Overton and Company—Independent Mail, 1844-1845

PURPOSE

The purpose of this exhibit is to illustrate the postal services offered by Overton and Co., a minor competitor against the US Post Office for intercity delivery in comparison Hale & Co., American Letter Mail Co., and others. Such companies are called the Independent Mails. An analysis of its postal history reveals that Overton's was able to maintain business operations despite intense competition from other private companies. It survived by acquiring the agents and offices of other companies, offering "cheap postage rates" between cities, and providing early local address delivery which the other independent mail companies did not do.

HISTORICAL ASPECTS

Public demand for lower postage rates in the 1830's and 1840's created an opportunity for entrepreneurs such as Harnden & Co. and Hale & Co. to establish businesses which provided superior intercity customer service at lower costs. Others soon followed, including the above-mentioned companies, Pomeroy & Co., Jerome & Co., Brainard & Co., and others. The US government ended the independent mail company operations as of June 30, 1845.

Overton and Co. was founded on July 3, 1844 in New York, and operated between New York and Boston by steamer and railroad for a fee of five cents per letter, much less than the US rate of 18 3/4 cents. It rapidly expanded service to other cities and then added local intracity delivery service in New York and Boston. Overton later acquired Damon & Co. and Wyman & Co. Early in June 1845, Davenport & Co. took over operations in Boston, while the City Mail Office delivered locally in New York during June 1845.

SIGNIFICANCE

In contrast to other independent mail companies, Overton's offered local address delivery service for an additional two cents at its inception. Its intercity rate varied from five to six cents, and the two cents local delivery charge is shown with both rates, for a total due of either seven or eight cents. Conjunctive arrangements among the private mail companies were used during this time, and several examples are shown for Overton's.

Overton & Co. successfully competed with larger companies for independent and local mail delivery services, but never attained their level of success. Surviving covers are much less common than those of the larger companies, and the material shown here would be extremely difficult to duplicate.

New research and information is indicated by italicized type. The significance of a cover is highlighted in bold blue type.

EXHIBIT PLAN

This postal history exhibit is organized in approximate chronological order, with covers providing similar service placed in sections noted at upper left. The exhibit depicts a postal history of a small independent mail company from 1844 to 1845.

Although newspaper advertisements appeared in New York on July 3, 1844, the earliest recorded cover is that of July 13, 1844 with a Boston forwarded oval to New York with a manuscript "2" for local delivery. The cover below is the second earliest known cover for Overton and Co. and shows a black or blackish-red handstamp, as though the handstamp device had some black ink on it then was hit onto a red ink pad. *Subsequent handstamps of this kind were in red from NYC, while those from Boston were in black, with singular exceptions.*

VILLIVARDE, OVERTON & IN. 3 BROAD STRL NEW YORD Mar Walter Co. Simuons Pidence R. J.

July 23, 1844. Philadelphia to Providence via NYC SECOND EARLIEST OVERTON COVER EARLIEST NYC LETTER RECORDED AND THE SECOND DAY OF OPERATIONS FROM PHILADELPHIA Ms. "6" intercity rate This is the only example of a blackish-red oval handstamp color known to exhibitor. (The 5c rate was only available between NYC and Boston.)



FIVE CENT RATE FROM BOSTON TO NYC

Boston to NY with local address delivery

The Boston to New York route was the only Overton route advertised for 5 cents postage, undercutting competitors Wyman & Co. and Hale & Co. who charged 6c or 6 1/4c. Local delivery in New York City was an additional 2 cents. The upper cover is 5 cents prepaid and 2c due as indicated by the pencil "Paid" and crayon 2, while the lower cover is due 7 cents.

FORWARDED BY OVERTON & CO. SRV ARIA 294 STATE STREET OVERTON & TO. BOSTON. Statung to the Etc. Rev. Charles Hall Secing a. M.M. Society 150. Nassau St. New York August 26, 1844 **Boston to NYC** ORWARDED ORWARDE An early local delivery cover, with BY BY red "2" in crayon to street address OVERTON & CO. OVERTON & CO. Black Boston oval and red New York **3 BROAD STREET** 29 STATE STREET oval NEW YORK BOSTON. 3 3 Hoy Thomas In Dale No 2 bedan St Single Now york 8/30/44 August 30, 1844 **Boston to NYC**

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August 30, 1844 Boston to NYC Black "5" collect and red crayon "2" making "7" for local delivery *Earliest recorded black "5"* handstamp The 5c rate from Boston to New York was prepaid as indicated by the PAID handstamp on these covers.

24 DAID

September 17, 1844 *Earliest reported use of the PAID handstamp* Boston to NYC Black Boston oval, black Boston PAID handstamp and red NYC oval.

PAID

OVERTON & CO. BY OVERTON & CO. 201 STATE STREET	PAID
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the second se	Jork

October 12, 1844 Boston to NYC Black Boston oval and black Boston PAID handstamp.

SIX CENT RATE FROM NY UP THE HUDSON RIVER

Via Hudson River after acquiring Damon and Company

Overton & Co. acquired Damon & Co. early in August of 1844, and forwarded mail from New York to northward points via the Hudson River connections that Damon had established. These letters required 6c postage as the 5c rate only applied on letters from Boston to New York.



OVERTON & (4), 3 BEORE PRAILT ARTY YORS aug q H 4 Phele Brown Care of James Brown Peckskill West Chester Co A.U.

August 9, 1844 NYC to Peekskill NY This is the earliest use of Overton & Co. up the Hudson River known to the exhibitor It may be the earliest use of the red NYC forwarding oval

September 18, 1844 NYC to Peekskill NY Via the Hudson River

AT A TORY TERTON & THE a BED. D STREET, / Thele Brown base of James Brown Westchester 60 A.y

CONJUNCTIVE USE WITH THE AMERICAN LETTER MAIL COMPANY

Sometimes Overton & Co. handed over a letter to the American Letter Mail Company for delivery outside of Overton's area, a conjunctive courtesy in the independent mail era.

UOT.L. WOR COLLECT ORWARDED BY tip Emply H.O. Winsor Greenville OVERTON & CO. **3 BROAD STREET** NEW YORK September 6, 1844 NYC to Providence he left at the stre Red NYC oval du f Steere Black ALMCo Collect No St North Man that Six cents due Paid PAID Fletcher, Dy. arthur PAID October 14, 1844 NYC to Concord via Boston **Black Boston oval Red ALMCo Paid** Concord N. H. Six cents paid 6 fi ORWARDED AMERICAN **OCT 17** HILAD! FROM o. 101 Chestnut St PHILADA Nefos Neury C arnun He October 29, 1844 Boston to Philadelphia heladeep Black Boston 6c collect handstamp Over tory Red ALMCo Philadelphia receiving handstamp

INCOMING LETTERS FOR LOCAL DELIVERY

Overton & Co. effectively advertised its intercity and local city delivery services as demonstrated by these letters from Providence and Pine Orchard to New York with the street address included by the sender.

Charles M. Connola 7

September 23, 1844 Providence to NYC Due 6c for intercity carriage and 2c for local delivery = 8c due Red New York oval applied on arrival Received September 24

ORWARDED RY OVERTON & CO. **3 BROAD STREET** NEW YORK

Mar m 211

October 3, 1844 Pine Orchard to NYC Due 6c for intercity carriage and 2c for local delivery = 8c due Red New York oval applied on arrival *Carried down the Hudson River* The red PAID handstamp is likely the same as that used by Pomeroy & Co., which handed over some service to Overton's early October, 1844. The exhibitor has recorded **six** covers with the red PAID handstamp used with Overton's ovals.

October 1, 1844 NYC to Boston Earliest recorded use of the red NYC PAID handstamp Black Boston oval

PAID

No date Upstate New York to NY Red NYC City Mail oval Red NYC PAID "Paid 2 Cts" and "Express" Unknown independent mail company carried to NYC

PAID Alm D. Wild (the at his put that Ma. M. A. Ama paid 20 Mils b. b. Prince Care of R.Le. Franklin Esq 82 Atmity dt. New york Kerpres



February 4, 1845 Chelsea Square (Boston) to NYC Red NYC City Mail oval Red NYC PAID

OVERTON & CO. TO THE US MAILS

The private independent mails competed with the US Post Office for intercity delivery, and conjunctive use with the USPO is unusual because it exposed the private post to legal challenge. This letter from Peekskill, NY was carried down the Hudson River by Overton & Co. which had no means to transmit it to Quaker Town, NJ (officially established as Franklin Township on April 7, 1845, but popularly known to this day as Quaker Town.) Quaker Town was almost due west of New York City. Overton & Co. placed no revealing handstamp on this letter when it was received in NYC, and handed it over to the US Post Office which carried it to Quaker Town. The 6 1/4c rate was prepaid to Overton, but the letter was due 10c to the post office on delivery.

ram s FROM PEERS

October 15, 1844

Peekskill NY to NYC via the Hudson River by Overton and then to Quaker Town, NJ by the USPO ONLY KNOWN USAGE TO THE EXHIBITOR BY OVERTON & CO. "TO THE MAILS" The sender paid Overton & Co. 6 1/4 c to transmit this letter, but when it entered the mails, it was re-rated 10c due in manuscript and the 6 1/4 rate obliterated

OVERTON & CO'S CITY MAIL OFFICE

Incoming intercity mail for NY local address delivery

Overton & Co. introduced a new NYC handstamp at the end of 1844 that gradually replaced the forwarded New York oval used initially. The address was the same at 3 Broad Street, but the company name was changed to Overton & Co.'s City Mail Office.

Ser & P OFFICE PROAD STRE I V. Ronley Esq 49 Nagsau St Ner york

December 6, 1844 Hudson to NYC **EARLIEST KNOWN USE OF THE CITY MAIL HANDSTAMP** Pencil "8" and "Coll" indicating intercity rate of 6c plus 2c for local delivery Via the Hudson River



V MAIL

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HOAD SAS

Iness. Gooduces 2160

December 24, 1844 Boston to NYC **BLACK "5" STRUCK TWICE** FOR DOUBLE RATE Manucscript "P' Overton's Exp"

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A Overtini, Exp.

AREALERN METTER ODNIE AN Martin Fauson Mazy, John St ARPRICAN LETTER ALL Men york

March 7, 1845 Philadelphia to NYC American Letter Mail Co. to Overton's Pencil "8" indicating intercity rate of 6c plus 2c for local delivery

OUNPANY,

N. H. all Fd.

OVERTON & CO'S CITY MAIL OFFICE

The City Mail handstamp was used for local delivery in New York throughout 1845.

January 1, 1845 Concord, NH to NYC Ms. "Paid 6" for incoming mail to NYC Black PAID applied by the Boston office

This 6 2010 STE Row Milton Badgon D.D. 15:0 hassan Street



February 25, 1845 Boston to NYC A late use of the Boston 5c rate

May 21, 1845 Providence to NYC Ms. "2" and "8" Local address added

Mapor Cumming Muin

Aus Mark

43 Fullon

The City Mail handstamp used only for intracity local delivery in New York is uncommon. The exhibitor records **five** examples, these being the two earliest.

Broad 21 NY.C. trev Synch Dec. 24, 1844

December 24 1844 NYC local use Earliest known strictly intra-city local use by Overton & Co. Manuscript "2"

10.18214 Ana M. a. Hallock Fract Society House 150 Nafsan Street New York

January 10, 1845 NYC local use Pencil "2", pencil "2 Paid"

OVERTON & CO.'S ADHESIVE STAMP

City Mail Office handstamp

An adhesive stamp is known used on 21 covers from July 29, 1844 until June 30, 1845, the last day of business for independent mail companies.¹ Covers seems to originate in Boston and advertisements from July 9, 1844 indicate that stamps were for sale at Davenport & Co., Overton's office in Boston. *The exhibitor believes they were sold only in Boston*.

New york -the Louth

Docketed December 20, 1844 Boston to NY Black Boston PAID on stamp Manuscript "2" Local address added in pen



Docketed February 26, 1845 Black Boston PAID on stamp To local address in NY

PAID

LATE USES—BOSTON TO OTHER CITIES

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These are some of Overton & Co.'s final covers before ending his intercity services. The dark red color of the Boston and numeral due handstamps strongly suggest these may be the first covers processed by Davenport & Co.

STAINSTREET / BUSTUN ORWARDE May 30, 1845 BY Boston to Concord, NH OVERTON & CO. Dark red handstamps likely used by Davenport & Co. 291 STATE STREET One of two recorded uses of "6" in red Possibly delivered by Cheney & Co. to Concord BOSTON

x ('0. STATESTREET BUSTUN Schroder & Switzer 31 BOSTON

May 31, 1845 Boston to NY, double rate To local address Dark red handstamps likely used by Davenport & Co. Double the 5c rate from Boston to NYC

DAVENPORT & CO. RESUMES CONTROL OF BOSTON OFFICE

Perhaps seeing the end of the independent mail period drawing close, Davenport & Co. who had been Overton's agent in Boston, took over the Boston office on or around June 1, 1845. They used a distinctively darker red ink than Overton, and the earliest example of their similar oval handstamp is June 2.

Nail 6 low Milton Badger La it to Massau Street 150 Massau Street 150 Massau Street

June 6, 1845 Concord NH to NYC Latest known use of Overton oval handstamp by Davenport, after the Davenport handstamp came into use on June 2 Initially handstamped with "6" for postage due, it was overstruck by the PAID handstamp and "Paid 6" was noted in manuscript for emphasis Manuscript "2" for local delivery amount due





June 16, 1845 Boston to NYC One of five known examples of the Davenport handstamp The ink on the Davenport oval and "5" handstamps is the dark red shade used by him, contrasted with the red shade of Overton Pencil "7" for total due to addressee

CITY MAIL CO. OFFICE 6 WALL STREET

Used after the independent mail period

The US Congress lowered inter-city postage rates and eliminated private competition effective July 1, 1845. Overton and others either went out of business or changed their business operations to alternate venues. It is believed that City Mail Co. was Overton's private local delivery company that operated for a brief period in NYC after the private intercity posts were made illegal by the government. Some private city posts, such as Boyd's and Swart's, continued to operate in opposition to the post office, or perhaps one could say were tolerated by the postmaster in NY.



August 2, (1845) Charleston SC to local address in NYC Charleston large block "10" for rate over 300 miles

6 Wall Street 110 phe Milin

August 25, 1845 Boston to local address in NYC Manuscript "2" due for local delivery Perhaps bootlegged to NYC