Indian Ocean. Mug 94 1848 -This Samuel Mussell -Friend Henry. my way to Canton. China I sailed from it Hosten the plant of June. I little thought the afternoon we sat in the barroom at the Troy House, that Ishould so soon to of to sea. Il concluded to go to Canton, the same after noon I met you 1 de - best that sails 'ome on ner our went ellogg down 1- white leas then have Henry & Borge a lu ohte . detoning catte us. Then and a en the Cate totaceon tuse are necessar hoticles Ho. vou 200. Thus har my time has passe

SAMUEL RUSSEL Letter written on board while the ship is in the Indian Ocean enroute to Canton, China. The following quotes are from this letter which is dated Aug. 9, 1848: "I sailed from N York on the first of June — this ship is one of the best that sails from N York — I have a fine ship good state room, we live first rate, have our wine every day — Our Captain, T.D. Palmer is a fine man — I shall return in this ship — We are now within two days sail of Anger which Island is about eighteen hundred miles from Canton, we hope to make Anger the last of the week — we have not seen land since we lost sight of our native land, I think we will make the passage from N.Y. to Canton in Eighty three days a distance of seventeen thousand miles — if we do it in this time it will be the shortest passage ever made." Signed "Henry Kellogg."

The letter came into Boston on January 8, 1849 almost 5 months to the day since it was written. It was rated as a ship letter "7" - 5 cents postage and 2 cents ship fee.

me ty name, at first I did not negming him



MERMAID British clipper in the Australian - Liverpool trade. Carried from Melbourne, Victoria to Scotland December 15, 1856 to March 10, 1857.



NORNA British clipper in the Australian - Liverpool trade. Carried from Melbourne November 22, 1854 to England February 12, 1855.



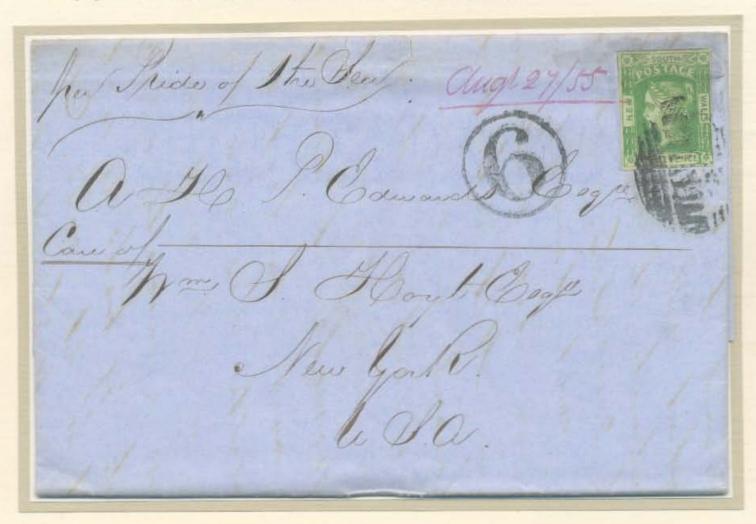


RAVEN American built clipper - 1851-1875. Cover was carried from Canton, China on March 21st to New York where it arrived on July 7, 1852. On the same day it was forwarded to Newport, Rhode Island via EXPRESS MAIL. It was 108 days from Canton to New York.

The three cent adhesive stamp paid the forwarding charge and the handstamped numeral 6 paid the ship rate.



POLYNESIA Medium clipper ship built in 1852 for Pierce & Hunnewell of Boston. During the entire career of this ship it was one continued series of mishaps and accidents and her end conformed with her previous experiences. She caught on fire and burned in San Francisco Bay on March 1, 1862. Cover shown above was carried from Calcutta to Boston in a voyage of 129 days. September 22, 1854 to January 29, 1855.



PRIDE OF THE SEA British built clipper. No record available. The cover shown above was carried from Sydney on Aug. 27, 1855 to New York via London. It was treated as a ship letter — 6¢ due.



BOOMERANG Canadian clipper built at Quebeck in 1853 for James Baines' Black Ball Line of Liverpool/Australian packets. Note that the cover was first routed "pr Blue Jacket" (American clipper), then changed to "pr Boomerang/ Via Melbourne." Carried from Adelaide, South Australia June 1 to Liverpool Sept. 19, 1855 and thence to Glasgow, Scotland.

Cover shown below was carried by the BOOMERANG from Brisbane, Queensland to Sydney, New South Wales where it entered the mails April 9, 1855. The stamps could have been put on by Townsend Co., the sender, or by the ship's Captain when he placed it in the Sydney Post Office. The letter was treated as local mail double weight and rated 2 pence times 2 or 4 pence. If the letter had been placed in the Brisbane Post Office it would have had Queensland stamps.





27NO1855 LIVERPOOL S H I P

PHOENICIAN & WHITE STAR The PHOENICIAN was a clipper-built barque of 478 tons. She operated in the London-Australian trade during 1849 and the 1850's.

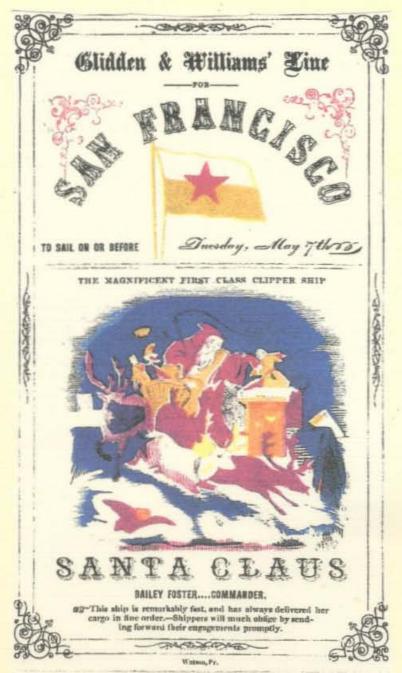
Cover shown above was first routed via the PHOENICIAN and then changed to go via the WHITE STAR which left Sydney, New South Wales on or about August 19th and arrived at Liverpool on November 27, 1855. See WHITE STAR in this exhibit.



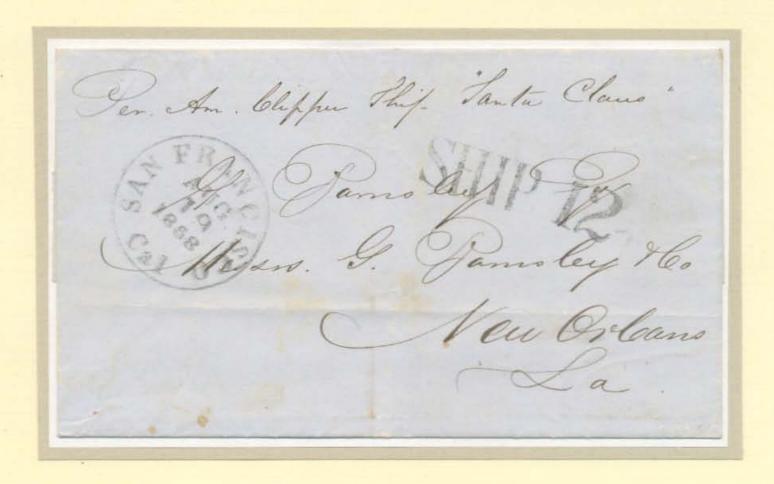
SEA SERPENT Extreme clipper built at Portsmouth, N.H. in 1850. Cover carried from Hong Kong arriving at San Francisco Jan. 16, 1859 in 45 days. Note reference to the clipper ship SANTA CLAUS in the address.

AMERICAN CLIPPER SHIP SANTA CLAUS

A medium clipper built by Donald Mc Kay in 1854. Her figurehead was that of a Santa Claus - no reason given for that or the name. She was built for Joseph Nickerson & Co. of Boston, operating in the California ,Orient and South America trade. The ship was abandoned in a sinking condition at sea, August 9, 1863, trying to make St. Thomas, with a load of guano from Cincha Islands, Peru. No letter, but it must have originated at Hong Kong on June 22,1858, and received at New Orleans October 1, 1858, as per docket note. It was an incoming SHIP letter, the 12 cents being 2¢ captains fee and 10¢ via Panama.



Courtesy of Bostonian Society

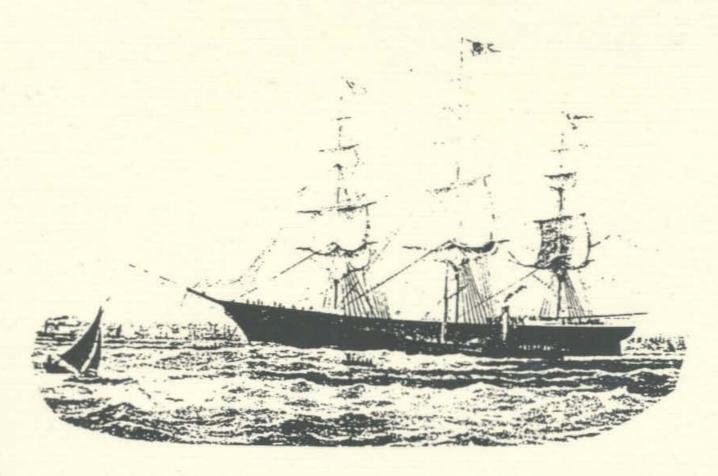




KATE HOOPER medium clipper ship of 1488 tons, built by Hunt& Wagner at Baltimore, for J.J. Hooper in 1852. Captain John J. Jackson was her first commander until about 1862. Cover shown was forwarded by James Stephenson, as per red handstamp, Jas. Stephenson/Commission Merchans/Hong Kong. If the penciled date of 1853 is correct, then this must have been the return from her first voyage to China. The following copy is from AM ERICAN CLIPPER SHIPS, by Howe and Matthesws, 1926, Salem, Massachusetts.

Late in 1857, her freight of 600 coolies, bound from China to Havana, mutinied and several times tried to take possession of the ship before Anjer was reached. After leaving Gaspar Straits they had control of the 'tween decks and had fired the ship in three places. The officers restored order after shooting four and hanging one of the Chinamen. Captain Jackson was sick at the time and on Nov. 23rd asked a Dutch man-of-war to tow his ship into Melbourne. On arriving at Havana, the crew mutinied and the vessel was detained 11 days. The ringleaders were sent to the United States to be tried.

The Hooper, under Captain Johnson, sailed from Hong Kong, Oct. 28, 1862; passed Anjer, Nov. 16th, and arrived at Melbourne, Dec. 15th. On the 29th, while lying in Hobson's Bay, she was discovered to be on fire. About 300 tons of cargo had been discharged into lighters, leaving 1500 tons still aboard. She was scuttled in 18 feet of water and burned to the water's edge. The fire was believed to have been set by a Chinese member of the crew. The vessel and cargo was sold for £2400, sterling, to Bright Bros. of Melbourne. She was raised, repaired and rigged as a bark and under the name Salamander, of 929 tons, as rebuilt, was registered as late as 1871, owned as above, and commanded by Captain Hudson. Her name does not appear in registers of 1874.

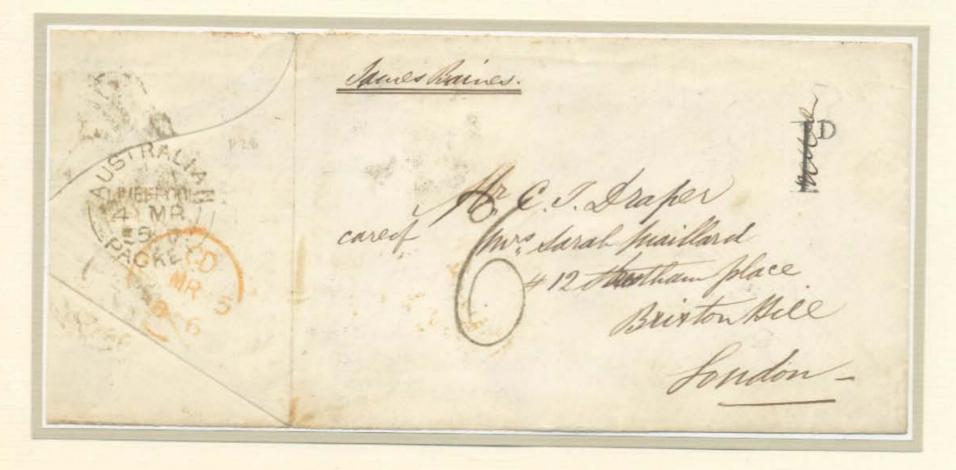


STRAIL PLIVERPOOLZ AMR J

JAMES BAINES Unpaid packet letter rated 6 pence for ½ oz collect. The handstamped 1d is a postage due marking, which apparently is an error, and has been crossed out. The AUSTRALIAN/PACKET marking does not have the word PAID and is always struck in black. This marking, with the word PAID included, comes in both red and green and is applied only to PAID LETTERS.

The letter originated at Sydney, New South Wales, November 19, 1855 and arrived at Liverpool on March 4, 1856. It was 105 days in transit.

I^D





BEEMAH British clipper. Operated in the Australian - Liverpool trade. 1856.



EAGLE British clipper 1851. Operated in the Australian trade for James Baines of London. Cover carried from Melbourne to Liverpool in 1853.



QYMOUNT 1 FE 23 I

MAID OF JUDAH was a small clipper of 756 tons, built in 1853 by Walter Hood, as were all the Aberdeen White Star Clippers in this collection. This ship was sold in 1870 and was condemned and broken up in 1879. Cover shown sailed directly from SYDNEY. N.S.W.NO*20 1856, arriving PLYMOUTH FE 23, 1857 as per backstamp PLYMOUTH SHIP LETTER and finally at BRIGHTON MR 2 1857.95 days Sydney to Plymouth, England.



DAMASCUS was a small clipper of 964 tons, built in 1857 for the Aberdeen White Star Line. Later she was bought by the Norwegeans and renamed MAGNOLIA. On September 1,1893 she was stranded at Bersimis and became a total loss. She sailed direct from Sydney, N.S.W. Sep. 3,1860, arriving at London Dec. 10th.



WOOLLOOMOOLLOO was a small clipper of 627 tons, built in 1852 for the Aberdeen white Star Line. She ended her days under the Spanish flag and was wrecked in 1885. Cover originated at SYDNEY, N.S.W. DEC*16*1856, arriving at HUDDERSFIELD*MR*17* 1857, as per postmarks on back of cover. The 3 stamps pay the 3d intercolonial rate to Melbourne and the 6d rate to England.



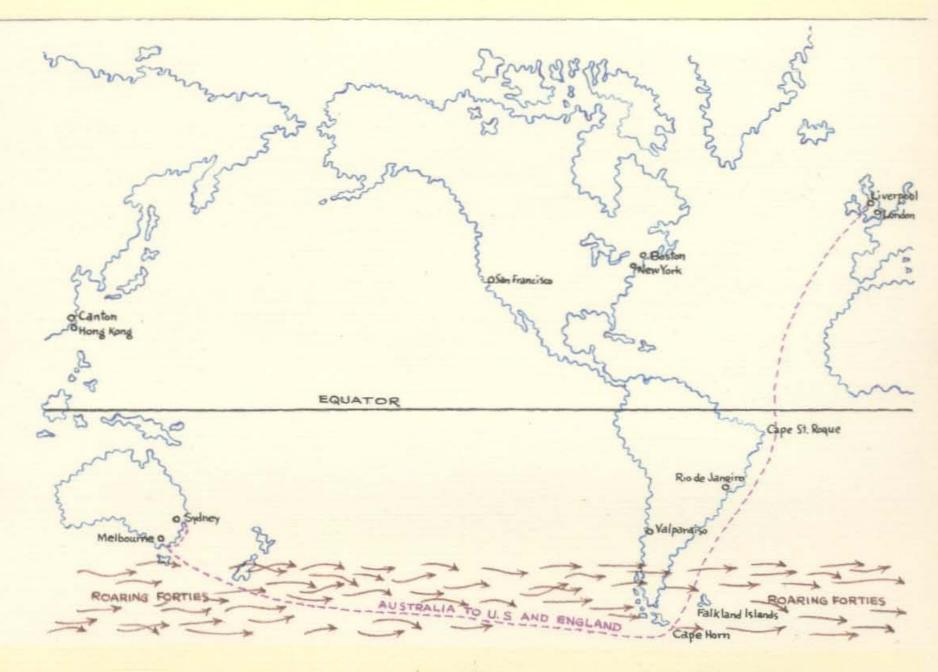
JOHN BUNYAN was a small clipper of 470 tons, built in 1849 for the Aberdeen White Star Line, by Walter Hood of Aberdeen. The cover shown sailed directly from Sydney, N.S.W., September 23 1856, arriving at London December 31st. The red 3 accountancy marking was for credit to the British P.O.



N.B. PALMER American built clipper - 1851/92. Named in honor of a famous clipper ship captain. Cover carried from Canton, China to New York in 1853.



Original Yankee Clipper Card used to advertise the sailing of these popular ships.



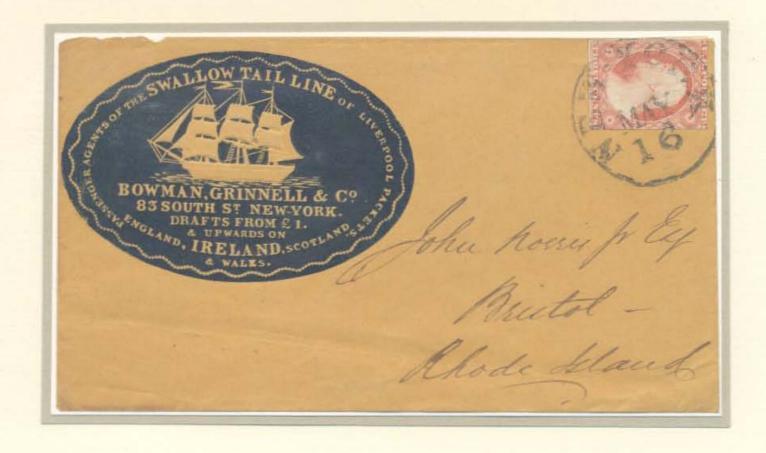


MONTMORENCY a wooden clipper of 751 tons, built by T.C.Lee, Quebec in 1854. Operated in the Australian trade under the Black Ball flag, between Melbourne, Queensland and London. Cover was carried from Melbourne, October 14,1856 and arrived at London January 7,1857. A registered, double rate letter, bearing the 1 shilling stamp and two 6 pence stamps of the colony of Victoria.



OSBORNE HOWES Medium clipper 1854/70. Built at Medford, Mass. for Howes & Crowell and named for the senior member of that firm. She operated in the New York/California/China trade.

Cover was carried from Hong Kong, Dec. 9, 1857, to San Francisco Feb. 21, 1858 - a long slow voyage of 74 days for this run.





AUSTRALIAN GOLD RUSH 1851

ARCHITECT Baltimore Clipper 1847/59. Operated in the California Gold Rush and thence in the Australian and China trade.

Cover shown was carried from Hobart Town, Tasmania to San Francisco in 77 days — Feb. 26 to May 14, 1852. Gold was discovered in Australia in 1851 and the following quotes are from the letter and refer to Australia and California.

"The HENRY HARBEEK is now loading for London with oil — am waiting the arrival of more American Whalers — Ships are being laid up and the crews going to the Victoria diggins — the range of the Gold District extends about 400 miles — Returns from London show the value of Colonial Gold to be worth from 78/ to 80/ (shillings) proz and its quality & value proz considerably exceds that of California Gold — This is really a 2d California — It is with great difficulty that good order can be maintained at the mines. All kinds depredations are being committed, as bad if not worse than California ever was — I believe every man engaged in California trade from this port are in the result, loosers — this goes by the ARCHITECT Capt Casper."



VIA CLIPPER SHIP CHAMPION OF THE SEAS

Letter number III from Fryers Creek October 14,1855. Robert reports that he will not return in the JAMES BAINES because the ship has been sent out with the August mails to Australia two months than earlier reported. "I see the (Clipper) Ship LIGHTNING is advertized to sail from Liverpool on the 5th of this month. So she will arrive in Melbourne in December and she will be sailing from this country to England the latter part of January. So if all be well I shall return in her. She is a fine ship as ever floated on the Sea . She as made some of the quickest passiages to and from this of aney ship affloate. He remarks on the difficulty to make money and that competition has forced him to reduce the price of milk. "When the weather is faverable I digg a little. I hope to bring a few nuggets of pure Gold home with me. I sent you a few very nice specks in your last letter.... I posted a news paper yesterday for you. I ordered it to go by the ship BEN NEVIS. She sails on the 17th of this month and this letter as come by the (clipper) Ship CHAMPION OF THE SEAS." The most interesting illustration shows the "Water Seeker" who prospers and the "Gold Seeker" who perishes.

Some of the quickest passingle to ance from this country of aney ship afflicate. I begin to feel the time has a way and it am sul sorner for I am timed of this Country although may morn who his willing to work for a living can make one, but a greate many people who come to this country think of geting



WRECK OF THE CLIPPER SHIP SCHOMBERG

Letter number V January 2,1856. Robert reports that he will leave for home on the 25th of January in the Royal Mail Ship SCOMBURGE (British Clipper Ship SCHOMBERG), "but I am sorry to informe you that she was wrecked 35 miles west of Cape Otway. I now the place well - she would be 200 miles from Melbourn - all passingers and the mails was saved but the cargo and ship have sunk...they was coming in from England (16,000 miles) with 435 passangers....they was hugging the land to close...the tide was drifting to the shore the consequence was she was dasshed upon a rock." Thus his return will be delayed a month. The illustration is of a "Stockmans hut". The SCHOMBERG was British built of 2,600 tons. She was on her maiden voyage when she was lost as described above.

this bounding on the 25 h this month in Royal Inail Ship balled the Soom burge but I am some to informe you that slave was thecked 35 miles west of cape other I now the place well she would be 200 hiles from methorism are placed by passingers and the mails was samed but the cargs



This illustrated letter was written on September 2,1855 by Robert Diner to his wife and children back home in England. It is number I of five letters all written from Fryers Creek in the gold fields of Australia in Victoria. He is disappointed and ready to come home. In order to make a little money he is milking two cows and sells the milk at 2 shilling per quart. On the side he is "digging a little gold"and has a 2 ounce nugget that he will bring home. He notes that "The picture that is at the begining of this letter is a representation of what the Navite Blacks call a Corrobbarry that is a kind of a rejoicing among themselves. I have seen them holding their Corrobbarrys." In letter number II he states that he sent number I by the clipper ship KENT.

shall be and it with pleasure for I can assure you that people are working for as little in this hoste of folden bands as they are at home, but for ale; I do not say but this

1855 September 33 7 Figure Treell Native Jacob to Emile J.J BEUNUELL ... My Dearest Beloved Hife thildren. I All Metation I take up my ben with the greatest of bleasure, to we a few words of consolation to you and any Dear blildrein. I wrote you a letter, on the five of left and sent it to the the Rent to London you will have received it before this, about the to you receive this letter it will be Christman and you will be thinking of two or three things one will be the rent Day the with Letter number II from Fryers Creek September 23,1855. Robert states that he has sent number I via the ship KENT. He expects to come home in the clipper h ship JAMES BAINES "which is to leave England on October 5th and will return the to England in January of 1856". They have had three weeks of heavy rains with a great many people drowned. He concludes "I send you a few specks of my Gold but I cant send much in a letter". There is no indication as to how 1 this letter was carried. The illustration is of a native aborigine huntand the way october and the in the se advertised when the latter and of Samuar went when it face spares me it shall retain in het. I shall not be able to clear as much spares me it shall not be able to clear as much money home as I thought of at the first, for things are be coming works every week a laborating man is in a times possesses, and then he was when

I came to this county, the wages of a labouring man is from 1st Millings to on

found by week. and he as elothe shoes and other trifling things with are we

clear, and the word of it is clothe & Show last no time in this coming.

en It pe a that god spaces me and gives a

1855 et oventet 124 Fryers breell The Bearest Beloved I ife and Itilation the ther and all of you It- is with perlings of thankfullness that I take who my ben to sheaks to good and I further am thank full that I have you to speak to I cannot say litt a greate maney people whom I must with in the country. They have come outer and left their Tife and Family to starve at home; and they make their houst heare of not intending to go or send for them and that they have never sent Them a shilling; and I am sorrey to say how ever smed enoney the was to make Their throated are videnough to swallow it als and mor if they could get gon will hementer that I included in my first letter, a letter for a woman near tallfield her hashand and I was Letter number IV November 12,1855. This letter is mostly about a pair of earrings and a ring made out of pure gold by what Robert calls "the best Gold Smith in the Colony". The earrings weigh six penny weights and the ring four or in all one half ounce of gold. The illustrated letter-head is a double page view of the "CITY OF MELBOURNE, 1854". converse about our Wifes & Jamily and he could not write and that was the reason I inclosed his letter

as we came out he oftend used to converse about our Wife & Jamily and he could not write and that was the reason I included his letter his mine to cut the matter short I fear he as forget his wife tamp and his Drintling all his money. But you need not fear no Brailing in this country I am by the smooth together and never tasted my Rhid of interescating this liero and I mean to leave this country withought Drintling I have not averiaged one flass her built since I withought Drintling I have not averiaged one flass her built since I came. But by the time you receive this letter

Supreme Court Townhall. Rouling Sta * 5* Ruils St Peters Princes Bridge BOURNE 1854.

y shall sitter have left or be werey one ar leaving I am not sertain to a month as to when I shall leave here but your ena depend whom one hear at home by to telement ite holidays and I hope you will have a drot of home Brued Beat some of your own three rigg, since I test any place and came here and begun our culting I have done letter when the whole than I should have done had I remained on wheare I was. I am now going ho tete your a but of Good news, about a fortingthe since I took any him Diet, piets & showel and after we had done with our court tould my mater whe are I was going to to fold, they laughed at- me and said I migh as well eit-down as go there hut- I said I would go and see if I could get as smuch as would enable in wife a Gold Ring and I was not ahour half an house away before I got a little over half an owner I at once tooks the horse and whent to Castleman and took the Gold to the Best Gold smith in the Colamny and ordered a king to be enad the patterin the Thomsed one and a pair of Eare Rings they are made with large drops and they are the same patteron as the head Commissioner Wifes are and if you consider my taste whey thing to go by I think them the most splended Ear Rings I ever same in fact I may say there never was such a hair in Brackong and what with them heen made of Gold that dug with my own hands and the splended make of them I feel almost

Per blipper Ship Schomberg from Liverpool, Oct, 5.1855.

Per blippen Ship Schomberg trong Liverpool, out 5.1855. S Shomas M Sloman Esgr Merchant, Mathewst, New South Wales Via Lydney Australia Mr. S. Wales

WRECK OF THE SCHOMBERG

The Clipper Ship Schomberg was built by A.Hall at Aberdeen, Scotland in 1854-55 for the Black Ball Line. She measured 262.5 feet in length, 45.5 feet in width, 29 feet in depth of the hold and was registered at 2400 tons with a spread of 16,000 square yards of canvas sail. The largest and finest British built clipper of her day. The Schomberg left Liverpool, on her maiden voyage, on October 6,1855, with 430 passengers, 3000 tons of cargo and the Royal Mails, for Australia. On the night of December 27,1855 she ran aground, in bad weather on Cape Otway about 100 miles S.W. of Melbourne. Although a complete wreck, there was no loss of life and eventualy all the mails were recovered.

The cover shown above was carried on this historic and tragic voyage. It was postmarked at "Exeter Oc 2 1855" (Scotland) and on reverse in red "N B 3 Oc 3 1855" (North Britain). Also on reverse it is date-stamped "SYDNEY N.S.W. DE 31 1855" and "BATHURST N.S.W.JA 2 1857". The British stamp is missing due to dampness and/or immersian in water. Only 2 or 3 covers are known to exist from this ship wreck.

In the letter the writer mentions receiving letters from the BOOMERANG and the OCEAN CHIEF and that "I send you another Exeter paper by the SCHOMBERG CLIPPER ship which takes this mail." Only 2 or three covers are known to exist from this ship wreck.



NOTHING BUT THE ADDRESS CAN BE PLACED ON THIS SIDE.



For Cape Town, C.G. H., Direct.

THENCE TO

PORT ELIZABETH.



The A 1 Clipper Barkenine

Aureola

TURNER, Master, WILL LOAD AT

Pier 14, East River,

And receive prompt dispatch for the above ports. For freight room and particulars, apply to

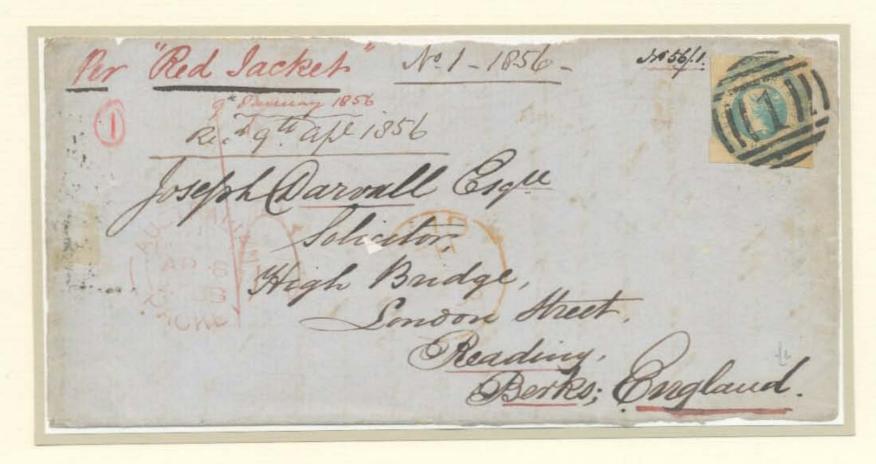
Sinclair, Reynolds & Sutton. 45 SOUTH STREET.

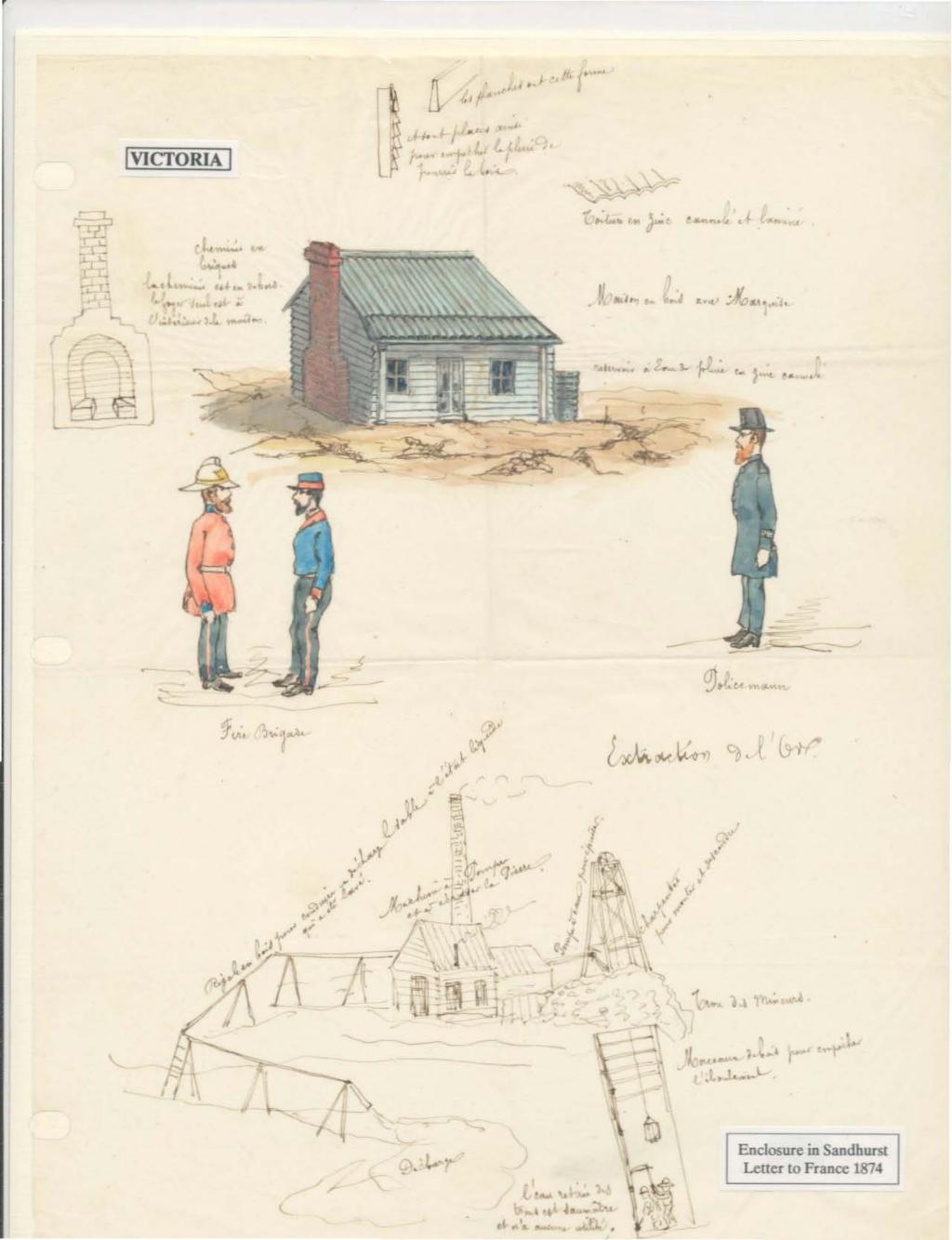
N. B. We attend personally to the loading of this vessel, thereby ensuring careful handling and safe stowage of cargo.



RED JACKET Melbourne, Victoria Sept. 27, 1856 to Liverpool Dec. 29 and thence to Giigo, Ireland Dec. 31, 1856. The pair of 3 pence stamps pays the 1 shifling rate.

Cover shown below was carried from Melbourne Jan. 9 to England Apr. 8, 1856.





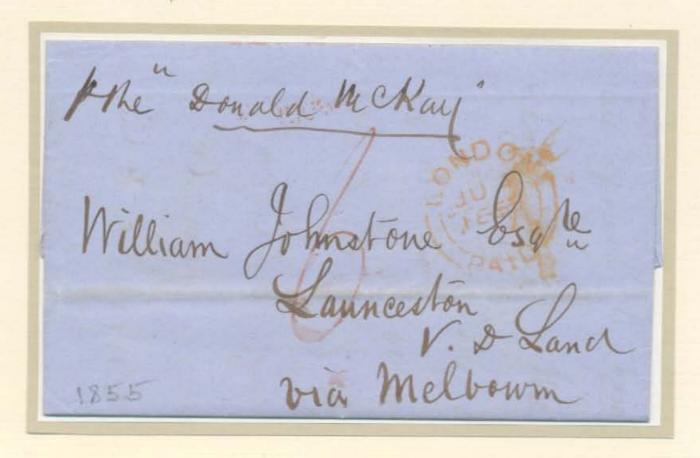
Soundhurts, in a School Below on the fit Edwide The will the will the plant of front function for the last during on the hours have a state of the same was wary to get an over une letter Detec has the Estable que to a his receiver The work of the found from the celleren for and in the Caste on descendant and their forty of soint. Tette will west quine tres putete courgade qui n'a Alex timportante in que comment sotation pour face la firomain de charles des Alament . . Clution the will must arrive one quelquet dailinger entremement Said of the simplement will be prairie to transport of the tommed reports - De Sentemais maters of from hint forces do transcrie constant of substant de vand. Die que sond accord a said a une office and constant and bearing so the un esque and constant and bearing so the un esque and constant and bearing so the said ages lancent her lais me transcribed une bande d'acteures cet instrument tourne the maine et secret en grant cerele tout en and the said of the said of the said of the said of a Saurage De King George & Frank a Melbaurne Board arons on Some sur son fourt destroppete, was no pour out fort alle sur contenuit 9.1. trois fours En granded u mague month on outille, Frances A adam Curredu la Chapelle attaches the said i cela processed of it et ina. h France Varis martin de ne gui Cont per - voir June X te my in the service and the farages from an hour de tempolone harte bien Lureun de me indicated to town of from the apporter dan the Paret too like caryin in from the ind spen in fermant certon's faired. ... Cafe mont forminet derive a Malbourne



NEUSTAD WR 24 OCT.

C.S.MARCO POLO. Cover above originated at ADELAIDE, S.A. on July 13,1855.It was forwarded to MELBOURNE where it made connection with the MARCO POLO.On arrival in England - LIVER-POOL on OCT 20th and LONDON on the 22nd - it was forwarded to GERMANY, where it arrived at NEUSTAD ON THE 24th, as illustrated above. Also on reverse is the transite mark in red "ENGLAND PER AACHEN?23/10 B".

C.S.DONALD McKAY. Cover below originated in London on July 4,1855 as per red postmark. Backstamped "SHIP LETTER/MELBOU RNE", as illustrated and "SHIP LETTER INWARDS FREE/30 AU/ 1855". It was 88 days in transite to VAN DIEMENS LAND - now TASMANIA.









C.S.MARCO POLO. Cover originated at LONDON on April 4,1855, with arrival date of June 30th.Rated 6d for a single rate ship letter.It was 88 days in transite.

C.S.RED JACKET. Cover originated at LAUNCETON, VAN DIEMANS LAND on January 7,1856, with arrival at LIVER-POOL on April 28th and GLASGOW, SCOTLAND on the 29th. SEE illustrations of the markings mentioned.







RED JACKET, Extreme clipper. Cover originated at Sydney Australia April 5,1855. It is prepaid with the stamps of NEW SOUTH WALES - 3 pence to Melbourne, where it made the connection with RED JACKET and 6 pence to Scotland. This was the so called "9d" rate.



DONALD MACKAY. Melbourne, Victoria September 29,1855 to London via Liverpool - AUSTRALIAN LIVERPOOL PACKET DEC 28 1855 - about 90 days in transite. Arrived London on the 29th.



CYCLONE Medium clipper of 840 tons, built by E.& O. Briggs at Boston. Launched August 18,1853 and operated in the China and California trade. Sold to the British in 1863 and was renamed AVON. The cover above probably sailed from Hong Kong and arrived at San Francisco December 23,1858. See cover below.

SEA SERPENT Extreme clipper of 1337 tons built, by George Raynes, at Portsmouth, N.H. in 1850. The cover below was carried from Hong Kong to San Francisco where it arrived on January 16,1859 - 45 days in transite, having sailed December 2,1858. See other cover in this collection carried on this very same voyage.

