has been duly delivered provenant de a été dûment livré
	the
(1) Nature of the article (1) Nature de l'objet (lette	etter, sample, mest (se)
(2) Office of origin; date of (2) Bareau d'origine; date (3) This return receipt mu office of delivery; the to which it relates.	mailing at that office; No. of entry at said office, de depôt à ce bureau; No. l'enregistrement au même bureau. It is to aigned by the addressee; or, if the regulations of the country of destination permit it, by the chief of the en placed in an envelope and transmitted, under registration, by the first mail to the office of origin of the article par le destination ou, at les règlaments du pays de destination le comportent, par le chef du bureau distributeur, veloppe et envoyé, sous recommandation, par le premier courrier, au bureau d'origine de l'objet qu'il concerne.

For a registered letter from Manila to Barcelona (Spain), 1911. Required a covering envelope. The form number (upper right), 3870, is the same as that of US forms.



Post-Vienna

From 1898 to at least 1935, AR was a free option on registered mail. The preferred formula for AR, at least on letters to the US, seems to have been *Return receipt requested*, as in the US.

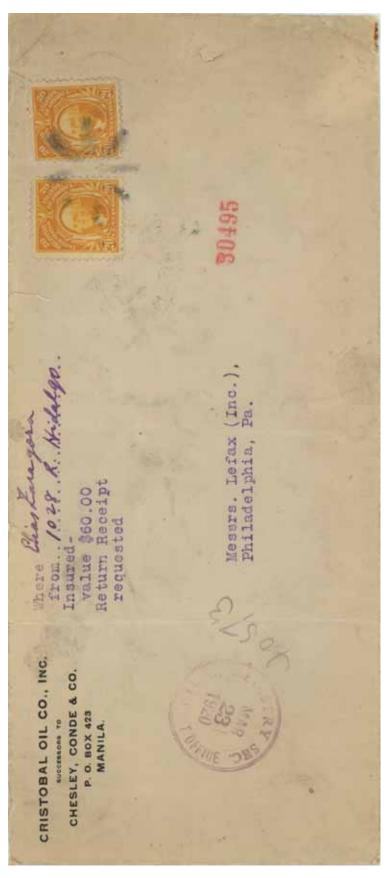
Registration to outside the Philippines was 16 cvo (equivalent to 8¢ US), 1898–1924, and 20 cvo, 1924–46. Within the Philippines, it was 16 cvo for the entire period.



Manila to Jamaica, 1916. Boxed outline AR handstamp. Rated 26 cvo (equivalent to US 13¢), made up of 16 cvo registration and 10 cvo UPU rate per half ounce (applicable everywhere except to US and possessions). The Jamaican double oval handstamp was applied partially to the form.



San Jose de Buenavista to Somerville MA with extra indemnity?, 1921. Ms Return Receipt Requested, and also [Insured]. A total of 68 cvo = 34¢ postage paid. This appears to have been sent as registered mail with extra indemnity. Unfortunately, there seems to be no information available on the rates for this service. Other rates were 4 cvo per ounce (to Us & possessions), and 16 cvo registration.



Manila to Philadelphia, extra indemnity?, 1920. Typescript Insured value \$60.00/Return Receipt requested.

Postage of 40 cvo. Postmarked by the registered sections of Manila, New York, and Philadelphia, and given a registration number (in red), this was probably treated as registered mail. Extra indemnity rates unknown.





Manila-New York, forwarded, 1934. Fancy endorsement by sender. Rated 20 cvo registration, and 6 cvo to the U.S.



Talisay (Cebu)—DC, 1935. Red ms Return card requested. Rated as above.

AR in Canal Zone

ANAL ZONE was a territory of the Us over the period 1903-79. The postal rates were those of the Us (from 1904), and mail to the rest of the Us was treated as domestic.

It consisted of a narrow strip centred on the Panama Canal. In 1904, Panama granted it to the U s in perpetuity. However, over the period 1979–99, it gradually became part of Panama, despite protestations about tinhorn dictators.

There are numerous philatelic items in this area of postal history; I have tried to avoid them.

Canal Zone: micro-exhibit synopsis

UST covers, restricted to 1945 or earlier.

Canal Zone international AR service



AR covers

Post-Vienna

us rates applied in Canal Zone.

Balboa to Vancouver, 1924–25. No backstamps; dating is based on some of the overprinted Panamanian stamps having been issued in 1924, and overprinted Us stamps introduced 1925.

Typescript Return Receipt requested.

Rated 12 centesimo, in this case, equivalent to 12¢, made up of 10¢ registration and 2¢ rate to Canada (AR was a free option on international mail at this time).



Post-Vienna

While 20¢ was the standard combination rate (15¢ registration, 3¢ RRR, and 2¢ single domestic or local rate) in the period 1925–1932, it was seldom paid the hard way.

Gatun to Fort de Lesseps (Cristobal), 1926.

Rated as indicated above. Stamp paying the RRR fee is on the left. All stamps overprinted **CANAL ZONE** (thinner lettering on the 3¢), killed (unusually) with cork cancels.



Cristobal at left dated two days later.

US postal rates, except for airmail, applied.



Balboa Heights to Oakland, 1931. Ms return receipt requested handstamp. Rated 15¢ registration, 3¢ RRR. and 2¢, the first two paid by overprinted Us stamps, and the last on the stationery

US postal rates, except for airmail, applied.



Gatun—Long Island, by air, 1932. Standard US RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED handstamp. Rated 15¢ registration, 3¢ RRR. and 20¢ per half-ounce airmail between CZ and US (1930—37), the first two rates paid by overprinted US stamps.



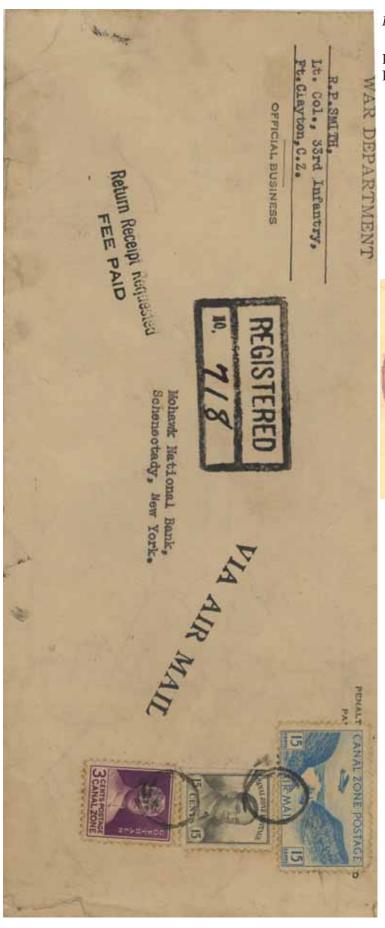
Balboa Heights to Statesville (NC), by air 1932. This time in blue: RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED. Rated as above.



Cristobal—San Pedro (CA), by air, 1938. A standard US handstamp. Rated 15¢ registration, 3¢ RRR. and 15¢ per half-ounce airmail between cz and us (1938–45).



Balboa-Chicago, by air, 1938. Same handstamp. Same franking as above.



Fort Clayton to Schenectady (NY), by air 1941.

On a penalty cover, but evidently used for personal purposes. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 3¢ RRR, and 15¢ air per half-ounce to Us.





Soldier's mail, to Chicago, 1942. **Rated** 15¢ registration, 3¢ RRR, and 6¢ concessionary military airmail rate. Self-censored and Panama censorship.

Courtesy of George Campbell



Curundu to Wappingers Falls (NY), by air, November 1945. **Rated** 20¢ registration and 4¢ RRR (both from March 1944), and double 10¢ per half-ounce airmail between U S & Canal Zone (from April 1945).

AR in Hawaii

AWAII consists of a large number of islands in the middle of the Pacific. It was a monarchy until 1893, when a coup by resident foreigners on 17 January 1893 resulted in an independent republic, which it remained until 1898. It was then annexed by the U s, becoming a territory in 1900. It became a state in 1959. In 1993, the U s Congress passed the Apology Resolution, apologizing for the illegal overthrow of 1893.

For practically everything about Hawaiian postal history, see the website *Post office in paradise* (url: hawaiianstamps.com). Hundreds of Hawaiian AR covers exist in the Vienna period (take a look at Schuyler-Rumsey catalogues over the past decade), the vast majority being grotesquely philatelic. Consequently, I would expect to see lots, or at least some, foreign AR forms returned to Hawaii (in the Vienna period, forms were prepared at the destination office), but I haven't seen any.

The website doesn't mention the existence of a Hawaiian AR form (in the Vienna period, this would mean for an incoming registered letter). Here the only one I know about is shown.

Hawaii: micro-exhibit synopsis

HE unique form, and two covers that are probably not philatelic.

Hawaii international AR service

AR form

Vienna period

The (so far) unique Hawaiian AR form.

Administration de	e Hawaii			
233111711171747411171171171				
	AVIS DE	RECE	PTION,	
	ACRNOWLE	EDGMENT OF DE	LIVERY.	
d'un objet recoms of a registered	mande enregistre sous le article engred under	309843 et add	tressed to M Francisco	i ais Fried
	at Officer	on the	27 aug ni	189
Timbre du Bureau distributeur. Stamp of the distributing office.		de Day	objet recommande a l'achat a registered article t	
	Linear To	12 1897	18	mas been du
(SIGNATUI	RE*	
	da destinataire; of the addressee: Brancis Peith	fur B.Ed.	dn chief du bure of the chief of th	au distributour: e distributong office
listributeur, puls etre mi 'objet qu'il concerne, (*) This acknowledg	e signe par le destinataire on, s is sous enveloppe et envoye, s gment must be signed by the uting office and should be put i	ous recommendation, p adressee, or, the regul	ar le premier courrier, au ations of the country of de	bureau d'origine d estination permitting

For a registered letter from Dayton (OH) to Honolulu, 1897. Properly signed. Returned in a covering envelope.

AR covers, Vienna period

Hundreds of Hawaiian AR covers exist (in the Vienna period). Most are philatelic.



Honolulu to Leipzig, September 1893. Standard fancy Hawaiian **R** and prosaic A.R. handstamps. Rated 10¢ registration, 5¢ AR, and 5¢ UPU rate. Blue crayon *Rückschein* probably applied on German Seapost ship to incoming AR covers. Appears to be non-philatelic (not overpaid, and addressed to a tobacconist).



Kohala to Washington via Honolulu, 1897. Rated as above. The Kohala postmark (on the stamps) is type II, 282.013.