## 1870-71 FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR SIEGE MAIL

<u>Background</u>: The Franco-Prussian War began on July 16, 1870, and the French were soon in disorderly retreat from their eastern frontier. During the rapid German westward advance, a number of fortified cities were bypassed and isolated by sieges ranging in duration from two weeks to four months. The last city to surrender was Belfort, which capitulated on February 16, 1871. To maintain letter communications between these besieged fortresses and unoccupied France, a variety of partially successful methods for transmission of the mails were employed, including manned and unmanned balloons, line-crossers, *Boules de Moulins*, and diplomatic or Red Cross couriers. Because of the short duration of these sieges, most of this mail is rare, but incoming mail is considerably rarer than outgoing mail.

<u>Scope and Study</u>: Letters which crossed enemy lines are exhibited from all sieges for which incoming or outgoing siege mail is known. The majority of the exhibit focuses on <u>Paris</u>, and mail is shown from all 66 balloons known to have carried mail. Special emphasis is on privileged and confided mail, and considerable original research is contained in the classification of such mail. Regular balloon mail is strongly represented, as is diplomatic pouch mail, *Boules de Moulins* attempts at return mail, and rare line-crosser mail in both directions. For <u>Metz</u> and <u>Belfort</u>, both balloon mail and line-crosser mail are shown. Much original research is also contained in this portion of the exhibit. From <u>Neuf-Brisach</u>, <u>Schlestadt</u> and <u>Strasbourg</u>, very rare line-crosser mail is included.

<u>Presentation</u>: The first section, comprising six frames, is dedicated to Paris balloon mail. Each of the 66 mail-carrying balloons is listed chronologically, followed by a selection of unusual usages and destinations. The seventh frame displays Parisian line-crosser, *Boules de Moulins*, and diplomatic pouch mail. The final frame covers the remaining sieges. Highlights include a comprehensive display of Metz Pharmacists' and Engineers' balloon mail, the only known example of siege mail from Schlestadt and very rare balloon mail from Belfort. For each page, the siege is identified at the top of the page. The type of mail is described in the upper left corner, and the upper right corner summarizes what is notable about the page; greater detail is provided in the body of the page.



Aérostiers mail posted September 24 at Tours train station – this letter arrived September 26 in Fécamp

One of only two Aérostiers cachets known from this balloon



Posted September 18 with military free-frank – September 27 (*1e levée*) arrival near Tours too early for next balloon

Rare *Paris rue des Feuillantines* 30c tax datestamp – crossed out to acknowledge free frank



Letter dated September 22 from General Vinoy, commander of 13<sup>th</sup> Corps - only-known *Ministre de la Guerre (1)* cachet Carried in official government sack which arrived September 24 at Tours - **only official mail known from this balloon** 



Balloon landed near occupied Triel – confided mail taken to Tours September 27 via Meulan and Mantes *Pli confié* datelined *Paris 24 7bre 1870* and posted September 27 in Tours by pilot – illegible arrival mark



Letter showing rare marking and extra franking of *levée exceptionelle* (special collection) – arrived September 29 Regular mail was routed via Mantes and Le Mans, illustrated by this cover's September 27 Le Mans transit



Letter dated September 25 from General Vinoy - *Gouvernement de la défense Nationale* mail confided to official sack Balloon landed September 29 near Mantes, but official sack not opened until the 30th at Tours - arrived Nantes October 2



Letter from Postal official mailed at *Paris Etranger* bureau - earliest known usage (only 30 covers known in total)

Arrived in Moscow October 6 (Julian calendar) - arrival marks in Russia are rare



Balloon landed near Dreux and most confided mail processed there – Dreux's *gros chiffres 1352* is typical cancel *Pli confié* with October 6 Habsheim arrival - *Dreux petits chiffres du gros chiffres 1352* – fewer than 5 known



Pli confié datelined Paris 29 7bre 1870 – arrived October 5 in Tretz - Dreux gros chiffres 1352 cancel



Postcard posted Sept. 28 with no arrival - captor's gothic note "Here is a souvenir from the balloon. I sent one to Hans"



Postcard to the USA with no arrival marks - balloon carried only 1125 cards (all captured) so survivors are scarce



Aérostiers mail was jettisoned over occupied Luzarches and smuggled to Magny-en-Vexin via occupied Pontoise Pli confié datelined Paris 5 Octobre with Aérostiers cachet - posted October 8 at Magny-en-Vexin - no arrival mark



Letter posted October 1 - **returned to** *Rebuts* **October 5** after linecrosser failed to carry it successfully out of Paris Given to Paris (SC) bureau on October 6 for forwarding by this balloon - arrived in St. Sébastien October 10



October 5 earliest known use of Paris (SC) - Oct. 8 Lille à Paris C transit characteristic of this balloon - arrived Oct. 11



Confided to balloon pilot Revillod (per text) who had *Aerostiers cachet* applied - arrived October 11

Text reference to Revillod proves October 8 *Calais à Paris D* transit on aerostiers mail is from this balloon



Balloon landed near Cambrai - confided mail left at nearby Douai on October 13

\*Pli confié datelined 7 Octobre midi - posted at Douai on October 13 (5th collection) - arrived October 17



Pli confié datelined Montrouge 4 Octobre 1870 with Gouvernement de la défense Nationale cachet for official sack

Official mail processed at Douai train station one day later than confided mail - arrived October 17 in Dijon



Plie confié dated October 10 with Aerostiers cachet - mail processed Oct. 12 at Lille, shown by Lille à Paris D transit



Regular mail processed a day later - very unusual to identify 'Louis Blanc' regular mail - sent to occupied France



14<sup>th</sup> Corps officer's letter datelined Courbevoie Oct. 6 – rare doubling of Paris (SC) postmark – arrived Oct. 16



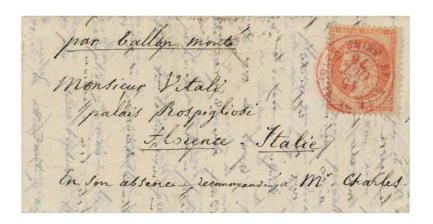
Plie confié datelined Nogent fort Oct. 12 – carried by passenger Keratry, who was on diplomatic mission to Spain Keratry passed through Marignane October 17 en-route to ship for Spain – arrived Toulon October 18



Balloon landed near Nogent – confided mail left October 15 at Troyes – Troyes *gros chiffres 4034* is typical cancel Pli confié datelined Paris 13 8bre – only two examples with Troyes October 15 (1st collection) datestamp are known



Pli confié datelined October 13 – carried in official sack and processed at Tours – rare P.P. cancel



Letter posted October 15 at rare *Recette Principale Seine bureau* - arrived in Italy October 23 **Use of 40c Siege stamp 3 days before official issuance on October 18** – earliest known usage



Posted October 15 at Paris (SC) bureau – this mail processed October 19 (1st collection) at Tours



Postcards from this balloon jettisoned as ballast near Soissons to evade enemy fire – recovered on the ground Oct. 17-18 Small number of cards postmarked at recovery points – this shows the very rare **October 17 Sains recovery postmark** 



Postcard with rare October 18 Anizy-le-Chateau recovery postmark – arrived in occupied territory March 14, 1871



Balloon landed October 18 in occupied territory - confided mail processed October 21 at Tours – *gros chiffres 3997* cancel *Pli confié* datelined *Dimanche 16 8bre* with *Aérostiers* cachet and green *Maire du 18e Arrondt. de Paris* private cachet



Part of this balloon's confided mail went north via Rocroi to Tours; the other part went south October 22 via Dijon Pli confié datelined October 19 – northern mail processed October 19 at Rocroi – arrived October 26



Pli confié datelined 18 8bre - confided to passenger Tristan de l'Heroube – southern mail postmarked Oct. 23 at arrival



Pli confié datelined Oct. 19 with Aérostiers cachet - processed Nov. 1 on Granville à Paris ambulant near destination



Pli confié datelined October 18 with Aérostiers cachet – processed November 2 at Nantes, close to destination



Balloon was captured upon its landing in Germany - passengers escaped with a very small amount of confided mail *Pli confié* datelined *Camp de Rosny 18 8bre 1870* - **confided to passenger Col. Le Boudec** by one of his ex-soldiers Letter posted October 30 at Pontarlier on French frontier - arrived November 2 in St. Brieuc - *ex-Francois, Courtois* 



Pli confié datelined 23 8bre - confided to passenger Col. Delapierre of 62e Regt. - arrived November 5 in St. Malo



Balloon landed Oct. 27 in occupied territory - confided mail processed Oct. 28 at Bar-le-Duc or Nov. 2 at Tours *Pli confié* datelined Oct. 24 with *Ministre des Travaux publics* cachet - Oct. 28 Bar transit for Nov. 5 arrival in Nantes



 $Pli\ confi\'e\ datelined\ Mercredi\ 26\ octobre$  - processed November 2 (4th collection) at Tours - arrived Evreux November 3



Confided and official mail was processed October 29 near landing point at occupied Fresnes-en-Voevre Letter datelined *Paris jeudi 20 octobre 70* - **confided to M. Leveillé** for special handling - arrived November 10



Pli confié datelined Paris le 19 Octobre 1870 - confided to Nadar's Aérostiers company - arrived November 10 Balloon carried only confided mail (no Post Office mail) - only four covers are known with Aérostiers cachet



Balloon landed near occupied Langres - confided mail taken to Tours via Chaumont

Pli confié (no dateline) with Aérostiers cachet processed November 1 (4<sup>th</sup> collection) at Tours - arrived November 3



Balloon landed November 2 near Angers - pilot's confided mail posted at Angers train station *Plie confié* datelined October 30 and **confided to pilot Cezanne** (per text of letter)



 $Paris\ (SC)\ mail\ processed\ November\ 2\ at\ Angers\ -\ very\ little\ Paris\ (SC)\ mail\ known\ from\ this\ balloon$ 



Paris (SC) mail processed November 5 (1st collection) at Nantes - cachet d'atterrissage - arrived November 6



Pli confié datelined Nov. 2 and processed Nov. 5 at Nantes landing point - gros chiffres 2602 and cachet d'atterrissage



Balloon was captured near Chartres, but confided mail was saved and posted at Le Mans *ambulant* bureau *Pli confié* datelined *Paris, le 4 Novembre 1870* - Le Mans 'mute' *ambulant* cancel - arrived November 8 in Besançon



Pli confié datelined Dimanche 30 Octobre 1870 - posted Nov. 5 at Bur. Ambulants (Ouest) of Le Mans - arrived Nov. 7



Balloon landed near Chartres, and all mail was taken November 8 to Tours for processing

November 5 Paris (SC) letter - transited November 9 on *Caen à Paris ambulant* - arrived November 10



Plie confié datelined Nov. 3 from Gen. Vinoy, commander of 13th Corps - gros chiffres 3997 of Tours - arrived Nov. 9



Private balloon which carried no Post Office mail - landed November 7 in occupied territory near Brie Comte Robert

Pli confié datelined Paris le 6 9bre dimanche soir - gros chiffres 627 of Brie Comte Robert - arrived November 10

Only known letter with this landing postmark - ex-Blum



Balloon landed near Evreux - mail processed on *Paris à Cherbourg* railroad line which runs through Evreux *Pli confié* datelined *Paris 6 Novembre 1870* - November 9 *Paris à Cherbourg ambulant* markings - arrived November 9



Pli confié datelined 3 Novembre from Fort de Romainville - confided to sailor Galley (per text), pilot of the "Gironde" Galley posted letter at his home port of Toulon (gros chiffres 3981) - arrived November 14 in Etoile



Balloon landed in occupied territory near Fontainebleau and was captured - half of mail hidden and saved Seinguerlet news report posted Nov. 9 at **Paris Étranger bureau** - transited Nov. 29 on *Marseille à Paris ambulant* 



Letter posted Nov. 9 in Paris - received rare **November 17** (**4**<sup>th</sup> **collection**) **Fontainebleau transit** - arrived Dec. 2 Two sacks of mail saved by groundskeeper at Ferrières - taken to occupied Fontainebleau for clandestine forwarding



Balloon carried only confided and official mail (no Post Office mail) - passengers went via occupied Arcis to Tours Pli confié datelined Paris le 25 Octobre 1870 - posted Nov. 16 at Arcis-s-Aube - arrived Nov. 28 - ex-Courtois, Levett



Pli confié datelined Paris, 11 9bre 70 - confided to passenger Dagron per endorsement on front of letter Dagron delayed posting letter until December 1 at Tours – arrived December 2 – one of two such letters known



Balloon landed near occupied Luzarches - confided mail processed there on November 20 (1<sup>st</sup> collection)

\*Pli confié\* (no dateline) with rare red \*Dartois & Yon Aérostiers\* cachet\* - fewer than 10 known

\*Dartois & Yon balloon builder company formed in November - used red ink for a few days before switching to blue ink



Balloon landed in Holland - mail taken to Lille on November 22 via Turnhout, Belgium

\*Pli confié\* datelined Nov. 15 - posted at Turnhout Nov. 21 - French franking accepted - arrived Nov. 24 - ex-Blum



Posted November 20 at Paris (SC) bureau - marked with Dutch 'P.D.' on landing - arrived London Nov. 29



Private balloon which carried no Post Office mail - landed November 23 in Belgium - mail processed at Le Havre *Pli confié* datelined 2 *Octobre* '70 - posted November 25 at Le Havre - arrived in Chateauroux November 28



Confided mail carried in official sack taken to Tours for posting on November 28

Pli confié datelined Paris 1er Novembre 1870 - posted at Tours - arrived in Pornic November 29

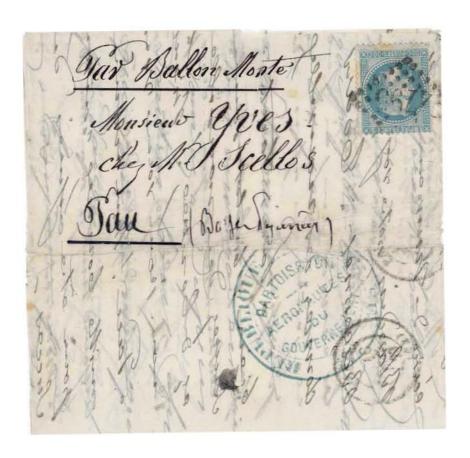
Fewer than ten pieces of mail known from this balloon



One mail sack jettisoned in North Sea and recovered at Mandal – mail forwarded via Holland and London Posted Nov. 22 in Paris – franking lost in sea – classic **December 2 London transit** – arrived USA Dec. 14



Posted Nov. 24 – franking lost in sea – **Dec. 5 Moerdijk, Holland transit** – arrived Dec. 5 – ex-Francois, Courtois



Balloon landed in Norway – *Aérostiers* mail generally processed in transit or upon arrival *Pli confié* datelined *Paris 23 9bre 1870* - rare **blue** *Aérostiers* **cachet** - processed December 16 on arrival in Pau



Balloon was lost at sea – Paris (SC) mail recovered at Bryher and processed December 24 through London

Posted November 26 – franking lost at sea – **London December 24 transit** – arrived in Belgium December 25



Posted November 27 – franking lost at sea – rare **December 25 Angl(eterre) Boulogne entry mark** 



Balloon lost at sea – some mail washed ashore December 2-3 at Falmouth, England *Plie confié* dated November 26 – franking lost at sea – **Falmouth DE 3 cachet** – arrived Dec. 12



Posted November 25 in Paris – letter damaged in water, but franking retained – Falmouth DE 3 cachet de repêchage



Balloon landed on Belle Isle – mail taken Dec. 2 via Lorient – confided mail processed in transit or on arrival Pli confié datelined 30 9bre – stamps cancelled by **Belgian ambulant 'EV'** – arrived Belgium December 7 – ex-Courtois



Pli confié datelined Paris 21 9bre 1870 - Aérostiers cachet – stamp cancelled at Pau upon December 3 arrival



Balloon carried no Post Office mail, and landed near Vannes – confided mail processed December 3 at Tours

\*Plie confié\* dated November 29 – gros chiffres 3997 of Tours – **five letters known from this balloon** 





Balloon landed near Nantes – mail processed there on December 5

Plie confié dated Montrouge fort Dec. 2 and confided to sailor Marcia, pilot of the balloon (per text) – arrived Dec. 8



Posted December 1 by Col. de Camas, brigade commander in 3e Armée - transited Nantes December 5 (7<sup>th</sup> collection)



Balloon landed near Saumur – Post Office mail processed December 7 at Nantes

\*Soir newsletter\* posted December 3 at Paris (SC) bureau – transited \*Caen à Paris ambulant\* December 8



Plie confié datelined December 2 – **Saumur December 6** cachet d'atterrissage – arrived December 10 with 30c due Ex-Courtois, Levett



Balloon landed near Ferté Bernard - mail processed December 7 on *Paris à Bordeaux ambulant* at Tours

Posted December 6 at Paris (SC) bureau – arrived Arcachon December 8



Pli confié datelined December 6 - stamp cancelled ambulant PB (Paris à Bordeaux) - arrived December 11



Aérostiers mail processed December 11 in occupied Foucarmont and smuggled to Dieppe for forwarding by sea Pli confié datelined Paris 9 Xbre 1870 – one of only four Aérostiers cachets known from this balloon – arrived Dec. 22





Balloon landed in Germany and all mail was captured

Plie confié dated December 15 with special 15 DECE 1870 Aerostiers cachet – no arrival in Yvetot – franking is missing



The Germans returned a small amount of the captured mail in July 1871

Posted December 13 in Paris – rare July 26, 1871 Paris transit – franked with 5c *Empire* stamps



Balloon landed in occupied territory – passengers went to Bordeaux December 21 via Bourges on December 19

\*Pli confié\* dated December 14 – posted December 19 at Bourges – arrived December 29 – ex-Blum, Levett



Pli confié datelined Paris le 10 Xbre 1870 - carried in official sack and posted December 21 in Bordeaux



Balloon carried no Post Office mail and landed in occupied territory – mail taken December 26 to Moulins-s-Allier *Pli confié* datelined *Paris 15 Xbre 1870* – posted December 25 (5<sup>th</sup> collection) at Moulins – arrived Alencon December 29



Pli confié datelined Fort de Rosny 6 Dbre 1870 - posted Dec. 26 on Auxerre à Paris ambulant - stamp cancelled on arrival

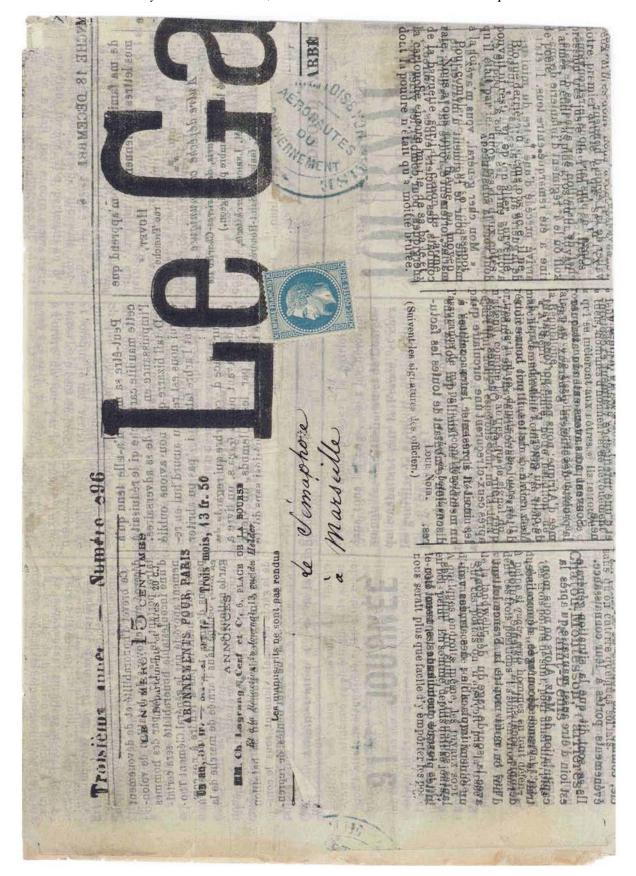


Balloon landed December 18 near Beaune – official mail taken December 19 to Bordeaux

Posted December 17 at Paris Route 5 – **Beaune December 18 (1e)** *cachet d'atterrissage* – arrived December 19



Plie confié datelined Dec.7 and carried in official sack – posted Dec. 20 (5<sup>th</sup> collection) at Bordeaux – arrived Dec. 21





Balloon landed near Angers – mail taken via Angers to Bordeaux December 23

\*Plie confié\* posted December 23 in Bordeaux – arrived Cabourg December 28 – **five** \*plies \*confié\* \*known

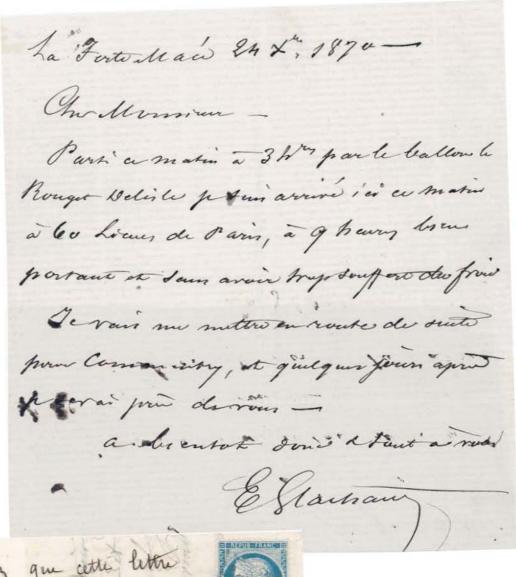


Posted Dec. 21 at Paris (SC) bureau – received rare December 23 Angers (99) bureau de passe cachet d'atterrissage



Balloon landed near La Roche-s-Yon – confided mail taken to Bordeaux December 23

\*Plie confié with \*Aerostiers\* cachet\* – unfranked, so taxed 30c – arrived Cherbourg January 5 – ex-Levett



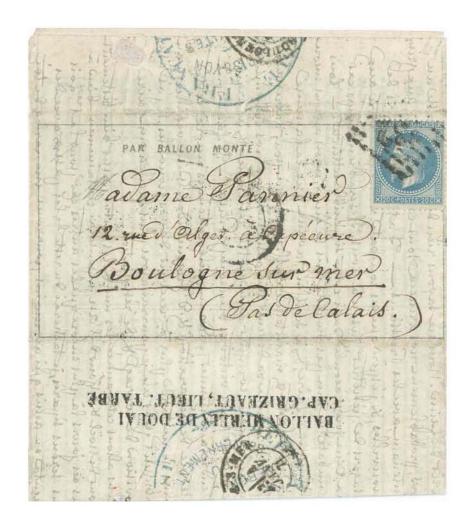
Remarquez que cette lettre magnarhent.
Monsieur Alfrid Jaglio

Fourch ambault

Mierre

Balloon carried no Post Office mail and landed near La Ferte-Macé – 3 letters known posted there Dec. 24 (2<sup>nd</sup> collection)

\*Pli confié given to passenger Glachant – posted at La Ferte-Macé with additional note from Glachant – arrived Jan. 4



Balloon carried no Post Office mail and landed near Vierzon – confided mail taken to Bordeaux December 30

Pli confié datelined Vendredi 23 Xbre 70 – blue Aérostiers cachet – posted Bordeaux December 30 – arrived January 4

Pilot created private cachet: BALLON MERLIN DE DOUAI CAP. GRIZEAUT, LIEUT. TARBÉ



Balloon landed at Eymoutiers – mail via Limoges December 28 (1<sup>st</sup> collection for confided mail; 7<sup>th</sup> for regular mail)

\*Pli confié datelined Paris 25 Décembre 1870 – rare December 27 Eymoutiers cachet d'atterrissage



Posted December 23 at Paris (SC) bureau – received rare December 28 Limoges transit – arrived December 30



Balloon landed near La Roche-s-Yon – mail taken to Nantes on December 30 Posted December 28 at Paris (SC) bureau – arrived in Arcachon on December 31

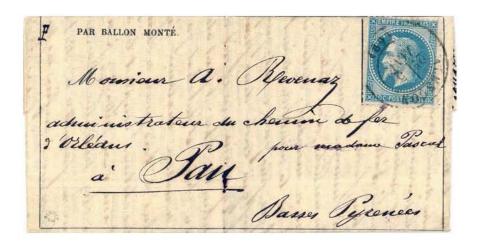


Pli confié datelined December 27 – processed December 30 (5°) at Nantes – fewer than 5 examples known



Balloon landed near Le Mans – some confided mail taken to Bordeaux on January 2

Plie confié with Aerostiers cachet – stamp cancelled gros chiffres 532 of Bordeaux – arrived January 6



Balloon landed in occupied territory – mail taken via Mortagne to Alencon on January 5

\*Pli confié\* datelined 2 Janvier 1871 – posted January 5 (2nd collection) at Alencon – arrived January 7 in Pau



Posted January 3 with civilian free frank at the Paris (SC) bureau – rare January 5 (1<sup>st</sup> collection) Alencon transit

Addressed to Justice Minister of the Bordeaux Government



Balloon landed in occupied territory – passengers went to Bordeaux on January 14 via Lille and Valenciennes Pli confié datelined 7 janvier 1871 – cancelled ambulant LC1 (Lille à Calais) – arrived in Belgium on January 11



Pli confié (no dateline) confided to pilot Richard - processed January 12 at Valenciennes – arrived January 14 in Caen Instructions given on front of letter for return mail via (unsuccessful) dirigible "Labrousse"



Balloon landed near Auxerre – confided mail processed on *Auxerre à Paris* railroad bureau

Pli confié datelined Paris 30 Xbre 9h du soir – blue Aérostiers cachet – stamp cancelled ambulant AP (Auxerre à Paris)

Fewer than ten Aérostiers cachets are known from this balloon



Balloon landed near Laval – mail taken January 12 to Bordeaux

Datelined Vincennes, but processed January 9 (last collection) at rare Paris (RC) bureau – only two examples known



Pli confié datelined January 10 and carried in official sack – posted January 13 in Bordeaux – arrived January 13



Balloon carried no Post Office mail and landed near Chateauroux – official sack taken to Bordeaux on January 16

Pli confié datelined Paris 4 Janvier 1871 - carried in official sack - posted January 17 in Bordeaux - arrived January 18

Only letter known from this balloon



Balloon landed near Ste. Foy-la-Grande - all mail processed there and forwarded via Bordeaux

\*Pli confié\* datelined \*Paris\*, 13 Janvier\* with \*Aérostiers\* cachet - posted January 14 at Ste. Foy - arrived January 16

\*One of only two known \*Aérostiers\* cachets from this balloon\*



Balloon landed near Lille – mail taken to Lille; most was processed at the *Lille à Paris* railroad bureau

\*Pli confié datelined \*Paris 14 janvier 71 - January 15 Lille à \*Paris ambulant - arrived January 24

\*Passenger purchased 20c type II Bordeaux stamp at Lille to pay postage – only two examples known



Posted January 14 at Paris (SC) bureau – January 15 Lille à Paris cachet d'atterrissage – arrived January 17



Balloon landed in Holland and carried no Post Office mail – official sack taken to Bordeaux January 23

Pli confié datelined Paris le 13 Janvier 1871 – processed January 23 (7<sup>th</sup> collection) at Bordeaux – arrived January 24

Carried in official government sack; rare official cursive Ministère des Finances Directeur Général des Postes



Pli confié datelined Paris 15 Janvier 1871 - confided by Col. Filippi to balloon passenger Lt. Gobron from his command Stamp cancelled petits chiffres 338 (Bastia) upon January 30 arrival – only two letters known from this balloon



Balloon landed in Holland – all mail processed at Lille on January 20

Plie confié datelined January 13 – stamp cancelled ambulant LC2 (Lille à Calais) – arrived Amsterdam January 21

Only two Aerostiers cachets known from this balloon



Balloon landed near Reims in occupied territory – mail processed January 23 on *Paris à Givet ambulant Plie confié* datelined January 17 and **carried in official sack** – posted January 30 in Bordeaux – arrived Jan. 31



Posted January 18 at Paris (SC) bureau – January 23 Paris à Givet ambulant – arrived Tours February 3



Balloon landed in Belgium – mail processed January 23 at Lille; official sack arrived in Bordeaux January 27 Posted January 21 at Paris (SC) bureau – red *Ministère de l'Interieure Cabinet du Ministre* cachet – arrived January 28



Plie confié datelined Jan. 21 and carried in official sack – posted Jan. 27 (5<sup>th</sup> collection) in Bordeaux – arrived Jan. 28



Balloon landed near Amiens – mail taken to Bordeaux via Abbeville January 26

Posted January 23 at Paris (SC) bureau - civilian free frank – rare *Gouvernement de la défense Nâtionale* cachet



Pli confié processed on Paris à Calais ambulant (at Abbeville) – arrived January 29 – ex-Blum

Balloon "Richard Wallace" – January 27, 1871

La Rochelle Recovery Postmarks





Balloon was lost at sea off Arcachon - two small batches of mail washed up at La Rochelle on February 12 and April 8



Balloon was lost at sea off Arcachon – some mail washed up at La Tremblade, Ars-en-Ré, and La Rochelle

Posted January 24 at **Second Army Bureau F** (at Les Lilas) – franking lost in sea, but trace of red AFF cancel remains

Very rare **February 13 La Tremblade** *cachet de repêchage* – arrived in Algeria February 25



Balloon landed near Alencon - confided mail taken to nearby Villaines-la-Juhel on February 1 (1<sup>st</sup> collection)
Unfranked *pli confié* datelined *Paris le 26 Janvier* - postmarked at Villaines - **one of three** *plis confiés* **known** 



Posted January 27 at Paris (SC) bureau - arrived February 2 - fewer than 5 Paris (SC) covers known from this balloon



Datelined Paris January 24, 1871 – letter recovered January 30 at Gisors – arrived February 9 21 toy balloons were successful (with one letter attached to each) out of a total of about 100 attempts



Datelined "43eme Balloon Gravilliers Paris le 2 Novembre 70" – recovered November 11 at St Xandre Manuscript note: "letter found attached to a child's balloon…Postman Germandun" – arrived November 13



Posted December 23 in Paris with five 1c stamps and a 5c stamp paying the 10c postcard rate Balloon "Delivrance" - use of obsolete 1862 Issue stamps is very unusual



Posted October 3 at **13e Corps Headquarters bureau** with five 2c "lauré" stamps making up 10c postcard rate "A.R.A.L" cancel - arrived October 24 - Balloon "*Jean Bart No.* 2"



Posted December 12 in Paris with 10c *bistre-jaune tête-bêche* pair paying 20c rate – arrived December 28 Balloon "*Parmentier*" – **blue cachet** *Garde Natle Mobile de l'Ain 40me Regt Provisoire* 



Posted December 3 in Paris with 10c bistre-brun tête-bêche pair – arrived December 7 - Balloon "Franklin"



Datelined *Nogent le 29 7bre 1870* and posted September 29 at 13<sup>th</sup> Corps 1<sup>st</sup> Division bureau AL **Datestamp as cancel** is rare; normal cancel was 'AR13eC' killer - balloon "*Celeste*" - arrived October 6



Overpaid postcard mailed November 6 at 13<sup>th</sup> Corps 1<sup>st</sup> Division bureau AL - rare use of **1862 20c stamps**Arrived in Ireland on November 11 - balloon "Gironde" - military mail to foreign destinations is rare



Datelined *Clichy la Garenne 10 9bre 1870* and posted November 11 at *Armée Française 14e Corps A* bureau Red datestamp as cancel - captured mail from balloon "*Daguerre*" - no arrival marks



Datelined *Clichy la Garenne il 28 Ottobre* and posted October 29 at 14<sup>th</sup> Corps 1<sup>st</sup> Division bureau Balloon "*Fulton*" - letter **arrived November 10 in Italy - foreign mail is rare** 



Datelined *Les Lilas le 25 Janvier 1871* - posted January 26 at 2<sup>nd</sup> Corps Headquarters Bureau F – **red 'AFF' cancel Balloon "Richard Wallace"** which was lost at sea - 20c of 30c franking was lost during the watersoaking



Datelined *Fontenay le 17 Xbre* - posted December 17 at 2<sup>nd</sup> Corps Headquarters bureau F – **black 'AFF' cancel**Balloon "*Davy*" - arrived December 28 in St Malo

| 13/ m  |
|--|
| Manifeste des Loges III  |
| Les Erinosophes de Bercy Lana 16 Septembre 1870  |
| Principles de landon   |
| Les Hospitaliers Français.   |
| the one funded to maje similar & Albence francis in a descent  |
| La Perseverance d'année de la Patrie de la Patrie de la Catrie de la Conquete de la Catrie de la |
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| Suife on les Muhometans de toute que hersale de long de france   |
| ab constant de la La Lerseverante Amilie y marily la militaria   |
| I ambilion de leurs souvertier de craim sour me retrain a ve troum ai i  |
| Ca lutte fratricide est engagee  |
| La lutte fratricide est engages mons ressentins en presence de destructions et de carnages innonnas jusqu'ici dans l'histoire, vient d'ajouter une douleur plus prosonde encore. Le Roi Guillaime et don fils dont nos frères  |
| Le Drince Royal, G'Mailre de la Maconnecte prussienne d'un intitule  |
| protecleur de la Franc maconnecie universible  |
| foulent aux pieds les premiers devoirs de l'humanité!  |
| commettre les atrocités de Bazeilles en one hin husiller la population de ce village   |
| commeltre les abrocités de Baxeilles en one hin fusilles la population de ce village   |
| edicine a material respective of consequents of the contraction of the |
| Canthe money present armer sombard   |
| negociant of Portigion 26 a Meines   |
|  |
| Sieres Memands!  |
|  |
| Les barrières de convention que reparent les etals sont appelier a   |
| composition to provide a bomme que ou crompe puego a nos H: d Allemaane  |



Posted January 2 - arrived Courtrai, Belgium January 13 - balloon "Newton"



La Chronique Illustrée No. 108 - only issue produced for balloon mail - only flown example known Posted January 14 at Paris (SC) bureau - arrived January 24 - balloon "Vaucanson" - ex-Levett



Gazette des Absents No. 4 posted November 3 – rare German occupation provisional transit mark **POSTES 1871 EPINAL**No arrival or German tax markings – balloon "Ferdinand Flocon"





Posted October 15 in Paris – **North German Confederation censor mark** of Foreign Affairs Department at Versailles 30c German occupation postage due – docketed November 20 arrival – balloon "*Jules Favre #1*"



Gazette des Absents No. 6 posted November 9 in Paris – arrived December 5 in **Spain** – balloon "Daguerre" Misdirected to England November 30 – rated **'PAID-ONLY TO ENGLAND'** – 4 reales due in Barcelona



Gazette des Absents No. 2 posted October 28 in Paris – balloon "Colonel Charras" – 40c rate to Portugal



Posted October 30 and franked 40c - rare November 6 Munich, Bavaria arrival mark - balloon "Fulton"



Posted December 10 and franked 20c domestic postage – accepted per **red** '**F.S.P.**' (**France Service Public**) 2½ groschen due from POW in **Coblentz, Prussia** - balloon "*Général Renault*"

Balloon Mail Destinations Scandinavia



Posted January 20 and franked 50c for Copenhagen, Denmark - no arrival mark as usual - balloon "Général Daumesnil"



Posted January 18, 1871 and franked 60c - arrived February 1 in Stockholm, Sweden - balloon "Général Bourbaki"

Balloon Mail Destinations Luxembourg



Gazette des Absents #5 posted November 8 – arrived in Luxembourg December 2 - balloon "Daguerre" saved mail



November 29 La Cloche Lettre-Journal posted December 6 – arrived in Luxembourg Dec. 14 - balloon "Denis Papin"



Posted January 2 – franked 80c to Krakow, Poland – rare January 18 arrival mark – balloon "Newton"



Gazette No. 22 posted Jan. 6 - franked 80c to Bucharest, Romania - January 25 arrival mark - balloon "Duquesne"

Balloon Mail Destinations Far East



Franked 80c to Japan - one of two known Yokohama Bureau Francais arrival marks - balloon "Vauban"



Gazette No. 8 franked 80c to Shanghai, China – one of two known - arrived January 13 - balloon "Général Uhrich"

Balloon Mail Destinations Far East



Franked 20c military rate to New Caledonia – arrived March 26, then forwarded to Saigon - "Général Faidherbe"



Gazette des Absents No. 19 franked 80c to Calcutta, India – January 14 Sea Post Office transit - balloon "Tourville"

Balloon Mail Destinations Russia



Posted December 30 – franked 20c to frontier: rare P.F. marking – no arrival – balloon "Armée de la Loire"



80c rate underpaid – rare **F.42 accountancy due mark** – arrived Oct. 22 (Julian) – balloon "Louis Blanc" – ex-Courtois



Franked 40c to Island of Rhodes via Alexandria and Beyrouth – rare Austrian cursive arrival mark – balloon "Fulton"



Gazette des Absents No. 12 franked 80c overland rate to Constantinople, Turkey – balloon "Jules Favre #2"



Franked **40c to Tunis** – arrived November 18 – fewer than 5 covers known to Tunisia - balloon "Fulton"



Gazette des Absents No. 28 franked 40c to Egypt –arrived Alexandria February 10 - balloon "Général Bourbaki"

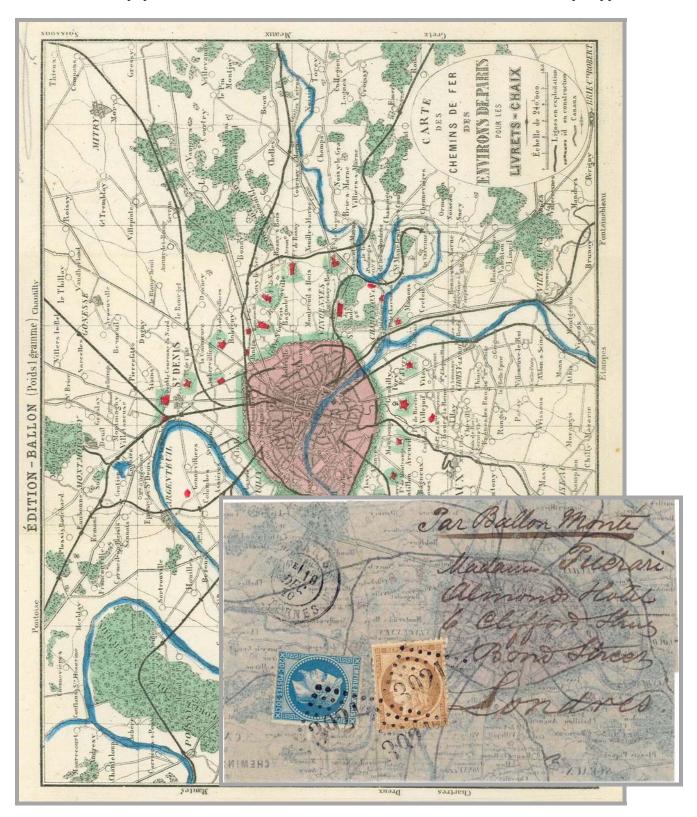


Posted January 27 – arrived in Canada February 18 - balloon "Général Cambronne" – fewer than 5 known to Canada



Posted September 30 - taxed on arrival in Mexico - balloon "Armand Barbès" - rare October 8 London transit





Petit Plan de Paris posted December 19 – fewer than five flown examples known - balloon "Lavoisier"



Le Soir Lettre-Journal, Édition de Province posted December 2 – arrived London Dec. 10 - balloon "Franklin"





Havas Newsletter (German edition) posted November 12 – rare December 2 arrival in Germany Franked 30c for Germany - balloon "Général Uhrich"



Extrait du Journal officiel du 11 Novembre posted November 12 by bankers Vernes & Cie.

Arrived in Switzerland on November 30 - balloon "Général Uhrich"



Paris-Journal No. 314 posted November 11 at Paris (SC) bureau - no arrival marks - "Daguerre" captured mail

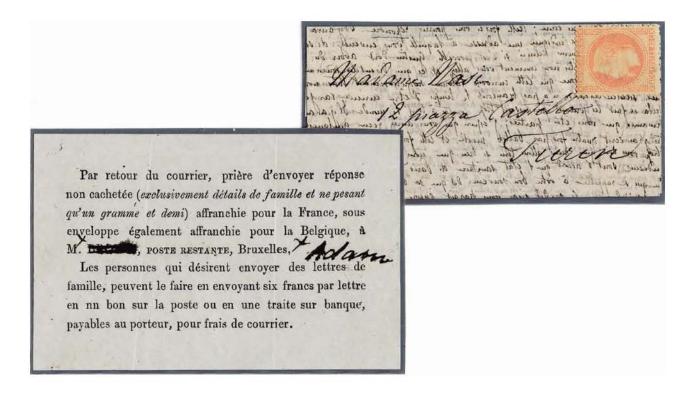


Datelined Paris September 29 and confided to "a brave man from Herblay" who crossed enemy lines

Posted October 3 in Rouen – arrived in Le Mans October 4 – fewer than five such letters known



Datelined Paris November 6 and confided to **M. Grimbert of Amiens**, who left Paris on November 10 Posted November 14 in Amiens after passage of the German siege lines – arrived in England November 15



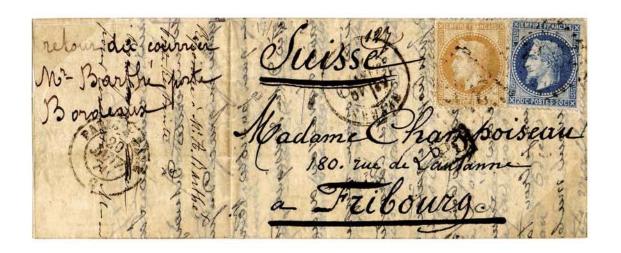
Agence Adam linecrosser succeeded in reaching Brussels in October – enclosed papillon gave return mail instructions Letter datelined Paris October 8, and franked with postage for Italy – French postage not valid in Belgium



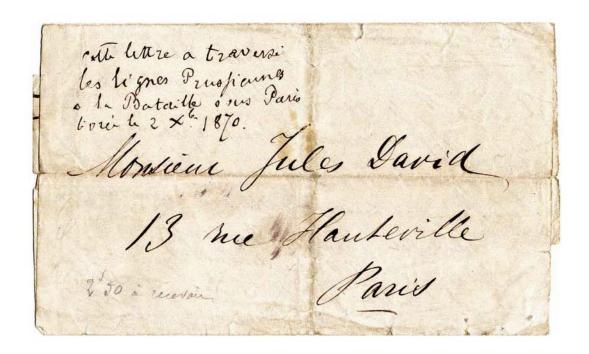
Enveloppe de re-expédition for above letter and papillon – posted unpaid in Brussels on October 25 60 centesimi postage due charged upon October 27 arrival in Torino, Italy



Datelined *Paris Mercredi 7 Decem 70* – confided to unrecorded successful linecrosser – **posted December 21 in Lyon Successful linecrossers after October are very rare**, since the Prussian siege became very tight – no arrival marks



Datelined *Paris le 17 Xbre 1870* and confided to **M. Barthé, government messenger**, who left Paris on January 14, 1871 Posted January 19 in Nevers after passage of the German siege lines – return mail instructions on back of letter



During the confusion of the November 30-December 2 Marne battles, a private courier slipped into Paris

Datelined The Hague (Holland) October 23 from Rachel David – 2fr 50c fee due on delivery

Folded letter carried on balloon "*Denis Papin*" acknowledged receipt of above letter on December 6

Fewer than five known successful incoming letters by private courier



On September 28, Brare & Gême left Triel to return to Paris via St. Germain en Laye – arrived in Paris on September 29 Letter datelined St Germain September 28 – posted next day at Paris central post office with 15c local postage due



October 1 letter carried on balloon "Armand Barbès" - "votre mot du 28 recu le 29" indicating receipt of above letter

Only known incoming linecrosser letter handled by the Paris post office



Datelined Paris October 3 and confided to General Burnside, who left Paris for London with pouch on October 3 On Oct. 6, U.S. Dispatch Agent in London franked letter 6 pence for postage back to France - arrived October 7



Datelined Paris October 10 and carried on General Burnside's second trip - left Paris on October 10 Pouch arrived London October 23 - U.S. Dispatch Agent B.F. Stevens franked and posted letter



Gazette des Absents #9 carried in 6<sup>th</sup> U.S. diplomatic pouch, which left Paris for London on November 22, 1870 Upon November 29 arrival, U.S. Dispatch Agent added 1penny city postage and mailed letter at nearby Charing Cross



Datelined *Paris 14 Nov 1870* by ambassador's secretary - carried in **5**<sup>th</sup> **U.S. diplomatic pouch** - left Paris November 15 Upon November 23 arrival in London, letter was posted unpaid at nearby Charing Cross post office – 2 pence postage due



Docketed Paris January 1 – carried in 11<sup>th</sup> pouch, which left Paris January 3, and arrived in London on January 20 Posted unpaid near U.S. Consulate at Charing Cross on January 20 – **only letter known from this pouch** 



Datelined Paris January 16 – carried in 13<sup>th</sup> pouch, which left Paris January 17, and arrived in London on January 30 Posted unpaid in London on January 30 – 120 centesimi due in Rome on February 3 per **Italian postage due stamps** 



Datelined *Paris* – 5 *Octobre* – contents indicate it was to be carried by the **Papal Nuncio** upon his departure from Paris October 22, 1870 Rouen transit indicates that Nuncio **confided letter to Pelvilain** instead – arrived October 24 in Sablé

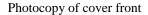


Datelined *Paris lundi 30 8bre 1870* – confided to **servant of M. Thiers**, who left Paris then on a diplomatic mission Letter posted November 23 in Tours at *Bureau Ambulants Sud-Ouest* railroad office – arrived November 27

## 1870-71 Siege of Paris

Return Balloon Flights to Paris

Unsuccessful October & November Attempts







Datelined Chateauroux September 29, 1870 and **confided to G. Mangin**, pilot of the balloon "Ville de Florence"

October 20 aborted attempt by "George Sand" from Chartres – letter held until end of war - posted Bordeaux February 10



Datelined Tours October 24, 1870 and **confided to J. Duruof**, pilot of the balloon "*Neptune*" November 7 failed attempt by "*Jean Bart*" from Rouen – held by post office until end of war – delivered March 2



Posted January 2, 1871 in Vatan with **four-color one franc franking** - February 18, 1871 Paris arrival mark Some unsent *boules* letters were held at Cosnes until forwarded after February 14 opening of mail service to Paris



Datelined Brussels December 28 and franked with **Belgian and French stamps** - posted Bordeaux January 6 On February 6, 14,600 unsent *boules* letters smuggled into Paris in rice sacks - **February 12 arrival postmark** 



Posted January 4, 1871 at Montbrison with one franc postage - **delivered in Paris June 2, 1871**, just after Commune Recovery point is unknown, but probably on May 15, 1871 - **fewer than 10 letters known** postmarked January 2-5, 1871



Posted December 30, 1870 at Espalion with rare **Bordeaux Issue 20c type I strip of five** for one franc postage **Delivered June 23, 1871** in Paris - **fewer than 5 letters known** postmarked December 30 to January 3





Posted January 8 at Lessay with **imperforate 1859 80c** and 20c Bordeaux type II - recovered at **Ponthierry June 8, 1871**No arrival mark in Paris due to disruption from Commune – **less than five covers from Ponthierry recovery are known** 



Posted January 3, 1871 at St Gervais-les-Bains - January 6 Moulins-s-Allier transit mark **Undocumented July 13, 1871 recovery** - **fewer than ten letters known from this** *boule* 



Reverse of envelope with special red cachet prepared for letters from *boule* recovered August 6, 1968 at St-Wandrille Recovered over 97 years after submersion - legal problems took two more years before this letter was delivered Only 20 of the 540 letters in the *boule* reached descendants or "ayants droit" - remainder in Postal Museum



Photocopy of envelope front - posted January 7, 1871 at Rennes with one franc franking in Bordeaux Issue stamps



Datelined *Longville sous Metz le 26 Septembre 1870* by Lt. Colonel de Narp - arrived October 3 in Douai Given under **flag-of-truce** to Prussian 2<sup>nd</sup> Army commander - posted September 30 at 2.*Armee* HQ bureau



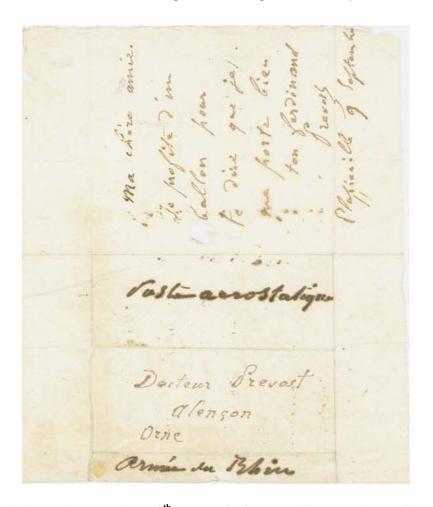
Datelined *sous Metz 20 août* by Colonel of 67<sup>th</sup> Regiment - confided to **linecrosser going to Belgium**Posted unpaid on August 28 in Brussels - arrived August 31 in Jussey with 50 centimes postage due

Pharmacists' Balloon Service September 5-15, 1870

First "Papillons de Metz" Balloon Service



Datelined *Sous Metz le 7 7bre 1870* - **carried by 5<sup>th</sup> Pharmacists' balloon** - left September 10 with 40 letters Balloon landed near Lille - mail was recovered and processed on September 19 - **only letter known from this balloon** 



Datelined *Plappeville* September 9 - **8**<sup>th</sup> **Pharmacists' balloon** left September 11 with 90 letters Balloon landed near Elmstein, Germany - mail found and captured November 28 - no arrival marks



Datelined *Sous Metz 8 7bre 1870* - **6**<sup>th</sup> **Pharmacists' balloon** which carried about 50 *papillons* **September 14 Forbach** *cachet d'atterrissage* defaced to conceal French origin





Carried across the frontier and posted unpaid in the above envelope on September 15 in Saarbrucken, Prussia

Trapped in Paris by September 18 start of siege - forwarded by linecrosser or first balloon "Neptune" to Saumur

September 25 Saumur arrival was before landing of the next balloon - one of two letters known from this Metz balloon

7<sup>th</sup> Pharmacists' Balloon – September 11, 1870

By Diplomatic Courier Into Besieged Paris



Datelined *Metz le 7 Septembre 1870 -* **7<sup>th</sup> Pharmacists' balloon** which carried 63 *papillons*Captured on landing in Germany and forwarded to Bismarck's headquarters at Versailles

Carried from Versailles under flag-of-truce into besieged Paris on October 14 by U.S. diplomatic courier



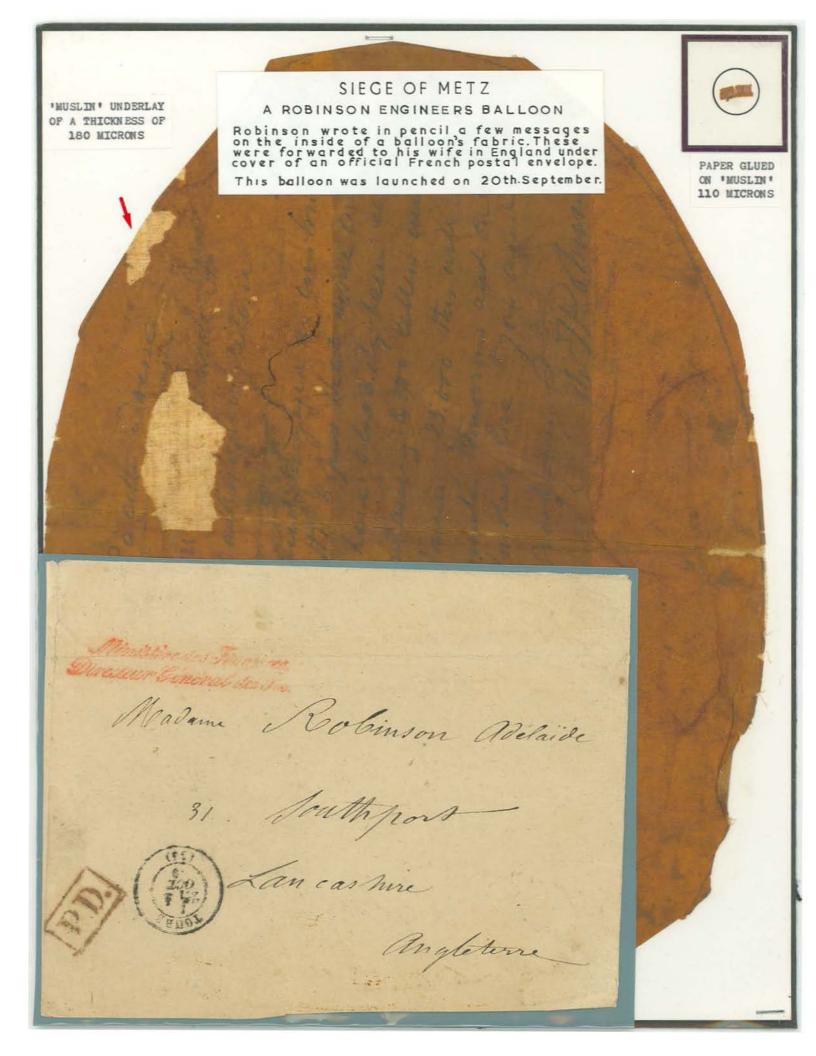


1<sup>st</sup> Engineers' balloon recovered safely near Neufchâteau – *cachets d'atterrissage* from 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> collection periods

Datelined *Metz le 16 7bre* - **September 17 (2<sup>e</sup>) Neufchâteau transit postmark** – no arrival in besieged Paris



Datelined Metz le 15 7bre - September 17 (4e) Neufchâteau transit postmark





Datelined Metz le 20 Septembre 1870 - left September 21 and landed near Fresnes-en-Voevre



Placed in above *enveloppe de réexpédition* at Tours (Paris-Bordeaux railroad bureau) on September 30 for forwarding Photocopy of note on reverse from Tours postal agent saying that he pulled this out of a group of about 100



Datelined *Metz Sep 21 1870* by George Robinson, self-proclaimed inventor of the Engineers' balloon service

4<sup>th</sup> Engineers' balloon left September 21 with about 30,000 *papillons* - recovered near Fresnes-en-Voevre

Only two *papillons* known with September 22 Fresnes landing postmark



Datelined *Metz 26 September 1870* by George Robinson - **8**<sup>th</sup> **Engineers' balloon** left September 27 Landed near Bayonville with 16,000 *papillons* - **only known October 4 Lille transit postmark**Marked **F.S.P. for free frank** in France, but rated 6 pence due in England on October 5



Datelined *Metz le 30 septembre 1870* - **10<sup>th</sup> Engineers' balloon** left September 30 and was captured From sergeant in 15<sup>th</sup> Regiment of 4<sup>th</sup> Corps at *Camp de Lorey* - no arrival markings



Datelined *Camp sous Metz le 2 8bre 70* - **11**<sup>th</sup> **and last Engineers' balloon** left October 3 Balloon and 12,000 papillons were captured after landing - mail confiscated by Prussians The Engineers' service was stopped by Marshal Bazaine on October 4 for security reasons



Papillon datelined Schlestadt 17 Octobre 1870 and posted on October 17 in Schlestadt Prepaid 20 centimes - October 20 Mulhouse transit - no Marseille arrival mark

| Depuis le a y m'il blue de voi souvelles ans 2 momen el   |
|---|
| mer nous allows lier. Thus de vor nouvelles. grand manney of mor nous allows lier. Three sommes enrotes beyond he was many for any le very men on pur compiled to |
| Who his lost rotes: Melsheim, Kins, Valentin Bruckers   |
| Montard, tules take, heles line or, tringen, gentlette belleton,  |
| trache et are so. any long when - I commence in fine  |
| I ne seis ou let me existe le ling. a themai a transform  |
| on de la Granian! I mis embaja tous   |
| luxy ner un and comme celus es : cela marking and   |

Photocopy of reverse

One of two known examples of Schlestadt line-crosser mail



Two unmanned balloons released December 30 - one captured and one recovered near Saignelegier, Switzerland Datelined *Belfort le 25 Dec 1870 - "Je profite de l'essai d'un Ballon…"* - P.P. for free frank - arrived January 8



**Posted December 25, 1870 in besieged Belfort** - arrived January 10 with 30c postage due Carried by Belfort balloon which was safely recovered at Saignelegier on January 6

Only seven letters are known from the Belfort balloon mail; three have Belfort postmarks



Datelined *Belfort 25 nov. 1870* - line-crosser left mail at **Bourogne** on November 25 - arrived December 3 After the siege perimeter widened in mid-December, most linecrosser mail passed through nearby Switzerland



Datelined *Belfort le 22 9bre* - line-crosser left mail at **Hérimoncourt** on November 28 - arrived December 3 From Dr. Martel, surgeon at the *Fort de la Miotte* - **only known franked line-crosser cover** 



Datelined *Belfort 22 9bre 70* - **line-crosser left mail at Porrentruy, Switzerland** on November 24 Arrived November 27 - Swiss treated letter as unpaid - 50c due in France, even with military endorsement



Datelined *Belfort 18 janv. 1871* - **line-crosser left mail at Porrentruy** on February 10 - arrived February 13 On February 3, Swiss granted free frank to mail from besieged Belfort - no tax due on this letter



Datelined *Belfort le 30 janvier 1871* – **taken out by Swiss Red Cross and given to French committee at St Louis** St Louis Red Cross Committee marked the letter *ARMÉE DU RHIN* and posted it – arrived February 27 in Lyon



Datelined *Belfort le 15 Fev. 1871* - **taken out of the siege by the Lyon Red Cross Committee**Marked Armée de l'Est in manuscript - arrived February 23 in Lyon

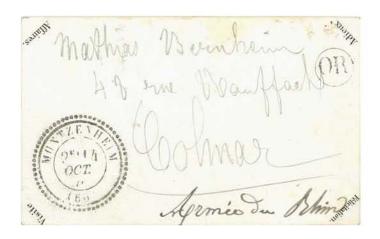
After January 30, Red Cross delegations were allowed into Belfort to aid the inhabitants



Datelined *Mulhouse le 1 Décbre 1870* - red P.P. for postal free frank – no arrival marks **Addressed to Colonel Denfert, commander at Belfort** - letter contains military intelligence



Posted at Chalon-s-Saône and **addressed to Belfort via Porrentruy** - January 17, 1871 Geneva transit Franked 30c rate to Switzerland - confided to line-crosser at Porrentruy - **docketed January 28 arrival** 



Two officers in *Mobiles du Rhone* organized unmanned balloon service - **fewer than 15 unfranked cards known**Carte de visite datelined Neuf-Brisach October 12 - endorsed Armée du Rhin - posted at Muntzenheim on October 14



Datelined *Neuf-Brisach ce 21 Octobre 1870* - processed through Mulhouse on October 21 Written on a piece of music card by **Captain Robert, one of the inventors of the balloon service** 



Although these cards were designed for the balloon service, they may have been carried by linecrossers

Datelined *Mercredi* (October 19) – **Mulhouse October 19 transit** – no arrival mark



Datelined *Neuf-Brisach le 27 8bre 1870* - arrived October 30 in Lyon Written on a thick piece of music card



Datelined Strasbourg September 11, 1870 by naval officer - **confided to visiting Swiss delegation**Posted September 17 in Berne, Switzerland - arrived in Vendôme on September 25 with 50c due



Datelined Strasbourg August 20, 1870 and **confided to Red Cross** - Prussians agreed to let some special cards out Posted August 26 in **Rastatt, Baden** and marked B(aden) S(ervice) P(ublic) - rare with arrival marks